FURS

BEAUTIFULLY CLEANED
BY OUR NEW PROCESS
IN A FEW DAYS.
BY THIS TREATMENT
THE FUR IS PRESERVED,
AND LOOKS LIKE NEW.

PRESCOTT'S DYEWORKS

DUBLIN, BELFAST,
CORK, LIMERICK.

(1)

Births, Marriages, and Deaths (which in all cases must be authenticated) not exceeding 3 lines, 2/6 each insertion; 4 or more lines, 8d. per line. Notices that have appeared in this paper will be repeated in the Weekly Irish Times at half the foregoing rates. Post Office Orders payable to Irish Times, Limited.

BIRTHS.

HARRY—February 25, 1916, at 51 Lower Baggot street, the wife of Dr. Arthur Barry, of a son.

HERRIOTT—February 23, 1916, at Aghade House, Carlow, the wife of M. J. Herriott, M.R.C.V.S., of a son.

HOEY—February 22, 1916, at Maxwell's Walls, Celbridge, Kells, Ballymena, the wife of James Hoey, of a daughter.

HOWARD—February 27, 1916, at Cleveland, Shuttleworth, Worcestershire, the wife of Lt.-Col. Howard, of a daughter.

MCCANN-O'KEEFFE—February 25, 1916, at Templeanna, to Dr. and Mrs. Lawlor-O'Keeffe, a son, who only survived his birth a few hours.

MARRIAGES.

CLEMAN AND MAY—February 23, 1916, at St. Michael's Church, Kingstown, by the Rev. Canon Healy, P.P., Saggart (cousin of the bride), assisted by the Very Rev. Canon Murphy, P.P. Kingstown, and the Rev. J. L. Lynch, O.S.F., Merchant's quay, Albert J. Cleman, eldest son of the late Mr. Meadal Cleman, T.C., Merchant, Dublin, to Maude Winnifred, fourth daughter of the late Mr. P. May, and of Mrs. May, Northumberland avenue, Kingstown, and niece of Mr. Thomas Rooney, M.P., T.C., Park House, North Circular road, Dublin.

FISHER AND SMYTH—February 3, 1916, at Newcastle Church, by the Rev. David Macky, Isaac, only son of Mr. and Mrs. Carter, Gortin, Co. Tyrone, to Isabella, eldest surviving daughter of the late John Smyth, Shaneglish, Co. Armagh.

FOX—JOYCE—February 23, 1916, by special license, at St. Paul's Church, North King street, Dublin, by the Rev. E. J. Young, Ernest Fox, Company Quartermaster-Sergeant A.S.C., second widest son of John Paul and Mrs. James, of Cheshire, to Ellen (Nellie), only daughter of the late Thomas and Mrs. Fox, 6 Exmouth street, and late Chief Secretary's Office, Phœnix Park.

MILLER—February 23, 1916, at St. Anthony Parish Church, by Rev. F. S. Stoney, brother-in-law of Mr. and Mrs. Joyce, of Glantymullin, Co. Longford, to Evrie, daughter of the late Mr. Robert Miller, and Mrs. Miller, of Ballinalee, Co. Longford.

MOORE AND BRABAZON—February 23, 1916, at Ballycastle Church, by the Rev. Wm. M. O'Connell, P.P., Wm. H. Pakenham Moore, son of John Palmer Westport, to Annie Caldwell, only daughter of the late Rev. Lennon Caldwell, M.D., Castlebar, and Mrs. Brabazon, Aughelor.

NOLAN-HOLMES—February 28, 1916, at Rathmines, by Rev. Father Connellan, assisted by Father M'Partland and Rev. Father Dempsey, Joseph, youngest son of the late Patrick Nolan, Tubbermurry, Elphin, to Eileen Josephine (Baby), second daughter of Edward Mc. Holmes, Ballycroddy, N. Schools, Ballina.

DEATHS

BARRY—February 26, 1916, at his residence, Kilbride, Lusk, Dublin, J.P., Co.C. Funeral from above on to-morrow (Thursday), at 2 o'clock, family burial ground, Lady's Island.

BURKE—February 27, 1916, at White Park, Coolock, Jemmy Grace, for 49 years the friend and faithful servant of the Scully family, of Derrylough. R.I.P.

CLARKSON—February 23, 1916, at his residence, Glenmills, Camlin, Sarah Hutton, youngest child of the late Samuel Hutton, 23 Richmond Parade. Deeply regretted by his sorrowing brother, and sisters. Funeral this day at 3 o'clock for Castleknock.

COLLISON—February 26, 1916, Private Nursing Home, Dublin, after operation, Margaret Collison, Rathgonan House, Ardagh, Co. Limerick, wife of the late William Johnson, Belfast, and late of 95 Marlborough road, Donnybrook. Funeral leaves Kingsbridge (by road) Saturday, 11 o'clock, arrive Kilnahue 2.30. "For ever with the Lord."

DUFF—February 23, 1916, at her residence, Grange Gorman Lunatic Asylum, Mary Jane Knott, only child of the late Arthur Knott. Funeral this day (Wednesday) for Fenagh 5 o'clock. American papers please copy.

FOX—February 26, 1916, 56 43 Wellington place, Belfast, James Dickson, J.P., eldest son of the late Dickson Lobo Lobo, aged 75.

FOX—February 26, 1916, at his residence, Annacarr, Athlone, Gerald Lewis, aged 8 years, eldest son of the late Colonel Evelyn Fox, C.B. Funeral to-day (Wednesday), at 2.30.

GIBSON—February 27, 1916, at 76 John street, Mary, widow of the late William Gibson, and daughter of the late Patrick Catherine O'Neill Swiffe, of Dublin. Full burial private.

GUINDI—February 29, 1916, at Melford, Malahide road, Dublin, Maria, widow of late J. V. Ruttledge, ex-P.T.C.D. Funeral leaves at 9 a.m., for Glasnevin (Thursday), March, to Mount Jerome.

HAIR—February 26, 1916, at 6 Glendower road, Kingstown, Mary Isabel Hughes, widow of the late Colonel George Hair, C.B. Funeral to-day (Wednesday), at 3.30.

HOLMES—February 27, 1916, at her residence, Hill-Hall, Ballybrittasbridge, Elizabeth, widow of the late William A. Holmes, sculptor, Dublin.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT.

CANN, Ballinacraf, Dunlavin, Co. Meath, begs to thank the many kind friends for letters, and telegrams of sympathy in her recent bereavement, and hopes they will accept this as an acknowledgment.

IN MEMORIAM.

In loving memory of Charlotte Cox, who died March 1st, 1915, at 32 Belvidere, Dublin.

Sergeant-major of Captain C. V. L. Poe, King's Royal Rifle Corps, who fell while leading a night attack on the German lines at St. Eloi on March 1st, 1915. Never forgotten.

Interments received late for insertion in Column will be found on Page 4.

NICHOLS'

FUNERAL AND CARRIAGE ESTABLISHMENT, 40 Westland row, late of Lincoln place. Hearses, and Every Requisite. Economy and Punctuality.

ALL REQUISITES OF EVERY DESCRIPTION
WALLER,
49 and 50 DENZILLE STREET (Portobello), Dublin.

FARRELL'S
FUNERAL AND CARRIAGE ESTABLISHMENT,
66 MARLBOROUGH STREET.
Telephone—711.

MONUMENTS AND CELTIC CROSSES,
Specially Designed for
MESSRS. BEANS, GRANGE, MOUNT JEROME,
County Cemeteries, Estimates Free.
J. HARRISON & SONS,
DREAM BRUNSWICK STREET, 178
DUBLIN.

MURRAY,
Florist to the King,
GRAFTON ST.
Choicest Flowers. Exquisitely arranged. Lowest Prices. Prompt despatch.
Telephone, Dublin, 1159, 1806.

DECORATORS.
JAMES GIBSON & SON,
50 and 50 MARY STREET,
DUBLIN.

PATRICK'S HOSPITAL,
DUBLIN.
Open to the Main Hospital in James's Street, and Branch Establishments in Heytesbury, Lucan, standing in a Demesne of 100 acres, and provided with every facility for the Treatment of Mental Disorders.
Session of St. Edmundsbury has been opened for the Treatment of Ladies, and a Villa is now ready to accommodate a limited number of Patients.
Patients can be admitted to the Hospital on the certificate of the Medical Superintendent.
Apply to the Registrar, St. Patrick's Hospital, James's street, Dublin.

MONEY LENT
WITHOUT SECURITY.
Ladies or Gentlemen can have their own acceptances discounted or post-dated cheques cashed without any securities, sureties, or interview.
Clergymen, Merchants, Medical Practitioners, Farmers, Shopkeepers, and all Responsible Persons.
No Fees or Beforehand Charges are made, and no Railway Fares.
Borrowers dealing with other Firms can have their name paid only, or increased, and those who are about to borrow should write for full information, papers, and all
THE IRELAND PRIVATE FINANCE CO. OF DUBLIN (LIMITED),
41 DAME STREET, DUBLIN.
Secs., 41 DAME STREET, DUBLIN.

THE FIELD" will be sent to any address in the United Kingdom for three months for 4s. Office—11 D'Olier street, Dublin.

MISCELLANEOUS.

IMPORTANT.
NOTICE TO READERS.

SUPPLIES of "Irish Times" to Newsagents are being issued with careful regard for economy in the use of paper. To avoid disappointment, therefore, readers are urgently requested to make arrangements with their Newsagent for daily supply of this paper. By so doing they will greatly assist in securing the economy for which the Board of Trade has instituted the restriction upon supplies. THE MANAGER.

CONSCIENCE MONEY—Miss K. H., Beachville, received safely £8 from M. Za M., Torquay.

LOANS Granted at moderate interest in connection with Life Assurance by the ENGLISH and SCOTTISH LAW LIFE OFFICE, 41 Lr. Sackville street, Dublin, and 5 Lombard street, Belfast. Apply for Loan Prospectus, showing terms of repayment, to DAVID DRIMMIE and Sons, Secs. 'Phones—Dublin, 461; Belfast, 4257.

BUSINESS AS USUAL.
Day and Night.
A. AND B. TAXIS, LTD., PORTOBELLO.
PIONEERS of the POPULAR 1/- FARES.
'Phones—Rathmines, 466. Dublin, 1597a.
Gt. N. Ry., Dublin, 3042. Telegrams—"Wayte," Dublin.

FURNITURE AUCTIONS CONDUCTED—James H. North and Co., Auctioneers, Grafton street. Established 1829.

BEST BECAUSE PUREST.—When you want PURE Cocoa Shells demand "KOKOTEE."

HIGH-CLASS Emproidered Novelties and Fancy Linens.—Monypeny's, 39 Grafton street.

VALUATIONS OF FURNITURE, HOUSE Property, etc., made for Probate and all purposes. James H. North and Co., Valuers, Grafton street.

SPECIAL NOTICE.—Red Bank Restaurant, D'Olier Street—Oysters in Splendid condition, and other Choice Viands at moderate charges.

SPECIAL SERVICE WATCH. Luminous Dial and Hands. Moderate Price. CHANCELLOR and SON, 27 Grafton street, Dublin.

BRIDGWATER BRICKS AND TILES. Cargo daily Expected. Special Prices during Discharge. BROOKS, Thomas, and Co., Ltd., 4 Sackville place. Telephone 3351.

DAY BY DAY we enjoy our Lunch at the Café Cairo. It satisfies us completely.

JOHN C. COLLINS' AXES. C. PARKES & SONS, LTD., COOMBE, DUBLIN.

5001 DUBLIN for Thompson's Taxi-Cabs. Telegrams—"Traction, Dublin."

THE MIRROR LAUNDRY (DUBLIN), LTD.

BEG to notify the Public that the Mirror Laundry, Dolphin's Barn, has been purchased by them as a going concern, and is under the control of Mr. H. C. Watson, who has had many years' experience of the Laundry Business in Dublin.

RENT COLLECTIONS and Management of Property undertaken.—James H. North and Co., 110 Grafton street. Established 1829.

FOR THE MAN AT THE FRONT.—The best gift you can send is a copy of To-day's WEEKLY IRISH TIMES, with all the news of the Homeland.

HINT FOR 1916. When buying FURNITURE, buy it from a firm with a reputation for fair dealing in genuine goods.—CAREY and ASHENHURST, "Chesterfield Experts," Lower Baggot street.

MONEY.—The Highest Advances to be obtained in Dublin on Diamonds, Silver Plate, Jewellery, Pianos, Bicycles, Furniture, and Valuable Chattel Property of every description at the First Class Money Office, 83 MARLBOROUGH ST. 35.

A LARGE GALLERY of Photographs of Irish Officers and Men in the Roll of Honour appears in the WEEKLY IRISH TIMES To-day.

PRETTY WALL PAPERS And ART SHADES OF PAINT Cost little but mean much in brightening and making healthy rooms that have become dull and gloomy. Samples Free.
DOCKRELL LIMITED, South Great George's street, DUBLIN.

GOAT BREEDING IN IRELAND.—A strong case for the establishment of County Goat Stations is made in the WEEKLY IRISH TIMES To-day.

BOLTS and NUTS. HENSHAW & CO., LTD., CHRISTCHURCH PLACE, DUBLIN.

INCOME TAX recovered; no failures; returns filed. J. T. Wallace, Expert, 74 Dame street, Dublin.

CARSON'S PAINTS for Outside Work. Stand Sea Air and Changeable Climate.

MOIRA HOTEL AND RESTAURANT, TRINITY COLLEGE GREEN. Most Central Position in the City. CHARCOAL GRILL. P. NUGENT, Proprietor.

Wedding Rings, Jewellery, Presents—Redmond & Co., Pawnbrokers Jewellers, 66 S. George's st.

WAR ON GERMAN TRADE—There are remarkable profits to be made on of Cocoanuts and Copra. Investors should get an interest in established company, fully equipped for work, and whose figures show that 30 per cent. dividends are payable first year.—Write Merchant, 2489, Sells' Advertising Offices, Fleet street, London.

FIRST AID AND HOME NURSING CLASSES. Particulars from Miss J. E. HUGHES, 23 Charleston avenue.

CARSON'S PAINTS. Special Paints for all Special Purposes.—22 Bachelor's Walk.

MAY I COMPOUND YOUR PRESCRIPTIONS? It's my Profession.
And the Work I like best of all to do.
VICTOR E. HANNA, M.P.S.I., Prescription Pharmacy,
70 LOWER MOUNT STREET, DUBLIN.

TRAVELLING? Want a Bag or Trunk? See the Value we offer in High-Class Goods. Largest Stock. Lowest Prices. Hand Repairs.—Fred. Moore, 2 Crampton quay, Dublin. Note.—Beside Metal Bridge.

CARSON'S PAINTS for Interior Decoration.—22 Bachelor's Walk, Dublin.

WHAT IT MEANS.

IT MEANS
COMFORT, CLEANLINESS,
AND
ECONOMY
TO HAVE YOUR LINEN
WASHED AT
DUNLOP'S LAUNDRY,
MOUNT BROWN.
Telephones—4334 and 4335.

£5 TO **£500** ADVANCED to FARMERS, TRADERS, PROFESSIONAL GENTLEMEN, in any part of Great Britain and Ireland, on Note of Hand. Privacy guaranteed. Apply, personally or by letter, to THE MANAGER, THE COMMERCIAL UNION LOAN AND DISCOUNT CO., LTD., 57 MIDDLE ABBEY STREET, DUBLIN.

£10 TO £5,000 ADVANCED BY PRIVATE LENDER ON SIMPLE PROMISSORY NOTE.
No Bills of Sale taken, and absolute privacy guaranteed. First letter of application receives prompt attention, and intending borrowers are waited upon by a Representative, who is empowered to complete transactions on terms mutually arranged.
NO CHARGE
being made unless business actually completed. Special quotations for Short Loans. Write (in confidence) to C. WELLS, 31 Exchequer street, Dublin.

LOANS £10 TO £500 PROMPTLY, AND STRICTEST PRIVACY GUARANTEED. To Farmers, Shopkeepers, Doctors, Ladies, Gentlemen, and all Respectable Applicants on Simple Promissory Note. Distance no objection. Repayments arranged to suit borrowers. Reasonable interest Special Quotations for Short Loans. No Fees or preliminary expenses, unless business actually completed. Apply, personally, or by letter, to D. COWAN, 25 DRURY ST., DUBLIN.

£5 TO £5,000.
MONEY Advanced Daily without publicity, on Note of Hand, to Gentlemen of Position, also Government Officials, Clergymen, Farmers, Clerks, and all Respectable Persons, Male and Female, without delay. Loans granted to pay rents, debts, and to enable persons to enter into business. Special easy repayments. Call or write for Prospectus, free of charge, with full information,
J. GOODMAN, THE BRUNSWICK LOAN COMPANY, 51 GT. BRUNSWICK ST., DUBLIN.

CASH ACCOMMODATION BY POST.
£25 to £5,000 LENT, ON NOTE OF HAND alone, to Ladies or Gentlemen, without any security or interview, in any part of Ireland. STRICTLY PRIVATE. Customers dealing with other Lenders can have their LOANS PAID OFF and INCREASED at LOWER INTEREST.
Intending Borrowers are cautioned not to pay any preliminary expenses whatever, as respectable Lenders do not ask for such.
Full information will be supplied GRATIS AND POST FREE. Call or write to
CITY AND COUNTY PRIVATE FINANCE Co, LTD., 12 LEINSTER ST. (Sth), DUBLIN.

LOANS on OWN SECURITY. STRICTLY PRIVATE FROM To Farmers, Shopkeepers, and others, from **£15** UPWARDS £15 upwards granted at shortest notice, and strictly private. For terms apply to CARTON, 18 DAME STREET, DUBLIN.

£10 TO £1,000.
MONEY TO LEND,
Without Security, Bail, or Bond, to all Classes —Professional Gentlemen, Farmers, Government Officials, etc., etc.—approved at an extreme low rate of interest. Loans to be repaid by small instalments to suit. All applications are treated strictly confidential, and completed without any delay. Apply, personally, or by letter, to S. FREEMAN and CO., 1 GARDINER STREET, BELFAST.

The Irish Times.

VOL. LVIII. NO.—18,388. DUBLIN, WEDNESDAY, MARCH 1, 1916. PRICE ONE PENNY.

MOTOR and Carriage Repairs and Sundries.—HUTTON, Summerhill, and 2 Dawson street.

REPAIRS, Painting, Upholstering, Recovering Hoods a Specialty.—McTaggart, S. King st.

QUICK ACCELERATION makes the "SCRIPPOOTH" Car delightful to drive. BOOTH BROS., DUBLIN.

17/24 H.P. DODGE BROTHERS CAR for immediate delivery. Dublin Motor Company, Stephen's Green, Dublin.

THE FORD Car meets the demands in every line of human activity. It is equally valuable on the busy streets of the city, and the wide demands of the farm and country.—AUTOCARS IRELAND, LTD., Chatham St. Garage, DUBLIN.

THE New 12 h.p. 1916 Model 75 OVERLAND, electric lights and self-starter, for £225 Os. Od. Demonstration car has now arrived. Arrange for trial run.
CRAWFORD, Dawson street, Dublin.

FORD CARS TOURING RUNABOUT, TOWN, VAN, IN STOCK.
R. W. ARCHER and CO., 65 Lr. Mount st., Dublin.

11.9 MORRIS-COWLEY Demonstration Car has now arrived. Arrange for trial run. Sole Agent—BRITTAIN, Hatch street.

LANDAULETTE—French Chassis, 15-20 h.p., £500.—Callow and Sons, Westland row.

£250 BUYS a Briscoe Car with either 5-seater or 5-seater body; completely equipped with brown hood, side curtains, wind screen, electric light and self-starter; long stroke engine; 4 guinea tax, the only extras being the tyre for the spare rim and the carriage. Immediate delivery from THOMPSON'S MOTOR CAR CO., LTD., Dublin and Belfast.

1916 MAXWELLS, in special colours and at special prices.—Harry Ferguson, Ltd., Dawson street, Dublin.

CELEBRATED CHESTERFIELD SETTEES, ANDERSON, STANFORD & RIDGEWAY, LTD.,
28 and 29 GRAFTON STREET.

THE PRODUCTION OF A CATALOGUE CALLS FOR EXPERIENCE AND SKILL.
Only the best work should be good enough in the Catalogue which is to represent you.
SEE US ABOUT IT.
HELY'S LIMITED, 26-30 DAME STREET.

WINDOW GLASS, BRITISH AND FOREIGN, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
HOYTE & SON,
THE CITY OF DUBLIN WINDOW GLASS WAREHOUSE,
17 LOWER SACKVILLE STREET, DUBLIN.
Telegrams—"Hoyte, Dublin." Telephone No. 414.

GUARD'S HAIR DYE.
CHEAPEST AND BEST.
Has no smell, is perfectly harmless, and instantly changes red or grey hair to the most natural brown or black; 2/6 to 3/6, of all Chemists, or post free from J. TUCKEY and SONS, Ltd., (Dept. LT.), 98 St. John street, London, E.C.

HEALTH. COMFORT.
THE MANOR MILL LAUNDRY Co., Ltd., DUNDRUM, CO. DUBLIN.
'Phone—Dundrum, 7. Estd. 1863.
ECONOMY. SATISFACTION.

COALS.

S. N. ROBINSON & CO.
HEAD OFFICE—21 CITY QUAY.
Branch Office—2 ELY PLACE.

BEST ORRELL	38/- per Ton.	Cash,	37/-
BEST WIGAN	36/-	"	35/-
BEST KITCHEN	34/-	"	33/-
SPECIAL HOUSE	36/-	"	35/-
BEST KITCHEN	34/-	"	33/-
BEST ORRELL SLACK	30/-	"	29/-

Special Prices for Coals Loaded into Railway Waggons.
Telegrams—"Fires, Dublin." Telephone Nos. 285 and 286.

FLOWER & McDONALD, 14 D'OLIER ST., 14.
CITY PRICES THIS DAY.

BEST ORRELL COAL	38/-	For Cash,	37/-
BEST YORKSHIRE BRIGHTS	37/-	For Cash,	36/-
BEST WHITEHAVEN	36/-	For Cash,	35/-
BEST WIGAN	36/-	For Cash,	35/-
BEST ORRELL SLACK	30/-	For Cash,	29/-

BEST GAS COKE.
Best Welsh Steam, Smiths', and Anthracite Peas and Beans.
GROUND ROCK SALT,
FOR MANURE.
Telephones—Nos. 848 and 877; Malahide Telephone, 6; Balbriggan Telephone, 4; and Skerries.
Telegrams—"Donald, Dublin."

WALLACE BROS., LTD.
Telephone—3000. Telegrams—"Wallace."

BEST ORRELL	38/- per Ton.	Cash,	37/-
BEST WIGAN	36/-	"	35/-
WHITEHAVEN	36/-	"	35/-
BEST KITCHEN	34/-	"	33/-
BEST ORRELL SLACK	30/-	"	29/-

Coals for Country Loaded direct from Steamer into Waggons.
SPECIAL PRICES
Head Office:
23 WESTMORELAND STREET.
DUBLIN;
KINGSTOWN, BRAY, MONKSTOWN, &c.

W. W. ROBINSON & SON, ONLY ADDRESS, LTD.
19 WESTLAND ROW,
Telephone—1595. Telegrams—"Robinson, Dublin."

CROWN WALLSEND	39/-	FOR CASH	38/-
BEST ORRELL	38/-	FOR CASH	37/-
DERBY BRIGHTS	37/-	FOR CASH	36/-
BEST WIGAN	36/-	FOR CASH	35/-
WHITEHAVEN	36/-	FOR CASH	35/-
KITCHEN	34/-	FOR CASH	33/-
BEST SLACK	30/-	FOR CASH	29/-

Also Anthracite Beans and Peas for Suction Gas Plants.

TEDCASTLE, McCORMICK AND CO. (LTD.).
CITY PRICES THIS DAY.

BEST ORRELL	38/- per Ton.	Cash,	37/-
HULTON ARLEY	37/-	"	36/-
BEST WIGAN	36/-	"	35/-
WHITEHAVEN	36/-	"	35/-
PEMBERTON WIGAN	34/-	"	33/-
BEST SLACK	30/-	"	29/-

Best Welsh Steam Smiths', Malting Coal, and Anthracite for Suction Plants; also Gas Coke. Special Prices Delivered by Rail.
Head Office—13 GREAT BRUNSWICK STREET
Telephones—Nos. 180 and 185.
Also at 19 D'OLIER STREET. Telephone—874.
And CROFTON PLACE, KINGSTOWN.
Telephone—No. 1.
Branch Office—53 RATHMINES ROAD.
Telephone—No. 945, Rathmines.

ORDER YOUR COAL FROM THE COAL & STEAMSHIP CO.

Standard Arley	38/-	King Wallsend	37/-
Best Wigan	36/-	Best Kitchen	34/-

Less 1/- per Ton for Cash with Order.
HEAD OFFICE 3 BURGH QUAY (O'CONNELL BRIDGE).
Branch and Office—Terenure (Opposite Tram Depot). Telephone—2868 Telegrams—"Coal, Dublin."

FRESH FISH, GAME, POULTRY Also Every Description Market Garden Produce.
LAWSON-POWELL,
First-Class Fish, Oyster Ice, Game, & Poultry Stores,
2 CHATHAM STREET,
GRAFTON STREET, DUBLIN.

OUR NEW SEASON'S CRETONNES & TISSUES
have now been delivered, and form a splendid collection.
Inspection Invited.
LOOSE COVERS A SPECIALITY.
PIM BROS., LTD., EXCHEQUER STREET.

WINTER WEATHER
For great warmth & wearing properties buy "Wolsey Hosiery"
I am offering a large stock at
Lowest Cash Prices
HEAVY KINGSWAY FLANNEL SHIRTS
Standard Quality at old price, 6/9 each.
GEORGE GRANDY
STEPHEN'S GREEN

EDUCATION.

MR. CLAUDE FULCHER (Late the Connaught Rangers),
Prepares Candidates for
WOOLWICH, SANDHURST INDIAN ARMY, NAVY, &c.
NOV. EXAM., 1915.—The following passed:—For Woolwich—Mr. J. Gibbs, 883; Mr. Cox—8507. For Ankstell-Jones—8507. For India—Mr. M. Cox—5064. For Sandhurst—Mr. B. A. Ryan—8899; Mr. R. H. Martin—3413.
Apply 34 DAWSON STREET, DUBLIN.

MONEY-MAKING SPARE TIME,
Training for a Business Life means better-paid Posts.
Special Evening Courses in
Shorthand, Typewriting,
Book-keeping and English,
Accountancy, Commercial Correspondence,
Commercial Arithmetic, Business Methods,
Students readily placed on Completion.
Special Guide to Business Training free on application.
THE DE BEAR SCHOOLS, LTD.,
52 LR. SACKVILLE ST., DUBLIN

MR. JASPER LEHANE,
SPECIALIST FOR
WOOLWICH, INDIA, SANDHURST, AND NAVY PREPARATION,
Coaches His Own Students at
21 DAWSON STREET
EVENING HOURS.
MONDAY, WEDNESDAY, FRIDAY, 7 TO 9.30.

NORTHLANDS.
LONDONDERRY.
A HOME FINISHING SCHOOL.
(Organised by the Principals of Victoria High School.)
I. A Post School Course. Home management (Diploma).
II. A School Finishing Course, (two or more years) for Girls not studying for Examinations, including English, Modern Languages, Mathematics, Drawing, Cookery, Housewifery, etc.
The Home is beautifully situated, well equipped, tastefully furnished, offers all comforts of Home Life. Good teaching in Music and Art. Tennis and Hockey.
For Syllabus, etc., apply to Miss MacKILLIP.

LIVERPOOL COLLEGE FOR GIRLS.
HUYTON HALL, HUYTON, NEAR LIVERPOOL.
BOARDING SCHOOL FOR GIRLS.
President—The EARL OF DERBY, G.C.V.O.
Chairman of the Council—F. J. LESLIE, Esq.
Head Mistress—Miss ANTHONY, B.A. (Lond.).
Extensive School Buildings (six houses), playing fields, etc., in healthy country, five miles inland from Liverpool. Large and efficient staff living in resident. Prefect system in Houses and School. Preparation for various professions and careers.
Leaving Scholarships to Oxford or Cambridge. Five University Scholarships won in three years. Domestic Science.
EXAMINATION FOR ENTRANCE SCHOLARSHIPS MARCH 10 and 11th.
For particulars apply Head Mistress.

SCHOOLS FOR BOYS AND GIRLS, TUTORS FOR ARMY AND ALL EXAMS.
Messrs. J. and J. PATON, having an intimate, UNIQUE, and up-to-date knowledge of the BEST SCHOOLS and TUTORS in this country, will be pleased to AID PARENTS in their choice by sending (free of charge) Prospectuses and TRUSTWORTHY INFORMATION regarding ESTABLISHMENTS which can be THOROUGHLY RECOMMENDED.
The age of the Pupil, district preferred, and rough idea of fees should be given.
J. and J. PATON, Educational Agents, 143 Cannon street, London, E.C.

COALS.

W. O. McCORMICK & CO., LTD.

BEST ORRELL	38/- per Ton.	Cash,	37/-
BEST WIGAN	36/-	"	35/-
BEST KITCHEN	34/-	"	33/-
BEST ORRELL SLACK	30/-	"	29/-
CARDIFF AND NORTH COUNTRY STEAM COAL			
BEST GAS COKE.			

SPECIAL QUOTATION FOR COAL FOR THE COUNTRY.
Offices—KINGSTOWN—Clarence House.
DALKEY—Railway road.
BLACKROCK—HAZLEY & CO. (Agents).
Telephone—Kingstown—11.

THOMAS J. NICHOLL.
BEST HOUSE AND STEAM COALS.
PRICES THIS DAY.

BEST ORRELL COAL	38/- per Ton.	Cash	37/-
BEST WIGAN COAL	36/-	"	35/-
BEST KITCHEN COAL	34/-	"	33/-
BEST ORRELL SLACK	30/-	"	29/-

Less 2s. per Ton, Cash.
Special Quotation for Steam Coal, Slack, and Coke.
Head Offices:
9 GT. BRUNSWICK ST.
Coal Wharves: Custom House Docks.
Telegrams—"Nicholl, Dublin, 139."
Phones—139 and 317.

THOS. HEITON & CO, LTD, 18 WESTMORELAND STREET,
DUBLIN,
And at
KINGSTOWN, BRAY, and NEWBRIDGE.
CITY PRICES THIS DAY.

BEST SILVERDALE ORRELL	38/- per Ton.	Cash,	37/-
BEST WIGAN	36/-	"	35/-
BEST WHITEHAVEN	36/-	"	35/-
BEST KITCHEN	34/-	"	33/-
BEST ORRELL SLACK	30/-	"	29/-

Coals Loaded Double Screened into Railway Waggons at our Country Wharf, Spencer Dock: prices on application. Welsh and Scotch Steam Coals, Anthracite Beans, Smithy Coal, and Gas Coke always in Stock.
Telephones to all Branches and Stores. Telegrams—"Heiton, Dublin."

P. DONNELLY & SONS, 29 LOWER SACKVILLE STREET
(OPPOSITE G.P.O.).

BEST ORRELL	38/- per Ton.	Cash,	37/-
BEST KITCHEN	36/-	"	35/-
BEST ORRELL SLACK	34/-	"	33/-

Coals Loaded Double Screened at Special Prices for the Country from our own Railway Siding at Spencer Dock.
Telegrams—"Flames, Dublin." Telephones—1465 and 2687.

THE BEST WEEK-END PAPER for DUBLIN is the WEEKLY IRISH TIMES. Last Edition on Sale every Saturday morning.

INDIGO BLUE SUITINGS. EVENING DRESS SUITINGS.
KENNY & OWENS, TAILORS,
54 DAME STREET, DUBLIN.

ARNOTT & CO.,
DUBLIN, LTD.
CARPETS, CURTAINS, FURNITURE.
SPECIAL EXHIBIT OF
AXMINSTER AND WILTON CARPETS.
SPECIAL PURCHASE SHADOW TISSUES, 1/11½ per yard.
HENRY STREET.

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS.
DUBLIN AND VICINITY.

MORAN'S HOTEL,
CORNER OF TALBOT AND GARDINER STREETS, DUBLIN.
VISITORS WILL FIND THIS HOTEL MOST COMFORTABLE and EXTREMELY MODERATE.
NO CHARGE FOR ATTENDANCE.
Bed and Breakfast from 3/6. Boarding terms from 9/6 per day. Every Modern Improvement. Night Porter. Telegrams, "Moran's Hotel, Dublin." J. and F. A. MORAN, Proprietors. Telephone—914.

ROYAL HIBERNIAN HOTEL, DUBLIN. LTD.
THE MOST FASHIONABLE FIRST-CLASS HOTEL IN DUBLIN.
BREAKFASTS, LUNCHEONS, TEAS, & DINNERS A LA CARTE or TABLE D'HOTE. Open to Non-Residents.
WEDDING BREAKFASTS, RECEPTIONS, AND BANQUETS ESTIMATED FOR. ORCHESTRA DAILY. TERMS ON APPLICATION. FREE GARAGE. ELECTRIC ELEVATOR.
P. G. BESSON, Managing Director.
Tels.—"Hibernia, Dublin." 'Phones—708 and 2205.

HOTEL METROPOLE, DUBLIN.
FIRST-CLASS FAMILY HOTEL.
Estimates for Public Dinners.
SPECIAL BOARD-RESIDENCE TERMS.
Apply to Manager.
Telephones—Nos. 1858 and 1859.
Telegrams—"Metropole Hotel, Dublin."

THE WICKLOW HOTEL, WICKLOW ST., DUBLIN.
MODERATE in Tariff but FIRST-CLASS in EQUIPMENT, CUISINE, and COMFORT.
All Modern Conveniences. Electric Light Throughout. FIRE ESCAPE.
THOMAS MAHON, Manager.

LUCAN SPA HOTEL,
WITH ITS BEAUTIFUL GROUNDS AND SURROUNDINGS,
The Best Inland Health Resort in Ireland.
Its air is famed for its purity and health-restoring properties, while its sulphur Spa has been proclaimed by eminent scientific experts to "compare favourably with the most famous sulphurous waters of Europe"; "to equal, if not excel, the Harrogate waters"; "to be superior in strength and quality to the Lisdoonvarna Spa"; and that "it may be classed with the celebrated springs of Aix-la-Chapelle and Weilbach." Illustrated Guide on application. Telegrams, "Spa, Lucan." 'Phone, 27 and 28 Lucan.

KINGSTOWN.
SALTHILL HOTEL, MONKSTOWN
FIRST-CLASS HOTEL.
Beautifully situated, standing in 3 acres of private grounds, facing sea.
Electric Light throughout.
Molor Garage and Inspection Pit.
MODERATE CHARGES.
Telegrams—Hotel, Monkstown, Dublin.
Telephone—200 K. Tariff on application.

SOUTH OF IRELAND.
CORK.
MOORE'S HOTEL, 13 MORRISON'S ISLAND.
First-class Family Hotel, in central position. Every home comfort. Terms moderate. Telephone—653. 'Bus meets principal Trains.

SANATORIA AND HYDROS.
BLACKPOOL.—IMPERIAL HYDROPATHIC HOTEL, Claremont Park. 350 Rooms; Magnificent Lounge; Louis XVI. Dining Room; Separate Tables. Turkish, Russian, and Sea Water Baths. For Tariff apply Manager. Telegrams—"Imperial." Telephone—291.

CONTRACTS.

URBAN DISTRICT OF BLACKROCK.
The Urban District Council of Blackrock hereby invite TENDERS for any or all of the following Supplies for the year ending 31st March, 1917:—
Macadam,
Rough Bottoming Stones,
Sewer Pipes and Bricks,
Cast Iron Goods,
Hardware,
Brass, Lead, and Water Fitting,
Timber,
Chandlery,
Oils, Paints, etc.,
Disinfectants,
Cement,
Brushes,
Road Tools,
Tar, etc.,
Miscellaneous,
Cart Repairs,
Artificial Stone Kerbings Repairs,
Blacksmiths' Work.
All Tenders must be on the prescribed form, and must bear the genuine signature of the Tenderer, and also of his Sureties, whose names are required. No Tender will be considered in which any alteration of the terms has been made. Contractors shall be required, enter into a regular sealed contract and pay the expenses thereof.
Contractors shall be bound, as far as possible, to supply and use articles of Irish manufacture.
Where goods are specified in the Tender by the description in Tender Form, the parties whose tenders for such articles are accepted must supply articles of Irish produce or manufacture, and must be prepared to give a written guarantee to this effect whenever called upon to do so.
In every case where feasible the Irish Trade Mark is to be affixed to the goods or articles supplied.
The Contractor to pay the standard rate of wages and to observe the hours of labour in operation in the district, and to employ local labour.
Tenders, enclosed in sealed envelopes, and marked "Tenders for ——— (naming the article), and addressed to "The Chairman of the Council," must be delivered at this Office at or before 4 o'clock p.m. on 14th March, 1916.
Forms of Tender can be obtained on application at this Office.
The Council will not be bound to accept the lowest or any Tender.
By Order,
JOHN MOON

MOTOR MATTERS, BICYCLES, &c.

MOTOR CARS.

PEERY COUPE.
In Biscuit Colour; 11.9 h.p.
Lycaon Lighting; Self-Starter.
Immediate Delivery.
WALLEN'S,
11 AND 12 ST. ANDREW ST. (AND TRINITY ST. GARAGE, DUBLIN.

MICHELIN TYRES.
THE FOLLOWING SIZES IN STOCK, BOTH STRETCHED AND SQUARE TREAD:
760 x 120 ... 765 x 90
835 x 135 ... 820 x 120
815 x 105 ... 765 x 90
760 x 105 ... 710 x 90
G. A. BRITTAIN,
EARLSFORT GARAGE,
HATCH STREET, DUBLIN.

A FORD VAN, £150, will reduce delivery of coals by half and to the work of three horses. Delivery from Stock.
T. J. WOODS,
Wexford row.

[illegible]ONS for all tradesmen. A Ford Runabout, guaranteed perfect, by road. Convertible commercial, can be used as pleasure car when necessary. Ford Vans always in stock. Prices on the road. Figures speak louder than words. Write to us for comparative running costs. Quote the saving over horses.
Thompson's Motor Car Co. Ltd.
Dublin and Belfast.

FORD TWO SEATER, dicker seat, Stepney, in excellent order ... £70

ST. STEPHEN'S AUTOCAR CO., LTD.
40 Dawson st., Dublin. T. 4420

APPLY for List of Secondhand Cars; bargains. CENTRAL AUTOMOBILE AGENCY, 19-20 ST. STEPHEN'S GREEN.

VICTOR H. ROBB AND CO.
43 DAWSON STREET.
Telephone 2410.
Have the following Secondhand Cars for Sale in Dublin:
1915 Harroubine, Model K, with full electric lighting and starting equipment. As good as new. Only run 2,000 miles ... £270.0.0
1914 15.9 Star, 4 seater body, fitted complete with electric lighting, body in perfect order, tyres and engine good ... £205.0.0
1914 15.9 h.p. Singer, four seater body, full equipment, in absolutely perfect condition ... £260.0.0
1913 Premier Roadster, Model 4, 4 cylinder, 15 h.p. Cycles, single slip 2 speed gears, from 6 to 40 miles per hour from steel. Side Irail Axles, Rudge-Whitworth Lid, Stephen's Green, Dublin ... £185.0.0
JONES Speedometer, guaranteed for two months; cost £5 5s. 6d.; accept £2.0.0. This office.
1915 Matchless-Oxford 2 seater De Luxe, just overhauled and refinished, as new ... £180.0.0

A SURE ECONOMISER.
OWNERS of Private or Commercial Motors are guaranteed a saving of 20 per cent. 40 per cent. increase in power, and 50 per cent. more Power from 5 per cent. to 20 per cent. for lasting in 10 minutes.
EMPIRE AUTOMATIC ECONOMISER.
Price £5/5/- post free. Money returned if not satisfied after 4 days' use. Write to-day for full particulars.
HALL, SCOTT AND CO.
IRISH AGENTS.
4 WARING STREET, BELFAST.
Over 1000 in use—85,000 fitted in five months. Agents wanted.

MOTOR LORRIES AND VANS.

FOR Sale, Lorry Chassis, 30 h.p. two ton model, in good order; reasonable trial; price £350. Address "Z 1256, Chassis," this office. F
FOR Sale, 15 h.p. van, 20 h.p., solid tyres; also 30 cwt. van, 15 h.p.; both first class order.—O'Rourke, 4 Clonliffe terrace, North Circular road. O
1915 Motor Tractor—Two 4 Ton Motor Lorries for Hire. 52 Mose st. 78

BICYCLES.

A 1" LARGEST Stock of high class Cycles; 20 advance in prices. Sunbeam, Leo-Francis, Sparkbrook, B.S.A., Swifts, Raleighs, Elswick, Humber and Hillman. Easiest terms; part payment; deferred payments arranged. Call, write, or phone, Wartie Bros., 5 Eden quay. Phone 1097. T

A FULL Range of 1916 Model Royal Frankfortes are now on view at the Showrooms, 128 Stephen's Green, or at the Factory, 55 Rathmines road; prices from £10 10s. to £15 15s.—J. Fitzgerald.

A FEW 1915 Grade Cycle on the Hire Purchase System? If so, consult us. Special prices for Secondhands to clear. Cycle Depot, 128 Stephen's Green, Factory, 55 Rathmines road. S 29

A FINE practically new 1915 Rudge Whitworth Ladies' Lost Property, 3½ tourist st., Dublin. C

DUBLIN Doctors recommend Outdoor Exercise, and the best form is Cycling when you get the best Cycle. Call at the Royal Service Agency, 3 Cycle Depot, 8 Aston's quay, Dublin. 6 28

ELSTON Universal Cycle, cash prices; 2 speed, 15s.; Gentle, £9 10s.; Ladies', £9 10s.; Universal, £10 10s.; 3 speed, £11 10s.; Ladies', £11 10s.; extensive modern premises. For terms apply to P. Stokes, Green Cycle Depot. 24 29

SECONDHAND Cycles.—I have the largest Stock in Dublin, including Singers, Humber, Rudge, Triumph, Rudge, Sunbeam, Swift, Pierce, Enfield, Lozania, or Premier, prices from £5 to £20.—Fitzgerald, 128 Stephen's Green Factory, 55 Rathmines road. 6 29

THE Rover Cycle is not a war luxury but an absolute necessity to every owner joining Army.—B 26, this office. 6 28

NEW 1916 Ford, four seater, in stock for immediate delivery; also 1915 Ford Runabout, fitted with Hood and Cee, £45.—Dawson st., Dublin. T

SUNBEAM, Humber, Rudge, Car, complete, all accessories, electric horn, lighting and self starter, first class order; cost £90 Dublin.—A 174

CHAUFFEURS, MECHANICS.

WANTED.

WANTED, Motor Mechanic; must well up in all kinds of repairs; some Dublin district; must find own supply; state wages expected. Apply M. Walker, 2 Pembroke st., Dublin. C
WEEK-END Man Wanted, Irish horse Car; state experience, wages.—A 1926, this office. C

DISENGAGED.

AN exceptionally efficient Chauffeur (R.C., married, one child) wishes employment. Apply General Waller, Limerick.
CHAUFFEUR seeks situation, careful driver, all running repairs; references from my last employer. Close 2nd Avenue, Donnybrook. C
CHAUFFEUR Gardener, indefinite; soundly useful, certificate running repairs, etc.; highest references seeks situation; temperate.—A 1788, this office. T

MALES CONTINUED.

CONTINUED FROM PAGE 1.

RABBIT Trappers—Wanted, with own complete tackle, for the high woods of Clandeboye, Bray; two Men to hand nets, one Man to ferret; one Man and boy Mounter. Apply to Lieut. Col. Carlos, Clandeboye, Bray. Apply at Jamestown Cottage, Stradbally Hall, Queen's County. A
RABBIT Trapper Wanted, to kill enough and wages during season. Protection of neighbours' crops; must be sober, honest, and reliable. Wages and references, or nets offered; vermin money paid.—A 1, this office. A
WANTED, General Man, Protestant; plain gardening, dairy, feeding and cleaning cattle. Send references to Mrs. Hamilton, Ballyboughal. C
WANTED, a Boy to Deliver Milk. Apply, Wholesale Lodge, Fitzwilliam, Sandymount. C
WANTED, Single Man, used to horses, for dairy work (Protestant or Butler and Wife as Cook, to Dublin). Apply, stating wages required, and names of testimonials to "Butler," care of Evening Mail, Dublin. A
WANTED, General Farm Labourer, 22 to 25 years, to go with Cows. Reid Rams, Dundrum. 5 26
WANTED, a General Farm Labourer for gentleman's residence, Co. Dublin; must be single. Apply to "Z 1594, Labourer," this office. F
WANTED, Yardsman; must be a good worker, milker, and used to horses; also Strong Lad as Assistant; must not smoke. Apply references to the Steward, Ardgillan Castle. C
WANTED, Groom, County Dublin, steady, comfortable man; Man as General Man; must be used to horses, milk and attend cattle; Man used to cattle, must milk and cook.—A 1892. C
WANTED, Good Working Steward for farm in vicinity of Dublin; must have experience in cattle and pigs; must know something about poultry; three miles of cow, bicycle provided; state wages, with full particulars, to "Z 1892, Steward," this office. C
WANTED, Steady, Sober Man for Cow Byre, Protestant; must be used to milking; apply, stating wages required, to Mrs. Mahon, Ballymount House, Kingswood, Tallaght. A
WANTED, a Kitchenmaid, some experience, for Co. Galway; wages £16. Apply, with copies, and state age, to Mrs. Mahon, Ballymount House, Kingswood, Tallaght. A

DOMESTICS DISENGAGED.

A., classes, disengaged. 6 1
HOUSE Sewingmaid or Children's Maid, R.C.; well recommended. Dublin or suburbs.—A 1937, this office. C
LADY wishes to hear of situation for a nice Girl, to train in housework; R.C.; 14 months' experience. Apply, by letter only, to Mrs. Kennedy, Ballinteer. C
LADY wishes to place Protestant Girl, of 17, as help to housemaid, Under Housemaid, or Nurserymaid; Dublin preferred.—A 1935, this office. C
LADY recommends very respectable Woman for Daily Work or Nursing.—M 4 Eden quay. C
LADY wishes to place Protestant Girl, of 17, as help to housemaid, Under Housemaid, or Nurserymaid; Dublin preferred.—A 1935, this office. C
LADY recommends very respectable Woman for Daily Work or Nursing.—M 4 Eden quay. C
OFFICES, Cleaning—Most respectable Women wishes above; sober, trustworthy, clean; good references.—C. 92 Upper Leeson st. C
RESPECTABLE Soldier's Wife wants Daily Work or to would take small Family to Mind; strict T.T. Address "Z 1396, Domestic," this office. C
RESPECTABLE young Woman wants Daily Work or to Mind Children.—A 1955, this office. C
SUPERIOR Working Housekeeper, R.C., one or two gentlemen or small Establishment; good plain cook; highest references.—A 1805, this office. C
STRONG Irish Girl wishes situation in small family; is partly trained; highest references.—C 18 Mount road, Dublin.
STRONG young Girl wishes Daily Work in Restaurant; recommended.—A 1989, this office.

COOKS, DAIRYMAIDS DISENGAGED.

A THOROUGHLY experienced Cook, R.C., wishes situation; understands dairy; disengaged; highly recommended.—A. Molyneux, Castleruddery, Stratocum-clanny, Co. Wicklow.
A HIGHLY recommended Protestant Cook House-keeper (no children); thoroughly understands all classes of cooking; good buyer and seller of stock; excellent testimonials of character; young man's home preferred. Address "Z 1448, Steward's," this office.
A GOOD Plain Cook, disengaged; understands fruit, flowers, and vegetables; state wages; strict T.T.; make herself generally useful. Address "Z 1371, Gardener," this office.
A GOOD Cook, disengaged; thoroughly understands fruit, flowers, and vegetables; state wages; strict T.T.; make herself generally useful; good references. Address "Z 1377

...VIS
Trade Mark
Economy
...ntains more body-building and
...r than two "brown" loaves; it has
...dded to the flour, and that is why
...licious TOASTED.
...for 'brown' bread.
...arthest and saves you money.
...lly by all leading Bakers.

...ND
THE WORLD-KNOWN REMEDY for
COUGHS, COLDS,
and Bronchial affections
BEFORE.
...ring to that
...ell Stamp
...e Alikeness
...Browne.
...an Arbour.

...s Browne's
...olorodyne
Our Portrait is of Mrs. ROBERTS, who writes:
"I feel it my duty to let you know how Bile Beans have benefited me. After a severe attack of Influenza I was left in a very weak condition, and went to a friend's house for change of air. I was induced to try Bile Beans, and before I had finished the first box I felt better, and after taking the second box I was completely restored to health. I shall always recommend Bile Beans to my friends."
CURED BY
If you suffer from any such disease as Boils, Bad Legs, Abscesses, Eczema, Scalp Sores, Pimples, Sores of any kind, Piles, Blood Poison, Blood Impurities, &c., don't waste your time and money on ointments and other local remedies that cannot go to the cause of the skin. What you want is a real blood purifier, a permanent tonic, and you must have something free the blood of the poisonous matter which is causing the trouble. Nothing whatever Mixture is just such a tonic and blood purifier, and it does its work quickly. It is composed of all impurities from the blood, and builds up the whole system, so that healing and health-restoring properties are brought to bear on the affected parts, and lasting cures are effected.
Over 50 years' Success.
Pleasant to the taste.
Sold by all Chemists and Druggists, 2/9 per bottle.
Refuse Substitutes.
Clarke's Blood Mixture
"The World's Best Blood Purifier."

NEMO
(SELF-REDUCING)
The Corset de Luxe of Europe and America for medium and Full Figures.
Prices 10/9, 12/6, 18/11, Post 4d. Extra.
AGENTS:
SPARROW & CO
16 SOUTH ST. GEORGE'S ST...

BLACKROCK URBAN COU...
The Blackrock Urban Council will be...
their meeting this evening...
entitled to...last year, of 2/10 in the £...
for urban rate, and 2/10 in the £ of...
The other Principal matters to be...
Councillor Frank Stokes's motion to...
Town Clerk's salary to £50, and the...
of Hats to replace the Town Clerk's...
£25 per annum this year, and by a...
of £25 per annum, dating from 1st...

YESTERDAY'S SHIPPING RE...
Coastwise Arrivals.—Ss. Slieve Bawn, s...
ss. Greenore, from Holyhead, with goods...
from Liverpool, with goods; ss. Slieve...
ss. Inniscarra, from Liverpool, with...
Saint Mungo, from Liverpool, with...
Ss. Kerry, ss. Hayward, ss. ...
Zillah, from Garston, with coals; ss. ...
from Preston, with coals.
Coastwise Departures.—Ss. Slieve Bawn, ...
ss. Greenore, for Holyhead, with ...
Maguire, for Glasgow, with goods; ss. ...
Heysham, with goods; ss. Patricia, ...
with goods; ss. Fishguard, for Liverpool, ...
Ss. Straker's Softly, ...
Ss. M. J. Porter's Billy Bawn Anthony 4 11 0
Ss. Dunsley's St. Pam...ony 4 11 0
Ss. J. Fitzsimons' Red Cross...Private 4 10 7
Ss. M'Carthy's Prospect's Prize...
...Private 4 10 7
Major Durham Matthews' Ardent...
...Anthony 4 10 7
Mr. R. Tyler's Kilearla ...Anthony 4 10 7

3.45—SPIRE PLATE of 25 sovs. A handicap steeplechase. Two miles and a quarter.

	Age st.lb.
Mr. F. Barbour's Punch	Walker 6 12 3
Mr. B. Boberly's Flying Arrow	Burns 6 12 6
Mr. E. Delany's Serpolette	Mathews 6 11 9
Mr. R. Courtney's Fond Lucy	Owner a 11 2
Capt. S. C. Henderson's Simon Ashton	Burns 6 11 2
Mr. R. W. Parr's Bruton	Usher a 11 2
Mr. R. W. Parr's Agatha	Usher 6 11 0
Mr. A. Lowry's Moonlight	Fetherston 6 11 0
Mr. H. Keane's My Royal	Cleary 6 10 10
Mr. P. Cullinan's Large Polly	Walker a 10 9
Mr. B. Kirby's Dairy Crag	Walker a 10 9
Mr. F. Wilkinson's Early Thought	Private a 10 7
Mr. A. Lowry's Lady Pam	Fetherston a 10 7
Mr. J. Coyle's Mixed Business	Owner a 10 5
	Private 5 10 7
Mr. J. Fitzsimons' Molly M. II.	Private 5 10 7
Mr. P. A. Hope's Lucky Day	Owner a 10 5
Mr. R. Bull's Fairy Man	Brabazon 5 10 0
Mr. L. S. Ward's Golden Piece	Private 5 10 0

4.15—HILL PLATE of 50 sovs. A steeplechase for maidens under all rules. Weights—Four years old, 10st.; five years, 11st.; six years and aged, 11st. 5lb. Entrance 1 sov. First and second free entrance. Three miles.

	Age st. lb.
Mr. J. Nugent's Father Pat	Anthony 6 11 6
Mr. B. W. Parr's Angelique	Usher a 11 5
Mr. J. Dixon's Crown Prince	Private a 11 5
Mr. J. Reid's Shining Buttons	Private 6 11 5
Mr. E. J. Hope's Little Sawyer	Fetherston 5 11 0
Mr. E. Nugent's Pat Ryan	Anthony 5 11 0
Mr. P. Fox's Massy	Fetherston 4 10 0

COLWALL PARK MEETING.
To-day's Programme Abandoned.
Strong hopes were entertained of the postponed (concluding) day of the Colwall Park fixture being brought off to-day. Unfortunately, there was a further heavy fall of snow during Monday night, which precinded all possibility of racing being held, and the Stewards decided to abandon the meeting.

FOOTBALL.
RUGBY.
TO-DAY'S FIXTURES.
Leinster's College (I.C.T.) v. Castleknock College (I.C.T.) (Junior Schools' Cup—First round).
Queen's University v. College of Science, Bloomfield.
Trinity College Hospital (S.C.T.) v. St. Columba's College (I.C.T.), Blackhall Place.
St. Columba's College (I.C.T.) v. King's Hospital (I.C.T.), Rathfarnham.
BLACKROCK COLLEGE v. ST. MARY'S COLLEGE.
LEINSTER SENIOR SCHOOLS' CUP.
The above match, listed for to-day, will not be played, St. Mary's College having scratched its entire competition.

TEAMS.
Royal (Commercial) Batt. Royal Dublin Fusiliers—Lieutenant Pte. Anderson, Sec. Lieut. Mount, Pte. Hinchcliffe (Private Secretary), Lieut. Lieut. Cormorinton; C.Q.M.S. Campbell, Sergt. Hickey, Sergt. Dwyer, Corpl. Sargent, Pte. Jenkins, Sec. Lieut. Wilson, Sec. Lieut. Stuart, Sec. Lieut. G. Fixture.
Commercial Batt. Royal Dublin Fusiliers v. Training Officers School of Instruction, Curragh, 3.30.

LEINSTER SCHOOLS CUP—SEMI-FINALS.
Church Royal School, having scratched to Portora Royal School, the following draw remains for the semi-final round:—Feyle College (Derry) v. Cork College (Belfast), to be played at Portora Royal School v. Royal Academical Institute, Enniskillen. Both matches to be played on Saturday next.

ASSOCIATION.
TO-DAY'S FIXTURE.
Shelbourne Park Ground—Second Round Cup-tie—Dalymount Park, 3.30.

HUNTING.
HUNTING APPOINTMENTS.
THE WARD UNION.

	Meet.	Hour.
March.		
Tuesday, 14	3-Mile Stone	1.30
Friday, 4	Dunboyne	1 30
THE KILDARE.		
March.		
Friday, 3	Tinoran Cross-roads	11.30
Saturday, 4	Straffan Bridge	11 0
THE MEATH.		
March.		
Thursday, 2	Ball Alley	11. 0
Friday, 3	Kilmoon	11. 0

HUNTING FIXTURES.
MEATH HOUNDS.
March—Tuesday, 7th, Slane; Friday, 10th, Dunsany; Tuesday, 14th, Flat House; Saturday, 18th, Archer; Tuesday, 21st, Mountainstown; Friday, 24th, Somerville. Meet at 11.30 o'clock.

MID-ROSCOMMON HARRIERS.
March—Thursday, 2nd, Ballintubber; Tuesday, 7th, Tulsk; Friday, 10th, Tinnypark Cross-roads; Tuesday, 14th, Enfield Gate. Meet at 12.30 o'clock. (Finish the season.)

GOLF.
IRE CLUB.—The men's monthly medal in con...on with the Hackett Cup will be played on ...row (Thursday), March 2nd.
...LTOWN GOLF CLUB.—Mr. W. M. Murphy ...ded at the annual meeting last night at the ...use, when the report, which showed a very ...factory year's working, was unanimously ...ed. Mr. Murphy was re-elected President; ...A. J. Smalley was elected Captain; Messrs. W. ...arbery, R. Fitzsimmons, and E. J. Walsh Vice-...sidents, and Messrs. H. Hogan, J. R. Moore, ...Hutton, and J. J. Carroll were elected on the ...mittee.
...MARNHAM CLUB.—February monthly ...ic Class I.—Winner, G. "Thompson"; Class ...Winner, P. Dixon.
...CKLOW CLUB.—It has been decided to post-...play for Mr. Parsani's prize owing to unsuit-...weather.

SPORTING NEWS.
KELLS MEETING—THIS DAY.
An attractive programme will be submitted at the pleasantly-situated Loyd course, and with a couple of the events down for decision endowed with 100 sovs. each the sport should be very interesting. Even though the ground may be on the soft side, as a result of the recent heavy rains, fields of nice strength will be seen out, and the meeting promises to be most successful. A special train leaves Amiens street at 11.30 this morning and returns at 5.5 p.m. Selections:—
Round Tower Plate—Elgon; if absent Skipper Hayes.
Farmers' Plate—General Blane.
Maiden Steeplechase—Dinna Fash.
Maiden Hurdle—Wise Symon or Billy Bawn.
Spire Plate—Punch.
Hill Plate—Pat Ryan.

PROGRAMME.
1.45—THE ROUND TOWER PLATE of 25 sovs. A handicap hurdle race. One mile and a half.

	Age st. lb.
Mr. F. Barbour's Elgon	Walker 6 12 7
Mr. H. J. Goldberg's Velocifer	Mckie a 12 6
Mr. J. M'Dermott's Joan of Arc	Private 5 12 0
Mr. R. Tyler's Perennial	Anthony 5 11 8
Mr. L. Brabazon's Stung Again	Owner 6 11 8
Mr. William Wilson's Bank	Fetherston 5 11 3
Capt. Bergin's Perky Trick	Owner 6 11 3
Mr. Frank Brooke's Flying Man	Parkinson 4 10 12
Mr. J. J. Parkinson's Henriette	Owner 4 10 12
Mr. R. B. Dobell's Philander	Burns 4 10 10
Mr. R. B. Dobell's Skipper Hayes	Burns 5 10 9
Mr. J. J. Parkinson's Ambush	Parkinson 4 10 8
Mr. Cliff Bernae's Doctor Brosk	Owner a 10 5
Mr. P. J. Fitzsimons' Lochaber	Private a 10 3
Mr. L. J. Pease's Holland House	Private a 10 3
Mr. R. Courtney's Enchanted Prince	Owner a 10 1
Mr. B. W. Parr's Fluffy Jim	Usher 6 9 12
Mr. B. Kirby's Melachrino	Owner 6 9 10
Mr. A. Lowry's Lady Pam	Fetherston 6 9 7
Mr. E. Calwell's Carnisard	Owner a 9 7
Mr. T. O'Rourke's Poor Willy	Cleary 5 9 9
Mr. J. C. M'Keever's Jenny Jones	Walker 5 9 10

2.15—FARMERS' PLATE of 25 sovs. A weights for age steeplechase. Two miles and a half.

	Age st. lb.
Mr. W. O. Bourke's Lady Lightfoot	Private 5 12 6
Mr. J. Tourell's General Blane (£100)	Cleary a 11 8
Mr. T. O'Brien's Shanbally (£100)	Private 6 11 8
Mr. R. Ball's Allegiance	Private 6 11 7
Mr. W. Battersby's Kentstown	Private 6 11 7
Mr. P. Carroll's Garristown Lass	Private a 11 7
Mr. R. Hope's Queen of War	Private a 11 7
Mr. P. Weir's Kathleen Mavourneen	Private 6 11 7
Mr. T. D. M'Keever's Michelino	Private 6 11 7
Mr. C. S. Malone's Clonkeen	Private a 11 7
Mr. J. Murray's Brave Lad	Private 6 11 7
Mr. J. Murray's Drave Prince	Private 6 11 7
Mr. M. Quinn's Crown Prince	Private 6 11 7
Mr. T. Foottit's Mandarin	Private 6 11 7
Mr. T. Clarke's Kilnamanagh	Private 5 11 6
Mr. P. J. Rourke's Valiant Girl (£100)	Private 5 11 3

2.45—MAIDEN STEEPLECHASE of 100 sovs. A weight for age steeplechase. Two miles and a quarter.

	Age st. lb.
Capt. S. C. Henderson's Simon Ashton	Burns 6 12 8
Mr. J. B. M'Roberts' Hotcap	Private 6 11 12
Mr. G. J. Ball's Hackalong	French a 11 12
Mr. J. Dalton's Gay Archer	Private 6 11 12
Mr. P. Fox's Miss Gibbon	Fetherston a 11 12
Mr. Nugent's Father Pat	Anthony 6 11 12
Mr. A. M'Namara's Volti	Hogan 6 11 7
Mr. J. N. Bailey's Rathlecky	Private 5 11 7
Mr. J. Shaw's Mandarin	Private 5 11 7
Mr. R. W. Parr's Heda	Usher 5 11 7
Mr. R. Rogers' Admiral Blake	Brien 5 11 7
Mr. R. Rogers' Sir Arthur	Brien 5 11 7
Mr. J. Shaw's Lord Rentinck	Usher 5 11 7
Mr. J. Reid's Swallow Gorse	Usher 5 11 7
Mr. R. Courtney's Donor's Green	Private 5 11 7
Mr. P. Wilkinson's Rathmore Boy	Private 5 11 7
Mr. P. Cullinan's Mag Edgar	Walker 5 11 7
Mr. J. Nugent's Shaun	Anthony 5 11 7
Mr. A. Anthony's Pamirine	Owner a 10 5
Mr. M. Bourke's Reinstated	Hope 4 10 5
Mr. H. J. Goldberg's Mad M'Kie	Mckie a 10 5
Mr. S. Grehan's Duhallow	Arnott 4 10 5
Mr. K. F. Malcomson's Dooley Coley	Usher 4 10 3

3.15—MAIDEN HURDLE RACE of 100 sovs. A weight for age hurdle race. One mile and a half.

	Age st. lb.
Mr. T. Byrne's Wise Symon	Arnott a 12 6
Mr. R. B. Dobell's Flying Aero	Burns a 12 6
Mr. J. Morrow's Green Button	Arnott 5 12 3
Mr. P. Cullinan's Mag Edgar	Walker 5 12 3
Capt. J. Henderson's Hemildon	Burns 5 11 12
Mr. B. W. Parr's Grisanna	Usher 6 11 10
Mr. M. Creery's Merus	Arnott 4 11 5
Mr. F. Straker's Softly	Arnott 4 11 3
Mr. M. J. Porter's Billy Bawn	Anthony 4 11 0
Mr. Dunsley's St. Pam	Anthony 4 11 0
Mr. J. Fitzsimons' Red Cross	Private 4 10 7
Mr. P. M'Carthy's Prospect's Prize	Private 4 10 7
Major Durham Matthews' Ardent	Anthony 4 10 7
Mr. R. Tyler's Kilearla	Anthony 4 10 7

3.45—SPIRE PLATE of 25 sovs. A handicap steeplechase. Two miles and a quarter.

	Age st. lb.
Mr. F. Barbour's Punch	Walker a 12 3
Mr. B. Boberly's Flying Arrow	Burns a 12 6
Mr. E. Delany's Serpolette	Mathews 6 11 9
Mr. R. Courtney's Fond Lucy	Owner a 11 2
Capt. S. C. Henderson's Simon Ashton	Burns 6 11 2
Mr. B. W. Parr's Bruton	Usher a 11 2
Mr. B. W. Parr's Agatha	Usher 6 11 0
Mr. A. Lowry's Moonlight	Fetherston 6 11 0
Mr. H. Keane's My Royal	Cleary 6 10 10
Mr. P. Cullinan's Large Polly	Walker a 10 9
Mr. B. Kirby's Dairy Crag	Walker a 10 9
Mr. F. Wilkinson's Early Thought	Private a 10 7
Mr. A. Lowry's Lady Pam	Fetherston a 10 7
Mr. J. Coyle's Mixed Business	Owner a 10 5
	Private 5 10 7
Mr. J. Fitzsimons' Molly M. II.	Private 5 10 7
Mr. P. A. Hope's Lucky Day	Owner a 10 5
Mr. R. Bull's Fairy Man	Brabazon 5 10 0
Mr. L. S. Ward's Golden Piece	Private 5 10 0

4.15—HILL PLATE of 50 sovs. A steeplechase for maidens under all rules. Weights—Four years old, 10st.; five years, 11st.; six years and aged, 11st. 5lb. Entrance 1 sov. First and second free entrance. Three miles.

	Age st. lb.
Mr. J. Nugent's Father Pat	Anthony 6 11 6
Mr. B. W. Parr's Angelique	Usher a 11 5
Mr. J. Dixon's Crown Prince	Private a 11 5
Mr. J. Reid's Shining Buttons	Private 6 11 5
Mr. E. J. Hope's Little Sawyer	Fetherston 5 11 0
Mr. E. Nugent's Pat Ryan	Anthony 5 11 0
Mr. P. Fox's Massy	Fetherston 4 10 0

at night were 30, 100, 57, and 58; and Cable's were 46, 41, 25, and 22. Final scores—
Nugent 2,000
Cable 1,344
To-day Messrs. C. B. Fry and J. Nugent contest.
To-day Messrs. K. H. Fry and J. Nugent contest the final heats of 3,000 points up.

INMAN v. NEWMAN.
CHAMPION'S BRILLIANT EXECUTION.
Inman, conceding 2,000 in 18,000 up, played brilliantly at Leicester square yesterday afternoon. He averaged 76 for an aggregate of 1,300, to Newman's figures of 54 and 587. The principal breaks were 430 (full), 61, 110, 277, 74, 165, 164, and 138 by Inman, and 105, 145, 248, and 69 by Newman. Interval scores:—
Newman 11,799
Inman 10,300
Inman's best breaks were 68 (full), 74, 75, 122, 303, 78, and 98; whilst Newman made 77, 121, 98, 62, and 66. Closing scores:—
Newman 13,357
Inman 11,177

INMAN AND REECE MARCHED.
A match of 18,000 up, for £500, between the above professionals, Reece receiving 2,000 start, will be played at the National Sporting Club, London, commencing March 27th.

STEVENSON v. GRAY.
A capital house yesterday afternoon in Cutlers' Hall, Sheffield, saw some polished billiards. Steven-son making a delightful break of 304, failing at a cushion cannon from hand. Almost every stroke in the game was included in this fascinating break. He also made 135, 88, and 65. Gray subscribed 106, 90, 64, and 187 (unfinished), half of the last effort being of very finished execution at the top of the table. Interval scores:—
Gray (in play) 10,748
Stevenson 9,854
In the evening Gray made his unfinished break into 823, afterwards adding 98 and 157. Stevenson got going on an admirable 156, playing several remarkable recovery shots. The exchanges were brisk throughout the same total his touch being perfect. Closing scores:—
Gray (in play) 11,417
Stevenson 10,492

COURSING.
BALBRIGGAN MEETING—YESTERDAY.
Judge—Mr. P. J. Murphy Slipper—J. J. O'Shea.
BALBRIGGAN STAKES—For 36 all-ages. Winner, £31 10/-; second, £15 10/-; two dogs, £7 10/- each; four dogs, £45 each.
I.
Knockfield Girl beat Swank II.
Horton beat Strange Man.
Cairn Hill beat Fiery Beauty III.
Merry Mover beat Abbey Laird.
Stage Boy, a bye.
II.
Hoxton beat Knockfield Girl.
Stage Boy beat Cairn Hill.
Merry Mover, a bye.
III.
Messrs. M'Allinden's f. d. Hoxton (Dendrapsis—Our Nelly), J. M'Cluskey ns. be. d. Merry Mover (Fight for Freedom—Maid of Tara), and Michael Conyngham's r. d. Stage Box (Friendly Foe—Fortune II.), divided.
CLONARD STAKES—For 22 puppies. Winner, £20; second, £6; two dogs, £3 each; four dogs, 30/- each.
I.
Rare Boulter beat Light Dragoon.
Mike O'Leary II. beat Don't Laugh.
Hunimaster beat Scolan.
Havergill beat Athlone.
Listuir Lad beat Legal Tender.
Fragments beat Petrograd II.
Ready Money beat Dear V.
Mount Granville beat Q.
II.
Rare Boulter beat Mike O'Leary II.
Havergill beat Hunimaster.
Fragments beat Listuir Lad.
Ready Money beat Mount Granville.
III.
Rare Boulter beat Havergill.
Fragments beat Ready Money.
Mr. P. O'Brien's bd. d. Rare Boulter (Boulter's Lock—White Orchid) and Mr. J. Hayes ns. r. f. b. Fragmentia (Heavy Brigade—Glen Doll II.), divided.
BRACELET STAKE—For 16 all-ages. Winner, £10 and gold bracelet; second, £7; two dogs, £2 10/- each; four dogs, £1 each.
I.
Now Rop beat Model Moncher.
Alva beat Grepe.
Metropolitan beat Holey Socks.
Kaiser II. beat Junonia.
II.
Alva beat Now Rop.
Kaiser II. beat Metropolitan (1).
III.
Miss Long ns. f. d. Kaiser II. (Flying Better—Kitty Larkin) beat Miss C. Wade ns. bd. d. Alva (Hilsboro'—Alva).
BREMORE STAKE—For 16 all-ages. Winner, £5; second, £2; two dogs, £1 each; four dogs, 15/- each.
I.
No Letter beat High Bridge.
Heather Bell XVI. beat Freedom's Bloom.
Irish Volunteer VII. beat Parasite at Quarante.
Heavy Task beat True Turn.
II.
Heather Bell XVI. beat No Letter.
Irish Volunteer VII. beat Heavy Task.
Mr. J. Leary's f. b. Heather Bell XVI. (Quite Free—Pearl II.) and Mr. J. Lambe ns. f. d. Irish Volunteer VII. (Heavy Brigade—Skerries Lily) divided.

BALLINROBE MEETING—YESTERDAY.
Judge—Mr. J. Wynne. Slipper—M. Galligan.
STEWARDS' STAKES—For 16 puppies. Winner, £10.
Mr. P. Donohoe ns. Ballinkerry Boy beat Mr. T. M'Tigue ns. Moonlight Rover.
Mr. J. Rafford's Sally the Shrew beat Mr. T. Kelly's Brondy's Dilly Crag.
Mr. H. Patterson's Emden III. beat Mr. A. O'Connor ns. Maam Jack.
Mr. T. J. Garrett ns. Muldoon beat Mr. F. B. M'Donagh's Flashy Flo.
Mr. J. Nally ns. Rory of the Hill beat Mr. Wm. Lipsett's Lightning Dash.
Mr. J. Considine ns. Sporting Phone beat Mr. M. J. Heaney ns. Ellen.
Mr. C. Fagan ns. Blind Mi beat Mr. A. Lowry ns. Fellar's Fortune.
II.
Bennekerry Boy beat Sally the Shrew.
Emden III. beat Muldoon.
Rory of the Hill beat Sporting Phone.
Blind Mi, a bye.
III.
Emden III. beat Bennekerry Boy.
Rory of the Hill beat Blind Mi.
Mr. H. Patterson's r. b. Emden III. (Sublimate—The Charming Spa) and Mr. J. R. Nally ns. Rory of the Hill (Hilcourse—Lady Ida) divided.
CREAGH STAKES—For 16 all-ages. Winner, £15. Mr. F. Walsh's Liberty Boy beat Mr. T. Stack's Royal Sam.
Mr. M. J. Ryan's Swift Swallow beat Messrs. Crean and Connaughton ns. Health Swell.
Mr. J. R. Nally ns. Gunrunner beat Mr. J. M. O'Dowd ns. Monfarori.
Mr. Holohan's Blue Streak beat Dr. J. P. Lenihan's Jo Lee.
Miss F. Garrett's Gay Garland beat Mr. J. Mollin's Uveco.
Mr. T. Fitzgerald ns. Westport beat Mr. J. M'Ging ns. Morning Mail V.
Mr. J. J. Valkenburg's Wind Jabber beat Mr. A. J. Hanson ns. Lougcorna.
Mr. T. Gill's Out on Bail beat Mr. J. Morris ns. Mirthmaker.
II.
Liberty Boy beat Swift Swallow.
Gunrunner beat Blue Streak.
Gay Garland beat Westport.
Wind Jabber beat Out on Bail.
III.
Liberty Boy beat Gunrunner.
Gay Garland beat Wind Jabber.
IV.
Miss F. Garrett's bk. d. Gay Garland (Little Mercury—Andante) beat Mr. P. Walsh's r. f. d. Liberty Boy (Liberty V.—Cloncean).
BALLINROBE STAKES — For 16 all ages. Winner, £12.
Mr. J. R. Nally ns. Honor Bright IV. beat Mr. J. Morris ns. True Blue XVII.
Miss F. Garrett ns. Keen Blast beat Mr. M. J. Heaney's Great Swell.
Mr. P. J. Walsh's Doddershall Lady beat Mr. J. Hevorin's On Strike II.
Mr. M. M'Dermott ns. Red Park II. beat Mr. J. F. Jennings' Merry Gardner.
Mr. J. M'Walker ns. Overhung beat Dr. P. O'Hart's M.A.C.
Mr. J. Hevorin's Connaught Ranger IV. beat Miss C. Crevan ns. Anner Maid.
Mr. E. P. Kerris ns. The Business III. beat Mr. F. J. M'Gonigle's Greenore.
Mr. T. Walsh's Blazing Fred II., a bye; Mr. M. R. Fitzmaurice ns. Guano, absent.
II.
Honor Bright IV. beat Keen Blast.
Doddershall Lady beat Red Park II.
Overhung beat Connaught Ranger IV.
The Business III. beat Blazing Fred II.
III.
Honor Bright IV. beat Doddershall Lady.
Overhung beat The Business III.
Mr. J. R. Nally ns. bd. d. Honor Bright (Hillcourt—Rathmore II.) and Mr. J. M'Walter ns. bd. d. Overhung (Over Hasy—Short Shirt) divided.

KILMOGANNY AND BLACKBOG CLUB MEETING—YESTERDAY.
Judge—Mr. Davin. Slipper—P. Hon. Secretary—Mr. P. Hawe.
BRADSBARN STAKE—For 16 puppies. Winner, £15; second, £5; third and fourth, £2 each.
Mr. B. Burke's Brian Boru V. beat Mr. T. F. Davis's Thomas Up.
Mr. M. J. Quirke's Quaint beat Mr. J. Donovan ns. Holden.
Mr. W. Quirke's Questionable II. beat Mr. T. Gibney's Maggie.
Mr. J. Kelly ns. Orpheus beat Mr. T. Carroll's Tormentor V.
Mr. W. Fallon ns. Fizest Quality beat Mr. J. J. Cahill's Cherry Blossom.
Mr. J. M'Elistrim's Moving Star beat Mr. T. Hare's Fell Streak.
Mr. W. Quirke's Quaker Gown beat Mr. J. Draper's Mr. Dick.
Mr. J. Fleming ns. Banogue II. beat Mr. J. Power's Particular.
II.
Quaint beat Brian Boru V.
Orpheus beat Questionable II.
Fizest Quality beat Moving Star.
Quaker Gown beat Banogue II.
III.
Quaint beat Orpheus.
Quaker Gown beat Fizest Quality.
Mr. M. Quirke's bk. w. b. Quaint (Heavy Brigade—Quakeress) and Mr. W. Quirke's r. f. b. Quaker Gown (Quite Free—Weird Witch) divided.
CASTLEMORRES STAKE—For 16 all-ages. Winner, £15; second, £5; third and fourth, £2 each.
Mr. F. Doyle's Dulcisima beat Mr. T. A. Morris' Magician.
Mr. H. Murphy ns. Shining Lady beat Mr. J. J. Quilish ns. Longtime II.
Miss E. Donovan ns. Fawn Queen beat Mr. J. Gibney ns. Elcock's Brook.
Mr. J. Rohan's Warsaw II. beat Mr. J. F. Coughlan's Tower Hill.
Mr. P. J. O'Reilly's Ora beat Mr. R. Daniel ns. Front Brake.
Mr. J. Grace's Gerty Gray beat Mr. M. Murphy's Jack Johnson VI.
Mr. R. Power's Port Wine beat Mr. T. Harte's Cunning Dasher.
Mr. T. Harte's Hidden Boy (late Hang On II.) beat Mr. W. P. Quinn's Quarrelsome.
Shining Lady beat Dulcisima.
Fawn Queen beat Warsaw II.
Gerty Gray beat Ora.
Port Wine beat Hidden Boy.
III.
Fawn Queen, a bye: Shining Lady, dra.
Gerty Gray beat Port Wine.
Miss K. Donovan ns. f. b. Fawn Queen (Duffer II.—Merry Queen II.) and Mr. J. Grace's f. w. b. Gerty Gray (Bricklayer III.—Sag III.) divided.

CURRAHILL STAKE—For 16 all-ages. Winner, £10; second, £4; third and fourth, £1 each.
Mr. P. Doyle's Dulcimer beat Mr. M. O'Gorman's Black Mark II.
Mr. J. J. Quinlan ns. Royal Lass III. beat Mr. E. F. Meagher's Music Master IV.
Mr. J. Nugent's Torpedo IX. beat Mr. M. O'Gorman's Marksman X.
Mr. D. Shannon ns. Fly Sam beat Mr. J. F. Warren ns. Polar Star IV.
Mr. J. Butler's Ballymacos Boy beat Mr. T. Coffey's Game Duke.
Mr. F. F. Meagher's Martinstown beat Mr. M. Hickey's Nancy Hanks.
Mr. J. Drennan's Don Again beat Mr. J. Needham ns. Crotty.
Mr. J. Moloney's Metal Man beat Mr. Dan O'Connell's Speed Lock.
II.
Dulcimer beat Royal Lass III.
Fly Sam beat Torpedo IX.
Ballymacos Boy beat Martinstown.
Don Again beat Metal Man.
III.
Dulcimer beat Fly Sam.
Don Again beat Ballymacos Boy.
Mr. P. Doyle's bd. h. Dulcimer (Haughty King—Delce) and Mr. J. F. Drennan's r. f. d. Don Again (Duffer—Gold Fairy) divided.

CORK MEETING—THIS DAY.
Judge—Mr. M. F. Davin. Slipper—J. J. O'Shea.
THE DRAW.
BRACELET STAKES—For 16 puppies. Winner, £28 and bracelet (presented by Mr. E. Sheehan).
Miss Cronin ns. Cheerful Chum agst. Miss K. Hoare ns. Leather Merchant.
Mrs. J. C. Reardon, ns. Glad Neck agst. Miss Cronin ns. Good and Gay.
Miss O'Callaghan ns. Mysterious Stamp agst. Mrs. Callaghan ns. Namur.
Miss Daisy Barry ns. Biddy Black agst. Mrs. Mackesy ns. Tom Mac.
Mrs. O'Donohoe ns. Fighting Still agst. Miss Anthony ns. Hidden Trench.
Miss K. Hoare ns. Long Kelleher ns. Sailorman.
Miss Keane ns. Diamond Lass III. agst. Mrs. Kennedy's Sailor Lassie.
Mrs. Sheehan ns. The Gallows Hill agst. Miss O'Brien ns. Chance VI.

BLACKROCK STAKE—For 16 all-ages. Winner, £33; second, £14; two dogs, £5 10/- each.
Mr. Kingston ns. Moon agst. Mr. King ns. Silent Leader.
Mr. O'Donohoe ns. Veto II. agst. Mr. W. O'Connor ns. Knockfierna II.
Mr. James MacDonnell's Bryanmore agst. Mr. W. O'Sullivan's Rustic Recruit.
Mr. O'Brien ns. Enlist Now agst. Mr. P. Collins ns. Windsor Lass.
Mr. H. Leahy ns. Man From Mons agst. Master Fleming ns. Lovely Maid.
Mr. J. Mulcahy ns. The Coulin agst. Mr. T. Power ns. Mollie.
Mrs. E. J. Fitzgerald ns. Fortune's Wheel II. agst. Mr. J. Bolster ns. The Professor II.
Mr. E. Sheehan ns. Busy Joe agst. Dr. Griffin's Glencairn.
Mr. J. O'Callaghan's Mysterious Parcel agst. Mr. J. O'Connor's Clogheen II.
Mr. F. Daly's Humber II. agst. Mr. W. Desmond's Greenhill Glory.
Mr. J. M'Walker ns. Overhung beat Dr. P. O'Hart's M.A.C.
Mr. J. Hevorin's Connaught Ranger IV. beat Miss C. Crevan ns. Anner Maid.
Mr. E. P. Kerris ns. The Business III. beat Mr. F. J. M'Gonigle's Greenore.
Mr. T. Walsh's Blazing Fred II., a bye; Mr. M. R. Fitzmaurice ns. Guano, absent.
Honor Bright IV. beat Keen Blast.
Doddershall Lady beat Red Park II.
Overhung beat Connaught Ranger IV.
The Business III. beat Blazing Fred II.
Honor Bright IV. beat Doddershall Lady.
Overhung beat The Business III.
Mr. J. R. Nally ns. bd. d. Honor Bright (Hillcourt—Rathmore II.) and Mr. J. M'Walter ns. bd. d. Overhung (Over Hasy—Short Shirt) divided.

KILMOGANNY AND BLACKBOG CLUB MEETING—YESTERDAY.
Judge—Mr. Davin. Slipper—P. Hon. Secretary—Mr. P. Hawe.
BRADSBARN STAKE—For 16 puppies. Winner, £15; second, £5; third and fourth, £2 each.
Mr. B. Burke's Brian Boru V. beat Mr. T. F. Davis's Thomas Up.
Mr. M. J. Quirke's Quaint beat Mr. J. Donovan ns. Holden.
Mr. W. Quirke's Questionable II. beat Mr. T. Gibney's Maggie.
Mr. J. Kelly ns. Orpheus beat Mr. T. Carroll's Tormentor V.
Mr. W. Fallon ns. Fizest Quality beat Mr. J. J. Cahill's Cherry Blossom.
Mr. J. M'Elistrim's Moving Star beat Mr. T. Hare's Fell Streak.
Mr. W. Quirke's Quaker Gown beat Mr. J. Draper's Mr. Dick.
Mr. J. Fleming ns. Banogue II. beat Mr. J. Power's Particular.
II.
Quaint beat Brian Boru V.
Orpheus beat Questionable II.
Fizest Quality beat Moving Star.
Quaker Gown beat Banogue II.
III.
Quaint beat Orpheus.
Quaker Gown beat Fizest Quality.
Mr. M. Quirke's bk. w. b. Quaint (Heavy Brigade—Quakeress) and Mr. W. Quirke's r. f. b. Quaker Gown (Quite Free—Weird Witch) divided.
CASTLEMORRES STAKE—For 16 all-ages. Winner, £15; second, £5; third and fourth, £2 each.
Mr. F. Doyle's Dulcisima beat Mr. T. A. Morris' Magician.
Mr. H. Murphy ns. Shining Lady beat Mr. J. J. Quilish ns. Longtime II.
Miss E. Donovan ns. Fawn Queen beat Mr. J.

LIVE STOCK MARKETS.
[OFFICIAL REPORTS.]
SALFORD.
Fewer fat cattle in the market. Trade ruled slow, owing to dearness; eating Anglesey prices, as few Norfolks and Herefords making 10/cd., and good quality shorthorns 10d. to 10½d. Young cows and bulls 9½d. to 9¾d., and rough animals 7d. to 8d. per lb. Fat sheep also realised more money, light weight Cheviots making up to 15¾d. Leary weights 15d. to 15¾d., and ewes 10d. to 11d. per lb. Numerous surplus of pigs at Manchester, and prices were considerably higher; light weights making 17/6 to 17/8, heavy weights 16/9 to 17/, and sows 14/6 to 15/- per cwt. Receipts here in the market—Cattle 1,486, sheep 8,287, dairy cows 67.

DERBY.
Moderate supply of fat cattle, which were in very firm request at 6d. per lb. more money on the week, the best quality beasts realising 10½d., and fat cows 9½d. Sheep also in keen demand at enhanced quotations, choice quality Norfolk lambs making 14d., and ewes 11¾d. per lb. Fewer fat pigs on offer, but very good, bacons realising 17/6, becons 17/-, and sows 15/6 per score.

NEWCASTLE-ON-TYNE.

PUBLIC AMUSEMENTS.

GAIETY THEATRE.
THE HARRISON FREWIN OPERA COMPANY.
MATINEE TO-DAY at 2.30.
LA TRAVIATA.
RAYMONDE AMY, ESTHER YUNSON, JAY RYAN, JAMES MORRIS, JOHN CLARKE.
TO-NIGHT, at 8.0.—FAUST.
EVANGELINE FLORENCE, ESTHER YUNSON, LEWIS JAMES, KINGSLEY LARK, JOHN HARRISON.
Thursday—THE JEWESS. Friday—TANNHAUSER. Saturday Matinee—CARMEN. Saturday Evening—THE LILY OF KILLARNEY.

EMPIRE THEATRE.
5.50 ..... TWICE NIGHTLY 9.0
THE
BEAUTY MERCHANTS,
A MUSICAL EXTRAVAGANZA IN 3 ACTS.
Company of 30 Artistes.
SUPPORTED BY STAR VARIETY COMPANY

THE ABBEY THEATRE
PERFORMANCES BY THE ABBEY THEATRE COMPANY WILL NOT BE GIVEN THIS WEEK BECAUSE
THE PLAYERS ARE IN LIMERICK.
THEY WILL RETURN ON TUESDAY, MARCH 7, at 8.15 p.m.,
And Play
MIXED MARRIAGE,
By ST. JOHN ERVINE.
And
KATHLEEN NI HOULIHAN,
By W. B. YEATS.
Booking at Theatre, Tel. 3268.

ABBEY THEATRE.
5.30 and 8 p.m.,
"HOBBIES" AND "FULLY QUALIFIED."
BAND OF THE 10th BATT. R.D.F.

QUEEN'S THEATRE.
6.45 ..... TWICE NIGHTLY 9.0
The LITTLE GREY HOME IN THE WEST.
Usual prices. Seats Booked at Theatre, 11 and 3.15. Tel. 3016. Matinee SATURDAY NEXT at 2.30.

BOHEMIAN PICTURE THEATRE, PHIBSBORO'
LAST DAY OF
SIR JOHN HARE IN CASTE.
Showing at 3, 5, 7, and 9 p.m.
THE FINEST ORCHESTRA IN IRELAND.
Prices as usual. Tel. 4407.
TO-MORROW
"AN ENEMY TO SOCIETY" (Metro).

PILLAR PICTURE HOUSE.
SHOWING TO-DAY.
CHAPLIN
In his very Latest Two-part Comedy,
"CHARLIE AT THE SHOW."
First time in Ireland.

DAME STREET PICTURE HOUSE.
Showing up to Saturday, inclusive,
CHAPLIN
In his Latest
"CHARLIE AT THE SHOW."
First time in Dublin.
Splendid Success.
Continuous Performances. 2 to 10.30 p.m.

PROTESTANT HOME FOR ORPHAN AND DESTITUTE GIRLS, 57 Harold's Cross.
SALE OF WORK
will be held (D.V.) in the Grosvenor Hall, Grosvenor road, Rathgar, To-day and To-morrow Afternoon, 12 to 5 o'clock; Evening 7 to 9 o'clock. Admission Free.

ROTUNDA RINK
THE BOYS' BRIGADE DEMONSTRATION,
TO-MORROW (THURSDAY) and FRIDAY, at 8 p.m.
Chairmen—
Thursday—His Grace the Archbishop of Dublin, and
Friday—Colonel Kennard, Officer Commanding Troops, Dublin District.
Parade of "Old Boys" in Khaki.
Visit of Teams from Cork and Carlow.
Drill, Gymnastics, Signalling, Ambulance, etc.
Brass and Pipers' Bands.
Tickets, if purchased before Display, 2/-, 1/6 and 6d. Prices at door, 2/6, 1/6, and 9d. Early door, 7 to 7.15 p.m., to ticket holders 6d. extra. At Messrs. J. Mooney, Cramer's, Pigott's, Chas. Mays, and May's, and principal shops, city and suburbs.

WORK AMONGST SOLDIERS IN DUBLIN.
METHODIST CHURCH COMMITTEE
GRAND CONCERT,
METROPOLITAN HALL,
LOWER ABBEY STREET,
THURSDAY, 9th MARCH, 1916,
At 8 p.m.
Vocalists—Madame Nora Bórel, Madame Eira Haine, Mr. T. W. Hall, Mr. J. Cockburn.
The LEINSTER QUARTETTE (Messrs. J. Barclay Walker, W. J. Cowan, G. Wood, and Sergt. Guard).
Pianoforte: Miss GERTRUDE CLOLAHAN.
Violin: Mr. PATRICK DELANEY.
The BAND OF THE 5th RESERVE REGIMENT OF CAVALRY will play Selections.
Reserved Seats, 2/-; Unreserved Seats, 1/-. Tickets may be had at Messrs. Pigott's, Grafton street.

SLIGO.
SHOW AND SALE OF PURE BRED AND REGISTERED DAIRY BULLS
(Under Department's Scheme).
On WEDNESDAY, 22nd MARCH, 1916.
Schedule and Entry forms from
T. BRIEN, Secretary, Wine street, Sligo.

TO MUSICAL INSTRUMENT DEALERS.
We are exclusive Manufacturers and Exporters of Silk Musical Strings (also) Exporters of Musical Instruments and Merchandise. We are anxious to receive Orders and Inquiries from active firms that deal in Musical Strings, etc. The special features of our Strings are that they are Genuine Handmade of Pure Silk, are extraordinarily durable, purer in tone than any other Strings (Silk) in the world. Another important feature is that they always stay fresh—they do not lose their vitality with age. Prices very moderate. Place a sample Order, and compare with those on the market. Terms—Cash with Order.
NAKANO & CO.,
131 KOZU-MIBANCHO, OSAKA, JAPAN.

PUBLIC NOTICES.
RAILWAY AND CANAL TRAFFIC ACT, 1888.
CLOGHER VALLEY RAILWAY.
COUNTY DONEGAL RAILWAYS JOINT COMMITTEE.
GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY (IRELAND).
MIDLAND RAILWAY (Northern Counties Committee).
SLIGO, LEITRIM, AND NORTHERN COUNTIES RAILWAY.
STRABANE AND LETTERKENNY RAILWAY.
NOTICE OF INCREASE OF RATES.
An intimation having been received from the Steamship Owners of an Increase in their Rates for the Season of the Year, and intended to meet the increased expenditure consequent upon the War, NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, pursuant to the Railway and Canal Traffic Act, 1888, and the Order of the Board of Trade thereunder, dated 29th day of January, 1889, that the above-named Companies intend to Increase the under-mentioned of the Rates published in the Books required by Act of Parliament to be kept for public inspection to the extent and in the manner undermentioned, that the Altered Rates are to come into force on the 1st day of April, 1916.
BY ORDER.
Dated this 1st day of March, 1916.
ALTERATION OF RATES.
Through Rates for Merchandise Traffic between Stations on the Railways of the above-named Companies, on the one hand, and the Ports of Bristol, Cardiff, Swansea, and Newport (Mon.), on the other hand, and the direct Ports of Belfast, William Dixon and Co. on the other hand, will be increased by 5/9 per ton.
NORTHERN BANKING COMPANY, LIMITED.
THE DIVIDENDS on the SHARES of the NORTHERN BANKING COMPANY, LIMITED, will be PAID at the BANK and its BRANCHES on and after 15th inst.
Shareholders will please notify any Change of Address, as the Warrants will be Posted on the 14th inst.
WILLIAM STEEN, Secretary.
Northern Banking Company, Limited,
Belfast, 1st March, 1916.
WEST CLARE RAILWAY COMPANY, LIMITED.
Notice is hereby given that the Annual General Meeting of the Proprietors of the West Clare Railway Company, Limited, will be held at the Company's Offices, 39 Dame street, Dublin, on THURSDAY, the 16th day of March, 1916, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of receiving from the Directors the Report, Financial Account, Statutory Returns, and Statement for the year ended 31st October, 1915, and transacting the General Business of the Company.
By Order of the Board,
W. J. KENNEDY,
Company's Offices, Secretary.
39 Dame street, Dublin.
29th February, 1916.
SOUTH CLARE RAILWAYS COMPANY, LIMITED
Notice is hereby given that the Annual General Meeting of the Proprietors of the South Clare Railways Company, Ltd., will be held at the Company's Offices, 39 Dame street, Dublin, on THURSDAY, the 16th day of March, 1916, at 12.15 o'clock p.m., for the transaction of the business of a General Meeting.
By Order of the Board,
W. J. KENNEDY,
Company's Office, Secretary.
39 Dame street, Dublin.
29th February, 1916.
THE "IRISH FIELD" will be sent to any Address in the United Kingdom for three months for 1/6. Office—11 D'Olier street, Dublin.

PUBLIC AMUSEMENTS.

THEATRE ROYAL
HIPPODROME AND WINTER GARDENS
6.45 ..... TWICE NIGHTLY 9.0
FRED KARNO'S "REVUE" OF BEAUTY CULTURE.
HOT AND COLD.
Preceded by WEE GEORGIE HARRIS, VICTOR and GEORGE, Royal Bioscope.
NEXT WEEK—TWICE NIGHTLY, George Grossmith and Edward Laurillard's Co. in The Musical Play, "THE ONLY GIRL."

THEATRE ROYAL.
MISS PHYLLIS LETT
"The famous Largo of Handel, most superbly sung by Miss PHYLLIS LETT, who, with Mesdames Clara Butt and Foster, makes our leading trio of Contraltos. Later Miss Phyllis Lett sang Dr. Brewer's 'Fairy Pipers.' This, too, was an exquisite piece of work, in style diametrically opposed to that of the Largo, the one grave and majestic, the other light and sparkling, yet each perfect in its manner and sung with a voice of which every note seemed to be half of sunbeams and half of refined gold. Miss Phyllis Lett never sang better. Even by her first note the performance was lifted to a higher plane. We have no finer contralto singer: a finer artist either as to voice, temperament or personal charm, does not exist today.—*Birmingham Gazette.*
Miss PHYLLIS LETT will Sing both the above-mentioned Numbers at the
CONCERT
In Aid of the R.D.F. COMFORTS FUND, on SATURDAY NEXT, 2.30.
Prices, 5s. to 1s. Booking at the Winter Gardens, Theatre Royal.

TIVOLI 7 o.c. 9 o.c. TEL. 4125. **TIVOLI**
THIS WEEK'S FEATURE TURNS
CORNALLA & EDDIE, The Very Eccentrics.
IRENE & HEARNE, Comedy Cyclists.
CORNETTE TRIO, Musicians and Vocalists.

THE COLISEUM THEATRE
6.45—TO-NIGHT—9.0 6.45—TO-NIGHT—9.0
"ROBINSON CRUSOE." "ROBINSON CRUSOE."
NEW TO DUBLIN! ALL-STAR CAST!
MATINEE SATURDAY AT 2.30.
BOX OFFICE 10 a.m. to 10 p.m. 'PHONE 2020.

TO-NIGHT'S CONCERT,
MANSION HOUSE,
CLONGOWES SOCIAL SERVICE CLUB.
Booking at Cramer's. Doors Open 7.30 p.m.

PUBLIC NOTICES.
RESEARCH DEFENCE SOCIETY (DUBLIN BRANCH).
THE SEVENTH
ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING
Of this Branch
Will be held (by permission of the Council)
In the
THEATRE OF THE ROYAL DUBLIN SOCIETY,
On this (WEDNESDAY) AFTERNOON, 1st MARCH, At 4.30 p.m.
The Chair will be taken by
SIR FREDERICK W. MOORE.
A. D. WALLER, M.D., F.R.S., Director of Physiological Laboratory, University of London, Will give an Address on
"FAT CONSUMPTION DURING WAR."
ADMISSION.....FREE.

THE CARNEGIE UNITED KINGDOM TRUST.
STATEMENT OF INCOME AND EXPENDITURE FOR THE YEAR FROM 1st JANUARY TO 31st DECEMBER, 1915.

Balance in Bank and on hand at 1st January, 1915		£27,401	3 11
Investments as at 1st January, 1915		48,885	18 8
		£76,287	2 4
Interest—			
On United States Steel Corporation Bonds..	£105,128	7 9	
On deposits in Bank	698	2 5	
On investments	1,858	1 1	
		£107,684	10 6
		£183,951	12 10
EXPENDITURE.			
Grants promised by Mr. Carnegie of the Carnegie Corporation of New York:—			
Libraries	£27,428	3 3	
Organs	415	0 0	
Baths	3,670	0 0	
		£31,510	3 3
Grants promised by the Trustees:—			
Libraries—			
Rural Libraries— England, including Ambulance, etc.	£1,900	0 0	
Scotland	493	7 4	
Ireland	277	6 6	
Special Libraries	£2,670	13 9	
Redemption of Loan Charges	2,500	0 0	
Building Grants	640	10 0	
	£6,111	3 9	
Organs	14,183	7 6	
Miscellaneous Grants		£5,981	11 3
Total of Grants		£78,491	14 6
Payments towards cost of Reports by Experts		462	6 6
Proportion of cost of Viewfield property		2,283	16 4
Proportion of payments towards costs of additions, alterations, and repairs upon Viewfield property ...		640	8 8
Proportion of maintenance charges of Viewfield property	£31	3 1	
Less proportion of rent received	17	12 0	
		13 11	1
Office Furniture		57	14 10
Administration:— Salaries and Travelling Expenses of Staff	£1,375	8 0	
Trustees' Travelling and Personal Expenses	777	5 0	
Office Rent, lighting, heating, cleaning, and taxes	57	9 9	
Printing, postage, stationery, telephone, and sundries	526	18 1	
		2,737	1 1
Balance— Investments at cost:— £30,000 British Government 4½ per Cent. Consolidated Stock 1925-45	£18,952	14 2	
Made up thus: Cost of £20,000 British Government 5% per Cent. Consolidated Stock, 1925-45	£18,885	18 8	
Cost of Conversion, £1,076 19s. 6d.	67	15 6	
Cost of £4,117 10s. 3d. Bank of England 3½ per Cent. Stock	10,000	1 11	
£7,004 16s. 8d. India 3 per Cent. Stock	5,000	0 0	
£5,068.12s.5d. County of Fife 4 p.c. Redeemable Stock	5,000	0 0	
£6,180 Great Central Railway 5 p.c. Debenture Stock	5,000	1 6	
£6,644 Lancashire and Yorkshire Railway 5 p.c. Preference Stock ..	4,999	16 7	
	£49,952	14 5	
In Bank on Deposit Receipt, £50,000 Os. 0d.; in Bank on Current Account, £2,293 19s. 9d.; in hands of Treasurer, £5 4s. 8d.	52,302	8 5	
		£102,255	2 10
		£183,951	12 10

THOS. GORRIE, Interim Treasurer.
Edinburgh, 28th January, 1916.—I have examined the Accounts of the Intromissions of the Trustee of the Carnegie United Kingdom Trust, for the year to 31st December, 1915, of which the above is an Abstract, and have found the same to be correctly stated and sufficiently vouched and instructed. There has been produced to me a letter from the Bank of England acknowledging receipt of £5,000,000 dollars United States Steel Corporation 5 per Cent. Gold Bonds, and undertaking in exchange therefor to deliver Five per cent. Exchequer Bonds to the face value of Two millions three hundred and eighty-seven thousand three hundred pounds (£2,387,300 stg.) and to pay £107 (£107 stg.) in cash. I have also examined the securities for the Accumulated Balance of Income, amounting, as above, to One hundred and two thousand, two hundred and sixty-five pounds, two shillings and tuppence (£102,265 2s. 10d. stg.), and have found them in order.
WM. HOME COOK, C.A., Auditor.

MUSIC AT THE FRONT.
Amongst contracts secured by Messrs. G. Butler and Sons for above are those for the War Office, Belgian Army (first Dublin contract), 10th Division, 16th Division, 2nd Division, R.I.R., and 108th Field Ambulance Corps, etc., etc., etc.
THE COMFORT OF IT.
All Officers agree that there is nothing more appreciated at the Front than Musical Instruments.
THE ECONOMY OF IT.
One Trench Gramophone entertains a whole Billet. One Band entertains a whole Regiment.
THE COST.
TRENCH GRAMOPHONES, almost as portable as a hand camera (our exclusive models), from £3 3s. 0d.
BANDS, Fife and Drums, Bagpipe, and Brass, from £7 10s. 0d.
SPECIAL TERMS TO REGIMENTS AND COMMITTEES.
BUTLER,
MONUMENT HOUSE,
DUBLIN AND LONDON.
'Phone 2582. "Tires—" Bands, Dublin."
THE Dublin Week-end Paper is the "Weekly Irish Times." Last Edition on Sale every Saturday morning.

HOPKINSON PIANOFORTES.
These charming instruments, British made in every particular, take rank among the leading Pianofortes of the day. For beauty of tone and perfection of touch they are not to be excelled.
All the new Models to be obtained from the Sole Agents—
CRAMER, WOOD & CO., LTD.
4 & 5 WESTMORELAND STREET, DUBLIN.
(21)

J. W. ELVERY & Co., LTD.
WATERPROOFS & SPORTS, LADIES' & GENTLEMEN'S WATERPROOF & RAINPROOF COATS.
MOTOR CLOTHING, CYCLING CAPES AND LEGGINGS.
TENNIS, GOLF, HOCKEY, CRICKET, CROQUET.
BADMINTON.
ALSO A LARGE RANGE OF INDOOR GAMES.
RUBBER BOOTS,
RUBBER HOT WATER BOTTLES, &c.
J. W. ELVERY & Co., LTD.,
ELEPHANT HOUSE,
DUBLIN. CORK. LONDON.

By Royal Warrant
To His Majesty The King.
MOTOR VANS AND LORRIES.
BEVERLY SMYTH & SONS,
REMOVAL CONTRACTORS,
30 SOUTH ANNE ST., DUBLIN.
Furniture Stored. Furniture Depositories:—HARMONY ROW, near Merrion square; YORK STREET, St. Stephen's Green. Furniture Removed by Road, Rail, or Sea.

BOLANDS' BREAD
NOT
MADE OF
FOREIGN FLOUR.
SUPPORT IRISH MILLING.

MEN'S WEAR.
BEST POSSIBLE VALUE,
AT
LOWEST CASH PRICES.
F. G. COLDWELL,
81 GRAFTON ST.

BY APPOINTMENT. BY APPOINTMENT.
WEST & SON
HAVE A VERY LARGE STOCK OF WRIST WATCHES IN BOTH GOLD AND SILVER, Including
THE SERVICE WATCH
IN STRONG SILVER CASE, with LUMINOUS FIGURES and HANDS and SPECIAL LEVER MOVEMENT, PRICE £2 10s. 0d.
SHOWROOMS:
GRAFTON HOUSE,
GRAFTON STREET, DUBLIN.

HIGH WATER AT DUBLIN BAR.

To-day	Morning	9. 4	Evening	9 29
To-morrow	"	9.52	"	10.13

SUNRISE AND SUNSET.

To-day	Rises	6.43	Sets	5.37
To-morrow	"	6.46	"	5.39

LIGHTING-UP TIME ..... 6.37 P.M

ARRANGEMENTS FOR TO-DAY.

Theatre Royal—Hippodrome, 6.45 and 9 p.m.
Gaiety—"La Traviata," 2.30; "Faust," 8 p.m.
Queen's Theatre—"The Little Grey Home in the West," 3 and 9 p.m.
Abbey Theatre—"Hobbies" and "Fully Qualified," 2.30 and 8 p.m.
Empire Theatre—2.50 and 9 p.m.
Tivoli Theatre—7 and 9 p.m.
Coliseum Theatre—"Robinson Crusoe," 6.45 and 9.
Bohemian Picture Theatre, Phibsborough—3, 5, 7, 9.
Pillar Picture House—Continuous Performance.
Dame Street Picture House—2 to 10.30 p.m.
Protestant Home for Orphan and Destitute Girls—Sale of Work, Grosvenor Hall, 12 to 5 and 7 to 9.
Rathmines District Council, 9.30 a.m.
Brooks, Thomas, & Co.—Meeting, 40 Dame street, 12.
Todd, Burns, and Co.—Meeting, 12 o'clock
North Dublin Guardians, 2 p.m.
South Dublin Guardians, 12.30 p.m.
Pim Brothers—Meeting, 22 William street, 3 p.m.
Clergy Sons' Education Society—11 Molesworth street, 4.30 p.m.
Christ Church, Leeson Park, Boy Scouts—Litton Hall, 8 p.m.
Research Defence Society—R.D.S. Theatre, 4.30.
Clongowes Social Service Club Concert—Mansion House, 8.15 p.m.
Distressed Protestants—Meeting, 45 Molesworth street, 3 p.m.

The Irish Times.
WEDNESDAY, MARCH 1, 1916.

The French official review yesterday reported the sinking of the transport Provence II. in the Mediterranean. She had about 1,800 men aboard, including the crew, and it is estimated that of these some 870 have been saved.

At the Chambers of Commerce meeting in London yesterday a discussion took place as to the best means of stimulating our trade after the war. A resolution was carried by a very large majority advocating reciprocal trade relations between all parts of the British Empire, reciprocal trading between the Empire and Allied countries, favourable treatment of neutrals, and restrictions by tariffs or otherwise of trade with enemy countries so as to render impossible dumping or a return to pre-war conditions. The conference also adopted a resolution asking the Government to take immediate steps to create a Ministry of Commerce and Industry. At the luncheon an important speech was delivered by Mr. McKenna on our huge war expenditure and the ability of the country to meet it. Speaking on trade after the war, he foreshadowed the possible abandonment by the Government of the principles of Free Trade.

The inquest on the victims of the Maloja disaster was opened at Dover yesterday, and adjourned in order to hear the evidence of the commander, who had been summoned in London to be received by the King. The Maloja's chief officer expressed the belief that the ship was torpedoed.

The taking over of the Dublin and Blessington Steam Tram by the County Councils of Dublin and Wicklow was discussed at the annual meeting of the Tramway Company yesterday. The Chairman (Mr. T. H. Richardson) denied that there was a debit balance, but said there evidently was no appeal from the auditor's decision, and consequently all that was now required by the County Councils concerned was the consent of the Lord Lieutenant.

The feature of the London Stock Markets yesterday was the weakness of Americans on New York fears regarding the action of Germany in the submarine war field. News from France was regarded as reassuring, and French, Russian, and Japanese Bonds were firm. The ease in the Money Market helped the gilt-edged group. Dividend payments had a good effect on the Money Market. The rate for overnight loans fell from 4½ to 3½ per cent. Discount rates were on the easy side, there being no apprehension of tightening-up conditions in the immediate future. In Dublin the market was quiet. The unfavourable report of the Henry Street Warehouse Company caused some comment. Dublin Distillers Shares were weaker.

Trade After War.

After the war of arms the war of trade. Germany's captains of industry will make no mistake about the meaning of the Conference of Associated Chambers of Commerce which was opened yesterday in London. It represented the embattled commerce and industry of the United Kingdom, and the presence of official visitors from several of the great Dominions gave it an almost Imperial significance. The Conference was summoned for the special purpose of discussing the methods and prospects of British trade after the war. It has shown already that we are done for ever with the old system of *laissez faire*. After this war British trade and industry will be so organised and co-ordinated that no future war will find us embarrassed by the withdrawal of enemy products, and dependent for many necessaries on the good offices or business instincts of neutral countries. The Conference declared yesterday by resolution that the strength and safety of the Empire lie in its ability to produce all its essential requirements from its own soil and factories. That is the great lesson which we have learned from the war, and it is the starting-point of the new Imperial policy. In future British industry will have a brain, a body, and weapons of offence and defence. The Conference calls for the establishment of a Ministry of Commerce with a President who shall sit in the Cabinet. It has given proof—as Manchester, a few days ago, furnished a symptom—of the country's almost complete revolt against that system of Free Trade and commercial indifference to Imperial privileges and responsibilities which encouraged and assisted Germany to plan her present stroke for supremacy in Europe. By a very large majority the representatives of more than one hundred of the Chambers of Commerce of the United Kingdom have said good-bye to Free Trade. They have demanded new fiscal arrangements which will create preferential reciprocity between all the parts of the Empire and between the Empire and its Allies, and will impose tariff restrictions on enemy trade with any part of the Empire. The seed of Mr. Chamberlain's policy has come to sudden and abundant blossom in the soil of war.

Not only in the mind of industry itself, but in the minds of the leaders of former Liberal Governments, the lessons of war have wrought a profound change. The Chancellor of the Exchequer made a remarkable speech to the assembled men of affairs. He spoke hopefully and proudly of the way in which the financial resources of the United Kingdom are enduring the unexampled strain of the present war. It is now certain that the total estimates for this financial year—the huge sum of 1,593 millions—will be realised, and we shall be able to find all necessary money until the war ends in the only possible way. A third part of the expenditure on our services can be met out of the revenue for the full year on the present basis of taxation—an achievement which no other belligerent can hope to rival. In the coming year, with, it may be, a still heavier expenditure, we shall be able to meet a still larger share of the cost of our services out of revenue. This is a comforting promise, although it contains another hint of the "unprecedented taxation" which Mr. Asquith has warned us to expect in the coming Budget. Our essential trade has been maintained; our internal and external credit are unimpaired, and, in Mr. McKenna's view, we shall be still so strong financially that we shall be able to ensure the prosperity of our own and of our Allies' trade after the war. We shall use that strength "to the full" for our own and for their benefit, but we shall no longer rely on our old, happy-go-lucky methods of doing business with the world. Mr. McKenna, we gather, is not yet a convert to the full gospel of Imperial Preference, though many—perhaps a majority—of his colleagues in the Cabinet have given public allegiance to it. He was educated in the strictest sect of the Free Traders. He deprecates any revival of the old Tariff Reform controversy, but he admits that the Free Trade system which left us so largely dependent on Germany at the outbreak of war was unsound, and must be abolished. The former mistakes must never be repeated; and, while theories may remain unchanged, the Government must now begin to stand by British industry in its competition with the State-subsidised industries of great and formidable rivals. Mr. McKenna says that the Government has plans for assisting the development of our foreign trade against these rivals after the war. We do not know what these plans may be, but we are quite sure that, however small the beginning, it will be a real beginning of the end of the policy of *laisser faire*. The industrial interests of the United Kingdom, the people of our Dominions, and our tried and trusted Allies will be pushing an open door.

The industrial awakening of these countries and the consequent tightening of the bonds of Empire—leading, it is certain, to a great Imperial Council in London—will be, after the crushing of German militarism and the immense development of Russia, the biggest result of the war. One wonders if Germany ever contemplated this danger before she took up arms. It is hard to suppose that she would have challenged deliberately the one thing from which she has most to fear—a real organisation of the vast industrial resources of the British Empire. She may have believed that England would keep out of the war, and with her apparently invincible carelessness, would maintain her old system of Free Trade even after Germany had become the mistress of the Continent. She may have seen from the first that England must come into the war, and may have been confident of her own power to crush England as she had expected to crush France. Germany knows the truth to-day. She is menaced not only with defeat in the field and the ruin of all her hopes of territorial aggrandisement, but with a trade competition after the war in which, for the first time in forty years, the odds will be against her. If she had not broken the peace of Europe in 1914, England might have continued to slumber in the arms of Free Trade until the penetration of German trading enterprise had accomplished a bloodless conquest of the world. Germany chose a fatal moment for her fierce bid for world power—a moment too soon for herself, and not too late for England. Where she hoped to strike an irretrievable blow she has wrought a resurrection. She has taught the lessons of her own legitimate success to the most unteachable nation in Europe. We are going to fight her with her own weapons of organisation, protection, and science—applied this time for the good of a peaceful Empire and its Allies, not for the pursuit and glorifying of war. We are at the beginning of a new era in the economic history of these islands.

The Submarine Campaign.

Count Bernstorff has notified the Washington Government of Germany's fixed intention to sink armed merchantmen without warning as from midnight yesterday, and we may assume that the new submarine campaign is now in force. The German Ambassador in Washington has been careful to renew the assurances that unarmed merchant ships will not be attacked without warning. He has not explained, however, in what manner a submarine commander, if he does not examine his intended victim more closely than is practicable through a periscope, can possibly determine whether she is carrying guns or not. But this distinction is not of practical importance so far as the American side of the controversy with Germany is concerned. President Wilson remains immovable in his determination to insist that merchant ships, whether armed or unarmed, must not be sunk with an accompaniment of cold-blooded murder. He stands squarely upon the principles of "humanity and justice" embodied in his policy, and if Germany, in carrying out her threat, should bring her breach of those principles within his jurisdiction by taking American lives, the crisis will be precipitated at once. There will come then that "great opportunity" of which the President spoke at the Gridiron Club in Washington on Saturday. "Valour," he said, "is self-respecting. Valour strikes only when it is right to strike. Valour withholds itself from all small implications and entanglements, and waits for a great opportunity, when the sword will flash as if it carried the light of Heaven upon its blade." The Allies will certainly not expect at this stage that mercy will be shown to any of their merchantmen by a Power which sows in the track of peaceful shipping such undiscriminating mines as that which sank the Maloja. From their point of view the chief interest of this new and much-advertised submarine campaign lies in its implied suggestion of the use of a novel and more formidable engine of destruction. The loss, with nearly a thousand lives, of the French transport Provence in the Mediterranean is the first serious loss suffered in these waters for a considerable period. The beginning of the new campaign suggests that Germany now has at her disposal submarines which, she believes, will be able to protect themselves more effectively from the skill and vigilance of the Allied seamen. Report credits the latest submarines with being, in effect, submersible cruisers, having a very wide radius of action and carrying in an armoured turret guns which would enable them to engage a destroyer on more than equal terms. How much truth there may be in these reports we do not know. We shall be wise, however, not to dismiss Germany's new submarine campaign as mere "bluff," and to be prepared for losses through the appearance of more formidable under-water craft than have hitherto been discovered at sea.

War Pensions.

A number of points relating to pensions for men discharged from the Army as medically unfit for further service were discussed by the House of Lords yesterday. Not all the men so discharged receive pensions. Even with a limited award, the liability already incurred is at the rate of one and a half millions a year, and, if the war be continued for another year, the annual cost of pensions will, not improbably, reach an amount of more than seven millions. These are very large figures: but no one will contend that thought of the extent of the liability ought to prevent the nation from doing justice to the men who have been broken in the war. We must be guided only by fairness to them. One of the points raised yesterday was that the present terms of the authority for the award of pensions exclude the possibility of fair treatment for at least one class of discharged soldiers. At present pensions can only be given in respect of disablement "wholly due to war service." The typical hard case is that of the man discharged on account of tuberculosis, or some similar complaint, which obviously could not have been wholly due to war service, but was, nevertheless, aggravated by his soldiering. A man who was in such a condition as to "break" after a few months of service ought never to have been taken into the Army, and the Marquis of Lansdowne described as culpably negligent the action of medical examining officers who had passed such cases. Nevertheless, as he admitted, the liability of the State towards them was not diminished by blaming the doctors. From the terms of the statements made from the Government Bench by Lord Lansdowne and Lord Newton we gather that the Cabinet will consider the question of altering the terms of the Royal Warrant so as to allow of assistance being given in such cases. Under the auspices of the Statutory Committee a number of useful plans of assistance is being devised and put into working order.

Control of Amusements.

We have learned during the past year and a half that even in the most democratic countries the State must exercise an abnormal degree of war control in all sorts of ways. One has even heard the British Government accused of "Prussianism." The use of such a term to signify excessive interference with individuals accords with what has long been known of the methods of Prussian bureaucracy. A new illustration of these methods is provided by the report to the Diet by the Minister of the Interior on the official control of public morals and public amusements in wartime. Herr von Loebell said that it was natural to think of stopping amusements altogether; but, as that would have done great injury to considerable industries, the police authorities had followed a middle course. It appears from his statement that they have stopped all dancing, and have dealt with theatrical performances on the principle that the programmes must now have "a serious moral basis." Our own authorities have, no doubt, the means of exercising a fairly close control over public amusements, but one is happy to say that they have not tried to impose upon the people a mood of unrelieved gravity. We have need to be serious about grave matters, but there is a place in our scheme for healthy amusement. In a sound people public opinion will be a controlling influence of sufficient strength. When the authorities put restrictions upon the London night clubs they acted as the agents, not as the mentors, of public opinion. Some amusements may have to be controlled on economic grounds, but that is a different matter. The British public does not want the Government to be its moral drill-sergeant.

THE KING HOLDS PRIVY COUNCIL.

The King held a Privy Council at Buckingham Palace yesterday. Lord Chelmsford, the new Viceroy of India, was sworn a Member of Council. His Majesty appointed Sheriffs to serve in England and Wales for the ensuing year. None of the three names originally selected for Yorkshire now being available, the King appointed what is known as a pocket sheriff. The Sheriff for Cornwall will be appointed by the Prince of Wales.

MALOJA'S COMMANDER RECEIVED BY THE KING.

The King received at Buckingham Palace last evening Commander Irving, who was in command of the Maloja when she was sunk off Dover.

GOVERNMENT OF IRELAND ACT.

FURTHER SIX MONTHS' SUSPENSION.

An Order in Council published in the *London Gazette* last night suspends for a further six months the putting into operation of the Government of Ireland Act.

NEW DEPUTY LIEUTENANTS.

With the approval of the Lord Lieutenant, Colonel Sir Nugent Everard has appointed Mr. William George Robert Tisdall, of Charlesfort, Kells, and Major Thomas Collins Gerrard, of Gibstown, Navan, Deputy Lieutenants for the County Meath.

The Earl of Shaftesbury has appointed Mr. John Stoupe Finlay M'Carroe, of Woodburn, Dunmurry; Mr. Edward Coey, of Mervilie, Whitehouse; Mr. Rodger Casement, of Magherintemple, Ballycastle, and Captain John Patrick, of Drumenning, Glarryford, Deputy Lieutenants for the County Antrim.

INDIAN PRINCE'S GIFT OF GUNS.

The Indian Prince, whose gift of guns was made to the King yesterday, was Major-General H. H. Maharaja Sir Madho Singh, G.C.S.I., of Jaipur, Rajputana. The guns, which were ten in number, were a thank-offering for His Majesty's recovery from the effects of his recent accident.

Colonel Sir James Dunlop Smith, Political Adviser to the Secretary of State for India, represented the Maharaja, and to him the King expressed his grateful thanks for the offering. His Majesty has also sent a message of cordial appreciation of the gift to the Maharaja Chief. The guns were handed over by the King to Colonel R. W. S. Browne, who attended on behalf of the War Office. Each gun bears a suitable inscription.

MINISTERS AND WAR ECONOMY.

At a meeting arranged by the National Organising Committee, to be held in the Guildhall this afternoon, the Prime Minister will move, and Mr. Balfour will second, the following resolution:—"That this meeting, recognising that no sacrifice is too great to ensure victory, and that only by rigid national and personal economy can the material resources of the Empire be made available for the prosecution of the war to a victorious peace, pledges itself to support the campaign inaugurated by the National Organising Committee for War Savings by every means in its power." The Chancellor of the Exchequer and Earl Kitchener will support the resolution.

WORK FOR VOLUNTEER TRAINING CORPS.

Mr. Percy Harris, L.C.C., Hon. Secretary of the Central Association of Volunteer Training Corps, has received the following letter from the Minister of Munitions:—

February 26.

DEAR MR. HARRIS,—I am very glad to hear of the work which the Central Association Volunteer Training Corps are doing in connection with the guarding of munition factories and works, and thus relieving the military and police authorities from the necessity which they would otherwise be under of providing men for this purpose. This work is essentially of a kind which your Association can undertake, and I am glad to hear of the steps which have been taken in that direction. I understand that you have been active in arranging this matter with the Department, and desire to tender my thanks and appreciation for all you have done.

(Signed) D. LLOYD GEORGE.

With the prospect of improved status for volunteers there is reason to believe the employment of volunteers for guarding munition factories will be largely extended, thus giving them work for which they are eminently suitable.

ENEMY BUSINESSES TO BE WOUND UP.

The *London Gazette* announces that orders have been issued by the Board of Trade, under the Trading with the Enemy Amendment Act, requiring the undermentioned businesses to be wound up:—

Calamon Asbestos and Rubber Works, Ltd., 3, 5, and 7 Sheppy place, Minories, London, E.

Peter Heimn Tyre Co., Ltd., 190 to 192 Great Portland street, London, W., Bauscher Bros., Weiden, Ltd., Commerce House, 72 Oxford street, London.

W. Rhenish, Rubber and Celluloid Co. (1908, Ltd., 58 Basinghall street London, E.C.

Artistic Rubbles, Ltd., 13 Charterhouse street, London, E.C., Hamburg and Vienna.

India Rubber Co., Ltd., 1 and 3 Golden lane, London, E.C.

The Bernhorf Metal Works, 31 Regent street, London, W.

A. Habbicht, 11 Nelson street, Bradford.

Sir Edward Grey saw the Spanish Ambassador at the Foreign Office yesterday afternoon. Other diplomatists calling at the department included the French, Russian, and Italian Ambassadors, and the Swiss Minister.

LONDON CORRESPON

TRADE AFTER THE WAR.

CHAMBERS OF COMMERCE IN COUNCIL.

PREFERENCE RESOLUTION ADOPTED.

MR. MCKENNA AND WAR FINANCE.

GOVERNMENT TO HEAR FOREIGN TRADE.

LONDON, TUESDAY.

For the purpose of discussing the question of trade after the war, a special meeting of the Association of Chambers of Commerce of the United Kingdom was opened to-day at the Mansion House, London, by Lord Cecil, and will be continued to-morrow (Thursday). It was the largest gathering of commercial men ever known in this country, no fewer than one hundred Chambers of Commerce being represented. Sir Algernon F. Firth (the President) was in the chair. Lord Southwark, Lord Joicey, Lord Desborough, and Lord Rotherham were amongst those present, and the gallery also included representatives of the Colonial Office and Foreign Office, and will be continued to-morrow (Thursday). It was the largest gathering of commercial men ever known in this country, no fewer than one hundred Chambers of Commerce being represented. Sir Algernon F. Firth (the President) was in the chair. Lord Southwark, Lord Joicey, Lord Desborough, and Lord Rotherham were amongst those present, and the gallery also included representatives of the Colonial Office and Board of Trade, and Commercial Attachés of the United States, and Trade Commissioners of Australia, Canada, and South Africa.

The proceedings opened with an expression of loyalty to the King, and of thanks to the Navy and the British Army and Forces.

THE KING'S MESSAGE.

The resolutions on these subjects were received and passed with enthusiasm, and it was decided to send a message to the King. At a later stage of the proceedings the following reply to the President was read:—

His Majesty's Private Secretary is commanded to convey to the President of the Association of Chambers of Commerce of the United Kingdom the King's thanks for his message on behalf of himself and the hundreds of delegates of the Chambers of Commerce of the United Kingdom whom His Majesty asks you to represent. The King has received with much satisfaction your message on behalf of himself and the hundreds of delegates of the Chambers of Commerce of the United Kingdom whom His Majesty asks you to represent. His Majesty desires me to express his gratitude for their assurances of devotion and of confidence in the ultimate victory of the Allies by the Navy and Army.

(Signed) STAMFORDHAM.

The message was received with cheers.

THE STRENGTH OF THE NATION.

The President then moved a resolution from Norwich, placing on record its conviction, based on the experience of the present war, that the strength and safety of the nation lay in its ability to produce what was required from its own soil and industry and the appointment of a Minister of Commerce of Cabinet rank. There were contributions on the subject from Chester, Dublin, and Liverpool.

Eventually it was decided that a committee should be drawn up by a Committee dealing the different phases of all the resolutions, and where the appointment of a Minister of Commerce should be a word said that the War Cabinet in the manner in which the recommendations of the meeting should be brought before the Government for giving effect to them.

THE LUNCHEON.

MR. M'KENNA'S SPEECH.

Mr. McKenna, Chancellor of the Exchequer, was the chief guest at the luncheon. Replying to the toast of his health, Mr. McKenna, who had an enthusiastic welcome, said—After eighteen months of war we have been successful in maintaining our trade unimpaired. (Cheers.) I do not refer to our internal, but our external commerce (Hear, hear.) We have maintained it in a way which is, in my judgment, a surprise to many and a source of strength to carry this war to a successful end to ensure after the war the prosperity both of our trade and of the trade of our Allies. (Cheers.) We have the immense financial power into the scale of the Allies' resources, and we have the full Both for their own and for us hereafter. (Loud cheers.) Our additional expenditure is far higher than any other belligerent Power. We estimate, for the current year, I believe, approximately realised. It amounts to the gigantic total of 1,593 millions, and the total expenditure on our Army may put, in round figures, at 1,000 millions. The advances to the Allies and to England for the English Army and the British Fleet. (Cheers.)

Colonel Hughes (Sheffield) moved a resolution that "the safety of the Empire be substituted for "the safety of the Allies" and that the references to Allies should be deleted. He remarked that our enemies we should never have to fight the Central Empires' misrepresentation of strength in any more than Denmark.

Mr. M. Lewis (Bradford) seconded.

After some discussion, the amendment was accepted as a substantive resolution.

Sir Swire Smith, M.P., proposed an amendment, declaring the value of education as a means of attaining this end.

Mr. Theodore Taylor, M.P., seconded the amendment, said that he did not like the position of Germany was in reply for overwhelming measure the result of the policy, but of their war policy. Let the economic situation be still based on the principle of taxation for the purpose for the private, interest.

Mr. Mackinder, M.P., remarked that the country must prepare, not for retaliation, but for trade—the war had killed them all. (Cheers.)

The amendment was lost, and the resolution as amended carried.

A DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE.

On a proposition from Norwich, a deputation took place on a resolution to appoint a Department of Commerce and the appointment of a Minister of Commerce of Cabinet rank. There were contributions on the subject from Chester, Dublin, and Liverpool.

Eventually it was decided that a deputation should be drawn up by a Committee dealing the different phases of all the resolutions, and where the appointment of a Minister of Commerce should be a word said that the War Cabinet in the manner in which the recommendations of the meeting should be brought before the Government for giving effect to them.

FROM "THE TIMES" OF TO-DAY.

(BY SPECIAL ARRANGEMENT WITH THE PROPRIETORS OF *THE TIMES*.)

THE GREAT BATTLE.

The Germans, says *The Times*, are making no substantial progress before Verdun, and the outcome of the great struggle still hangs in the balance. Our Paris Correspondent, in the despatch we publish to-day, ventures the opinion that the tide of battle has, perhaps, turned, and thinks that the German attack has possibly spent itself. If that were the case—and we must not reach such a conclusion too readily—Germany would be revealed to the whole world as foiled beyond hope. She would have ostentatiously indulged her foible for colossal enterprises, and have found the Western front impregnable. It is too soon, however, to assume that the German offensive is over. We think that the attack against Verdun will probably be pursued, though with increasing certainty that it cannot succeed. And if Germany cannot succeed now, she cannot hope to do so six months hence. If she finds herself eventually compelled to abandon her blow at Verdun, and makes no concerted attempt to strike elsewhere on the Western front, it may be taken for granted that the war will have entered on a new phase, with the hopelessness of Germany's ambitions as its central feature. Until the operations before Verdun reach a more definite stage, however, such speculations cannot be regarded as having sufficiently substantial foundation. Probably it would be nearer the mark to say that the enemy are bringing forward their heavy guns, and are finding the roads very bad.

EARLY CALL TO THE MARRIED.

It is understood, says *The Times*, that the first married groups under the Derby scheme will be called to the Colours early next month. The proclamation summoning them to their military duties will be posted within the next few days. The Home Office remains much occupied with the social problems which will at once arise, and members yesterday welcomed Mr. Long's announcement that the Government were carefully considering the question of a *moratorium* against rent and other necessary liabilities. Ministers are being pressed to make known as early as possible the measures of relief which they contemplate taking, for the call-up of the married groups will be called out before mid-summer. Note was also taken of Mr. Tennant's statement last night, that the Government were considering the setting free of single men from the Colours by the transference of married men to the reserved occupations. The War Office is seeking young men wherever it can find them, and it has discovered by experience of the working of the local tribunals that a large number are to be had for the asking from the reserved occupations.

BRITISH REPORTS.

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS IN FRANCE, TUESDAY, 9.35 P.M.

To-day our artillery bombarded enemy trenches about Ovillers, Authuille, and Fromelles.

There has been considerable artillery activity by both sides about Ypres.

This morning a German aeroplane, Albatross type, was brought down south of Merville behind our lines.

Another hostile aeroplane turned completely over, burst into flames, and fell behind the German lines in the vicinity of La Bassée.

This afternoon a German captive balloon broke loose, and drifted northwards at a great height, passing over our lines east of Bethune.

PRESS BUREAU, TUESDAY, 11.55 P.M.

The Secretary of the Admiralty makes the following announcement:—

Flight Sub-Lieutenant Simms, R.N.A.S., to-day attacked and shot down a hostile aeroplane, which fell in flames a short distance in front of the Belgian lines, the combat and result being in full view of the Belgian soldiers in the trenches.

FRENCH REPORTS.

(PRESS ASSOCIATION WAR SPECIAL.)

PARIS, TUESDAY.

The official *communiqué* issued this afternoon states:—

North of Verdun the combat has continued more intensely in the sector to the east of the Meuse.

In the course of the night violent local attacks, renewed repeatedly in the region of the village of Douaumont, and continued to the point of hand-to-hand fighting, were repulsed by our troops.

In the Woevre the Germans succeeded, after an intense artillery preparation, in obtaining possession of the village of Manheulles.

An immediate counter-attack brought us back to the border west of the village, which we hold under our fire.

In Lorraine the enemy penetrated into some small elements of an advanced trench, from which he was driven out almost immediately.

There is nothing to report on the rest of the front.

11 P.M.

Between Soissons and Rheims our artillery bombarded the important points behind the enemy's front.

In Champagne our batteries wrecked the German organisations in the region of Hill 193. West of Maisons de Champagne the Germans exploded a mine, the crater of which we occupied.

In the region of Verdun the bombardment continued on the northern front with less intensity than on the preceding days. No infantry action was reported in the course of the day.

The Germans are entrenching themselves on the northern slopes of the Poivre Ridge, the first crest of which is occupied by our advanced troops.

We violently bombarded Samogneux, where an enemy battalion had assembled.

At different points of the Woevre front our artillery fire prevented enemy attacks, which were in preparation, from being carried out.

In the Vosges there was great artillery activity in the region of Sexones and of the Ban de Sapt. East of Seppois a counter-attack by us drove the enemy from some trench elements into which he had penetrated in the morning.

FRENCH REVIEW.

BLOW AGAINST VERDUN HAS NOT SUCCEEDED.

(PRESS ASSOCIATION WAR SPECIAL.)

PARIS, TUESDAY.

To-day's French review of events contains the following:—

The crushing blow aimed by the Germans against Verdun has not succeeded. North-east of the town the German troops for the last three days remain stationary, and are unable to advance. Lastly, the Germans attacks took place in the region of Douaumont, and led to hand-to-hand fighting. They were everywhere repulsed by our troops. Since yesterday the German Army appears to be attempting a diversion east of Verdun in the Woevre.

Yesterday, after intense artillery preparation the Germans assaulted the village of Manheulles, where they were able to penetrate, and which for a moment they left behind them.

An immediate counter-attack brought the French troops back to the western edge of the village.

On the Western front, in Lorraine, in the region of Badonviller, the enemy entered four small portions of advanced trenches, whence he was immediately driven out.

GERMAN REPORT.

(PRESS ASSOCIATION WAR SPECIAL.)

AMSTERDAM, TUESDAY.

The German *communiqué* states:—

Western theatre—Increased artillery activity continued in several places.

East of the Meuse we stormed some small armoured fortifications north-east of the village of Douaumont. A renewed attempt by the enemy to attack in this sector collapsed before the attacks could develop.

In the Woevre sector our troops marched through Dieppe, Abencourt, and Elanzee; cleared the enemy out of the extensive wooded district north-east of Matronville and Haudremont, and took Manheulles and Champlon by storm.

Up to yesterday evening unwounded prisoners numbered 258 officers, 16,570 men. We had also taken 78 guns, among them many of heavy calibre, 86 machine-guns, besides material in quantities so great that they cannot yet be estimated.

Near Forestery House, at Thionville, north-east of Badonviller, we attacked and captured the salient of a French position and took a large number of prisoners.

HAMMERING VERDUN.

(TIMES WAR TELEGRAMS, PER PRESS ASSOCIATION.)

PARIS, MONDAY.

(DELAYED IN TRANSMISSION.)

The French, with their backs to the wall of Verdun, are fighting with increasing optimism. There are growing indications that the fresh crushing organisation of the Germans is slackening, and that the tide has reached high-water mark, if it is not already on the turn.

The French counter-attack at Douaumont marked the beginning of this phase of the battle, the confusion of which tends to disappear as the French develop and strengthen the counter-attack along the line.

What has happened may be briefly described. The Germans, in a methodical, mathematical spirit, have learned the lessons of the Champagne offensive. In that great attack the French, by pouring so many tons of high explosive on a front of such a length, and by following up the attack with so many men, succeeded in more than one spot in piercing completely the German defensive line. Full profit could not be taken of that fact, owing to the length of the front and the consequent comparative lack of men.

The enemy, therefore, decided, by reducing the front of their offensive and increasing the expenditure of shells, and the density of the attacking troops to effect a great break, such as that which the French just failed to achieve in Champagne. Their purpose was defeated on the first day by the tenacity of the French defence, the wealth of the French munitions, and by well-timed withdrawals along the line.

After that first day there was a period of hesitation and reconsideration at German Headquarters, as is shown by the uncertain and wavering inspired military comment, and by the German *communiqués* themselves.

After that reconsideration of situation it was deemed worth while, despite the fact that the first assault had not achieved its purpose, to continue to batter upon the French lines nearest to Verdun. This second effort having been brought to a standstill, the enemy appears to be about to begin an attack upon the eastern wall of the Meuse heights which rises abruptly like a cliff from the Woevre plain.

The difficulties of this enterprise are enormous.

About one hundred refugees, worn out by their journey and trials of the past week, but in excellent spirits, arrived in Paris last night from the battle zone, which they had very reluctantly left at the express wish of the military authorities. An old inhabitant of Verdun says the bombardment of Verdun itself began early on Monday morning by batteries situated in the region of Spincourt, and continued all day, without doing much damage.

On Tuesday, however, the town suffered much damage from bombardment by the enemy's heavy artillery, and there were many civilian victims.

On Wednesday many of the suburbs were severely hammered. The new church of Verdun and the fine old Cathedral, which dates from the twelfth century, were the targets of the enemy's guns. The bombardment increased daily in intensity, and at certain periods during the night of Thursday-Friday heavy shells fell at a rate of almost one a minute.

THE STRUGGLE FOR VERDUN.

FIGHTING CONTINUES.

FIERCE BATTLE AT DOUAUMONT.

ENEMY SUCCESS IN THE WOEVRE.

BRITISH AIRMAN'S FEAT.

BRINGS DOWN ENEMY MACHINE.

The battle of Verdun still continues, but, as the French review puts it, the crushing blow aimed at the fortress has not succeeded. The Germans have been held stationary for three days, and were unable to advance in that region.

The afternoon French communique states that north of the fortress, and in the sector east of the Meuse, the combat was even more intense than on the previous days. Violent local attacks took place in the region of the village of Douaumont followed by hand-to-hand fighting, in which the French were successful. According to the night report, the bombardment was less intense.

In the Woevre the French admit the loss of the village of Manheulles. The Germans claim in this sector, in addition to the capture of Manheulles, to have taken some other minor positions.

The Germans claim that their prisoners now number 228 officers and 16,575 men. They also claim to have captured 78 guns (some of heavy calibre), 85 machine guns, and other material.

Sir Douglas Haig reports that a German Albatross aeroplane was brought down behind the British lines. Another enemy aeroplane was seen to turn over, burst into flames, and fall behind the German lines. During the day there was considerable artillery activity on both sides in the region of Ypres.

The Admiralty announce that one of the aeroplanes referred to was brought down as the result of a brilliant feat by Flight Sub-Lieutenant Simms, R.N.A.S., who attacked.

BRITISH REPORTS.

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS IN FRANCE, TUESDAY, 9.35 P.M.

To-day our artillery bombarded enemy trenches about Ovillers, Authuille, and Fromelles.

There has been considerable artillery activity by both sides about Ypres.

This morning a German aeroplane, Albatross type, was brought down south of Merville behind our lines.

Another hostile aeroplane turned completely over, burst into flames, and fell behind the German lines in the vicinity of La Bassée.

This afternoon a German captive balloon broke loose, and drifted northwards at a great height, passing over our lines east of Bethune.

PRESS BUREAU, TUESDAY, 11.55 P.M.

The Secretary of the Admiralty makes the following announcement:—

Flight Sub-Lieutenant Simms, R.N.A.S., to-day attacked and shot down a hostile aeroplane, which fell in flames a short distance in front of the Belgian lines, the combat and result being in full view of the Belgian soldiers in the trenches.

FRENCH REPORTS.

(PRESS ASSOCIATION WAR SPECIAL.)

PARIS, TUESDAY.

The official *communiqué* issued this afternoon states:—

North of Verdun the combat has continued more intensely in the sector to the east of the Meuse.

In the course of the night violent local attacks, renewed repeatedly in the region of the village of Douaumont, and continued to the point of hand-to-hand fighting, were repulsed by our troops.

In the Woevre the Germans succeeded, after an intense artillery preparation, in obtaining possession of the village of Manheulles.

An immediate counter-attack brought us back to the border west of the village, which we hold under our fire.

In Lorraine the enemy penetrated into some small elements of an advanced trench, from which he was driven out almost immediately.

There is nothing to report on the rest of the front.

11 P.M.

Between Soissons and Rheims our artillery bombarded the important points behind the enemy's front.

In Champagne our batteries wrecked the German organisations in the region of Hill 193. West of Maisons de Champagne the Germans exploded a mine, the crater of which we occupied.

In the region of Verdun the bombardment continued on the northern front with less intensity than on the preceding days. No infantry action was reported in the course of the day.

The Germans are entrenching themselves on the northern slopes of the Poivre Ridge, the first crest of which is occupied by our advanced troops.

We violently bombarded Samogneux, where an enemy battalion had assembled.

At different points of our Woevre front our artillery fire prevented enemy attacks, which were in preparation, from being carried out.

In the Vosges there was great artillery activity in the region of Sexones and of the Ban de Sapt. East of Seppois a counter-attack by us drove the enemy from some trench elements into which he had penetrated in the morning.

MILITARY CHAPLAINS AND THE VICTORIA CROSS.

Mr. J. H. Tennant, Under Secretary for War, replying to a letter from Mr. John Redmond on the subject of Irish military chaplains and the Victoria Cross, says:—

The Victoria Cross was instituted on the 29th January, 1856, and only one clergyman, so far, has been awarded this distinction (the Rev. J. W. Adams, Bengal Ecclesiastical Establishment, for the campaign of 1878-1880). Conspicuous bravery before the enemy is the only qualification, and ranks, religion, etc., are, of course, immaterial. The recommendations for the award of the Victoria Cross are made by the Commander-in-Chief in the field, and no clergyman of any denomination has been recommended to the War Office during the present campaign for the award. I need only say that there is no differentiation between Roman Catholic chaplains and any others.

It is interesting to note that the late Rev. J. W. Adams was a graduate of Trinity College, Dublin. In the summer term of 1905 the University of Dublin marked its sense of his distinction by conferring on him the honorary degree of M.A.]

LIGHT LIEUTENANT ROSHER'S DEATH.

A verdict of death from misadventure while flying a machine was returned at an inquest at Dover yesterday on Flight Lieutenant Arnold Rosher, 22, who was killed in a fall from a height of 200 feet on Sunday. The coroner, giving some particulars of the gallant airman's career, said that he was gazetted in September, 1914, was one of the 34 pilots who took part in raids on Ostend and Zeebrugge on the following February, and was engaged in subsequent raids on Ostend and Hoboken, Antwerp. In March, 1915, he had a narrow escape from disaster at Dunkirk, and won a memorable encounter with a Zeppelin.

EXCHEQUER RETURNS.

The Exchequer returns from April 1st, 1915, to 26th February last show:—

Receipts	£276,091,956
Expenditure	£1,310,279,850

For the corresponding period of the previous twelve months the figures were:—

Receipts	£188,635,583
Expenditure	£456,878,347

(CONTINUED ON PAGE 6, COLUMN 2.)

BALKAN FIELD OF WAR.

SALONIKA DEFENCES.

MOST FORMIDABLE IN THE WORLD.

(FROM THE PRESS ASSOCIATION SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.)

SALONIKA, FEB. 25 (DELAYED).

General Moschopoulos, Commander-in-Chief of the Greek forces at Salonika, in an interview to-day on the subject of his recent visit to the French and British lines, said—"The fortified works thrown up by the British and French are magnificent and astounding. Their engineers have done marvels.

"In three months they have carried out twelve months' work. The result is to-day Salonika is safe from all attacks. If the Bulgarians and Germans attempt to advance they would encounter ramparts of steel. All the works have been designed in accordance with the latest teachings of military science. Salonika is daily becoming one of the most formidable entrenched camps in the world."

Referring to the relations between Greece and the *Entente*, General Moschopoulous said that he was very pleased that they were becoming more cordial, and that he hoped that all misunderstandings would be dissipated, and the traditional ties uniting the Greeks and the Allies be strengthened. "King Constantine," he added, "has telegraphed to me instructions to grant all possible facilities to the Allies as regards the transport of troops and munitions, as well as revictualling. I have informed the Commander-in-Chief of the French and British forces of my instructions, and offered him my collaboration."

THE SERBIAN ARMY AT CORFU.

We learn from a well-informed source that, despite terrible losses, the Serbian Army has retained its original formation, and 160,000 troops require nothing but repose, re-equipment, and a certain amount of reorganisation to present once more a force capable of playing a *rôle* in the Balkans which only those who know the magnificent heroism of the Serbian soldier can properly estimate. The Italian and French forces co-operated so effectively that the transport of the Serbians to Corfu was completed thirty days sooner than originally estimated. A party of British engineers, by improving routes and means of crossing rivers, facilitated the march of the Serbian forces southward along the coast.

CIVIL SERVICE ESTIMATES.

FIGURES IN REGARD TO IRELAND.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, TUESDAY.

A White Paper issued to-day gives some details regarding the Civil Service Estimates for the coming financial year.

With regard to Ireland, it appears that the total Vote-on-Account allowances for Irish public offices will amount to £66,668, as compared with £65,603 of the present year. Miscellaneous allowances are down for £25,109, against £29,704. The allowance for the King's Plates to be run for in Ireland is unchanged at £1,563. A grant of £1,000 is the final instalment of a grant of £4,000 to the Waterford County Council as a contribution to the cost of constructing a sea wall at Tramore. The Office of Arms, Ireland, is estimated to cost £1,111, as compared with £1,103 this year. There is also an item of £40 this year for the cost of providing and repairing certain Insignia of the Knights of the Order of St. Patrick.

HOSPITALS AND CHARITIES.

The amount estimated to be required for hospitals and charities, Ireland, is £16,778, a decrease of £75 on the present year. This decrease is accounted for by a reduction of £5 in the salary list of the Board of Superintendence, £40 in rent, and a reduction of £32 in the fund for charitable allowances. The grants to the various hospitals remain unchanged.

The following table shows the estimated expenditure and income, exclusive of Parliamentary grant to certain hospitals in Dublin for the year ending 31st March, 1917:—

Hospital	Estimated Income.	Estimated Expenditure.	Deficiency of income.
	£.	£.	£.
Westmoreland Lock	Nil.	2,841	2,841
Rotunda Lying-In	6,729	8,188	1,463
Coombe Lying-In	6,786	7,428	642
House of Industry	3,004	20,172	17,168
Adel. St. Fever	6,531	6,506	2,975
Meath	6,900	8,183	1,283
Victoria Eye and Ear	4,524	4,624	100
Dr. Steevens	6,241	9,605	3,364
Incurables	6,493	10,246	3,753

The grants to public infirmaries are unchanged at £223.

THE DEVELOPMENT GRANT.

With a credit of £2 and a vote of £185,000, the Development Fund will amount to £185,002. The proposed application of this sum is as follows:—Following the payment prescribed in Sections 38 and 39 of the Irish Land Act, 1903:—

To the Congested Districts Board, £20,000.
To Trinity College, Dublin, £5,000.
To Excess Stock, £160,000.

The report stated that the balance of £2 above the statutory charges will remain unallocated for the present.

FRENCH TRANSPORT SUNK.

GREAT LOSS OF LIFE.

(PRESS ASSOCIATION WAR SPECIAL.)

PARIS, TUESDAY.

The French "Review of Events" to-day says: The auxiliary cruiser Provence II., temporarily employed in transporting troops to Salonika, was sunk on February 26 in the Central Mediterranean.

According to reports received up to the present 296 survivors were taken to Malta and about 400 to the Island of Milo by French and British trawlers and destroyers on patrol duty, which hastened to the help of the vessel in reply to her wireless calls.

M. Bokanowski, Deputy for the Seine Department, now attached to the Staff of the Eastern Army, declares that no periscope was seen either before or after the ship was struck, and no track of a torpedo was noticed. No column of water was thrown up. At the moment of the explosion the watch was being very carefully kept on board. The gun crews of the ship remained at their posts until the last moment.

There were about 1,800 men on board, including the crew. The weather was very clear, and nothing more than a slight sea was running. The vessel, which appears to have turned over on her beam, was struck in the neighbourhood of the main mast, and sank in fourteen minutes.

It is not known whether all the rafts—of which a sufficient supply was aboard—could be utilised. About ten vessels are now on the scene of the disaster, and the search for survivors continues.

A *communiqué* issued at 3 p.m. by the Ministry of Marine states that according to the latest information there are now at the Island of Milo 489 survivors from the transport Provence II., and 85 more are shortly expected there on board a patrol vessel.

The number of survivors is now believed to be 570.

RECORD OF SUNKEN SHIPS.

The Secretary of the Admiralty issues the following list of unarmed British vessels torpedoed and sunk by enemy submarines, without warning, to 31st December, 1915:—

30th January, 1915—St. Taku Maru.
15th February—Dulwich.
20th February—Cambank.
23rd February—Branksome, Chine, and Oakby.
24th February—Western Coast, Rio Parana, Harpalion, Blackwood, and Princess Victoria.
11th March—Florazan.
13th March—Invergyle.
18th March—Glenartney.
21st March—Canfran Torr.
22nd March—Concord.
1st April—Seven Seas.
4th April—Harpalyce.
15th April—Ptarmigan.
18th April—Vanilla.
1st May—Edale.
3rd May—Minterne.
6th May—Centurion.
7th May—Lusitania.
18th May—Drumclree.
19th May—Dumfries.
21st June—Saidieh.
4th June—Inkum.
8th June—Strathcarron.
12th June—Leuctra.
15th June—Strathearn.
28th June—Dumfreshire.
28th July—Mangara.
1st August—Fulgens.
10th August—Rosalie.
16th August—Arnfinn.
19th August—Arabic.
12th September—Astoria.
19th November—Hallamshire.

All the foregoing are steamships, except Vanilla, which is a trawler.

List of neutral vessels torpedoed by enemy submarines without warning to 31st December, 1915:—

February 19th—Belridge (Norwegian).
March 13th—Hannah (Swedish).
April 3rd—Douro (Portuguese).
April 14th—Folke (Swedish).
April 15th—Katwijk (Dutch).
April 17th—Hippontos (Greek).
May 2nd—Gulflight (American).
May 7th—Ellen (Swedish).
May 25th—Nebraskan (American).
May 26th—Betty (Danish).
June 9th—Svein Carl (Norwegian).
July 14th—Ryn (Norwegian).
August 18th—Magda (Norwegian).
August 27th—Uranus (Swedish).

In addition to the above there are several cases in which there is no reasonable doubt that the vessel was sunk by a torpedo without warning from a submarine. In the absence of actual proof, due to lack of survivors, or from other causes, these cases are omitted from this list.

UNITED STATES ATTITUDE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

WASHINGTON, TUESDAY.

Mr. Lansing, referring to various reports in the morning newspapers purporting to give the position of the State Department in regard to the German Memorandum, to-day made the following formal statement:—

"I wish to say that the contents of the communication were not made public by me, and that any statement as to the views of the State Department is absolutely unauthorised. I have made no comment and expressed no opinion regarding the matter."

The Memorandum was discussed to-day at a Cabinet meeting, and also at a separate conference between President Wilson and Mr. Lansing, but no conclusion was reached. It was decided to await additional *data*, which are on the way from Berlin, regarding the alleged instructions of the British Admiralty to merchant captains to attack submarines. It was afterwards intimated, however, that the United States would continue to stand firmly behind the position that attacks without warning should not be made on merchantmen, whether unarmed or armed for defence, and would hold Germany accountable if that position was not observed.

HARRISON FREWIN OPERA COMPANY.

"IL TROVATORE."

Frequently it is puzzling to think why some persons attend opera, unless they want a comfortable seat in a warm building. Scene after scene of "Il Trovatore," performed by the Harrison Frewin Opera Company at the Gaiety Theatre, Dublin, last night, was spoiled for several persons by continuous conversation. "Il Trovatore" opera went with a good deal of spirit, and the skilfully constructed climaxes were given with a force which brought its reward in the shape of sustained applause. Better acquaintance with the chorus confirms first good impressions. While it is not unduly strong, and slight raggedness in attack is still noticeable, the clearness of the voices and the careful maintenance of pitch commend the chorus strongly. The latter quality was in evidence even in the test of singing "off." Chorus and orchestra also worked well together, and the orchestra was skilfully utilised in pointing the dramatic revelations of the libretto. Miss Raymonde Amy showed herself a capable singer in the character of Leonora, the heroine of the opera, which she made thoroughly effective. Her soprano voice is of agreeable quality and sympathetic in tone, and she used it with skill. The part of Azucena, the gypsy, was entrusted to Miss Dorothea Bastone, who sustained it creditably. It is not exactly a part grateful in appearance or melody to the artist or audience, but necessary to the plot, and the character of the declamation tended to give a hardness to Miss Bastone's voice, which is of good capacity and well produced. Its tones accorded well with those of Mr. William Boland in the character of Manrico, the troubadour. Mr. Boland's singing was among the best of the evening. The good quality of his tenor voice is recognised, and he sang with spirit and distinction. Mr. James Morris, who sustained the character of Ferrando, the steward, also acquitted himself well. The character of Count de Luna was taken by Mr. Jay Ryan, whose singing was rather disappointing, on account of his pronunciation and lack of ease in production. It may be that he is labouring under a temporary disability, and that better things are to be expected of him. Miss Florence Parry, as Inez, and Mr. Harry Lawn, as Ruiz, completed the band of principals, and acquitted themselves in satisfactory style. The staging calls for a word of praise, the gypsy and soldiers' encampments in particular making artistic pictures, with effective scenic backgrounds.

PARLIAMENT.

PENSIONS OF DISABLED SOLDIERS.

SUGGESTED MODIFICATION OF ROYAL WARRANT.

CONSOLIDATED FUND BILL.

REJECTED MEN AND MILITARY SERVICE.

In the House of Lords yesterday, Viscount French of Ypres took the oath and subscribed the roll, afterwards taking his seat.

Viscount Peel called attention to the pensions and allowances of soldiers discharged from the Army on account of wounds and diseases contracted or developed on service with the Colours, and asked the Government whether any alteration in the rules governing the grant of such pensions was desirable. He suggested that the words of the Royal Warrant limiting such grants to cases of illness or injury, "wholly due to war service," should be altered to "aggravated by military service."

Lord Newton admitted the importance of the matter, and said that every opportunity was taken to stretch the regulations as far as possible. He was inclined to agree that the word "aggravated" might, in some form or other, appear in the Royal Warrant. If all the men at present discharged received pensions the cost would be about £2,500,000, and by March, 1917, it would probably rise to £11,360,000.

Lord Lansdowne assured the House that the Government desired to see this matter dealt with not only fairly and justly, but in a spirit of liberality towards the men.

In the House of Commons the Consolidated Fund Bill and the Naval Prize Bill were read a third time.

HOUSE OF LORDS—Tuesday.

The LORD CHANCELLOR took his seat upon the woolsack at a quarter-past four o'clock.

VISCOUNT FRENCH OF YPRES.

Viscount FRENCH of YPRES (Sir John French), who was introduced by Viscounts Haldane and Falmouth, took the oath and subscribed the roll on his elevation to the peerage.

The ceremony, which was attended with the formalities customary in the introduction of a new peer, was witnessed by less than half-a-dozen peers. The Duke of Norfolk was present in his capacity as Earl Marshal, and the Marquis of Lincolnshire, Lord Great Chamberlain, took part in the proceedings, instructed by Garter King-at-Arms (Sir A. Scott Gatty).

The new peer and his sponsors were conducted to the Viscounts' bench, on the Opposition side of the House, below the gangway, where Viscount French formally took his seat.

DISCHARGED SOLDIERS' ALLOWANCES.

Viscount PEEL called attention to the pensions and allowances of soldiers discharged from the Army on account of wounds and diseases contracted or developed on service with the Colours, and asked the Government whether any alteration in the rules governing the grant of such pensions was desirable. He said that men were passed into the Army as physically fit, and it seemed to him very difficult for the Government to turn round on their own action and plead the comparative laxity of their own medical examination as occasion for refusing pensions. (Hear, hear.) If an insurance company refused to pay claims on a similar plea it would not do a very extensive business. He suggested that the words of the Royal Warrant, "Wholly due to war service," were rather too strict, and that there should be substituted for them the words, "Aggravated by military service."

The Marquis of SLIGO hoped that there would be a public announcement that industry and self-respect on the part of disabled soldiers would not necessarily mean reduced pensions.

Lord BERESFORD urged that men injured in the war should be more generously treated than was at present the case. No one who had fought for his country should be permitted to go to the workhouse and buried in what was styled "a pauper's grave."

LORD NEWTON.

Lord NEWTON agreed that the subject was one of great and growing importance. He further did not dispute that in regard to the present war former precedents as to pensions should count for very little. This fact had been recognised by the Government, and the pensions for German Memorandum, to-day made the following formal statement:—

"I wish to say that the contents of the communication were not made public by me, and that any statement as to the views of the State Department is absolutely unauthorised. I have made no comment and expressed no opinion regarding the matter."

The Memorandum was discussed to-day at a Cabinet meeting, and also at a separate conference between President Wilson and Mr. Lansing, but no conclusion was reached. It was decided to await additional *data*, which are on the way from Berlin, regarding the alleged instructions of the British Admiralty to merchant captains to attack submarines. It was afterwards intimated, however, that the United States would continue to stand firmly behind the position that attacks without warning should not be made on merchantmen, whether unarmed or armed for defence, and would hold Germany accountable if that position was not observed.

HARRISON FREWIN OPERA COMPANY.

"IL TROVATORE."

Frequently it is puzzling to think why some persons attend opera, unless they want a comfortable seat in a warm building. Scene after scene of "Il Trovatore," performed by the Harrison Frewin Opera Company at the Gaiety Theatre, Dublin, last night, was spoiled for several persons by continuous conversation. "Il Trovatore" opera went with a good deal of spirit, and the skilfully constructed climaxes were given with a force which brought its reward in the shape of sustained applause. Better acquaintance with the chorus confirms first good impressions. While it is not unduly strong, and slight raggedness in attack is still noticeable, the clearness of the voices and the careful maintenance of pitch commend the chorus strongly. The latter quality was in evidence even in the test of singing "off." Chorus and orchestra also worked well together, and the orchestra was skilfully utilised in pointing the dramatic revelations of the libretto. Miss Raymonde Amy showed herself a capable singer in the character of Leonora, the heroine of the opera, which she made thoroughly effective. Her soprano voice is of agreeable quality and sympathetic in tone, and she used it with skill. The part of Azucena, the gypsy, was entrusted to Miss Dorothea Bastone, who sustained it creditably. It is not exactly a part grateful in appearance or melody to the artist or audience, but necessary to the plot, and the character of the declamation tended to give a hardness to Miss Bastone's voice, which is of good capacity and well produced. Its tones accorded well with those of Mr. William Boland in the character of Manrico, the troubadour. Mr. Boland's singing was among the best of the evening. The good quality of his tenor voice is recognised, and he sang with spirit and distinction. Mr. James Morris, who sustained the character of Ferrando, the steward, also acquitted himself well. The character of Count de Luna was taken by Mr. Jay Ryan, whose singing was rather disappointing, on account of his pronunciation and lack of ease in production. It may be that he is labouring under a temporary disability, and that better things are to be expected of him. Miss Florence Parry, as Inez, and Mr. Harry Lawn, as Ruiz, completed the band of principals, and acquitted themselves in satisfactory style. The staging calls for a word of praise, the gypsy and soldiers' encampments in particular making artistic pictures, with effective scenic backgrounds.

(CONTINUED ON PAGE 6, COLUMN 3.)

ROLL OF HONOUR

LAST NIGHT'S LISTS.

The losses recorded in last night's casualty lists are:—Officers—Dead, 2; wounded, 11—total, 13.

	Dead.	W.	Total.
France (Feb. 20, etc.).....	1	11	12
Mediterranean	1	—	1
	2	11	13

CANADIAN CONTINGENT.

OFFICERS WOUNDED.

BULL, Lt. W. E., 4th Field Co. Canadian Engrs.
CALVIN, Lt. R. N., 6th Field Co. 2nd Canadian Engineers.

NEW ZEALAND FORCE—MEDITERRANEAN.

OFFICER DIED.

GRIFFITHS, Sec. Lt. G., Canterbury Infantry Batt.

BRITISH EXPEDITIONARY FORCE.

OFFICER DIED OF WOUNDS.

LAYMAN, Sec. Lt. A. C., 17th Lancs. Fusiliers.

OFFICERS WOUNDED.

FORTUNE, Sec. Lt. S. W., 10th Rifle Brigade.
FRASER, Lt. C. S., 20th Ryl. Fusiliers.
GAZE, Sec. Lt. A. N., 4th Bedfordshire Regt.
MACKESY, Capt. and Adjut. P. J., Ryl. Engineers.
PEARD, Lt. J. C. N., 3rd Somerset L.I.
POWELL, Lt. E. C., 10th Ryl. Welsh Fusiliers.
PRATT, Capt. E. R., R.G.A.
REMNANT, Sec. Lt. R. H. F., 6th Ryl. Berks Regt.
STEWART, Capt. P., 10th Highland L.I.

OTHER RANKS.

FRANCE.

FEBRUARY 20th, 1916.

IRISH REGIMENT

TRADE AFTER THE WAR.

(CONTINUED FROM PAGE 4.)

services no hopes that the House of Commons and the country would support him in his proposals to meet a still bigger proportion out of the revenue of the year. (Cheers.) That was a fact which was very material to the maintenance of our credit. Whosoever lent the Government money might know that we were providing out of our revenue a sure return of interest, and an ample margin for the sinking fund to ensure a return of the payment of capital. (Cheers.)

TRADE AND VICTORY.

Another vital fact was that, notwithstanding these immense demands upon us, we had been able to maintain our essential trade. (Hear, hear.) There was a good deal of misapprehension in the public mind about trade and war. Serious speakers and newspapers have talked and written about trade or victory, as if there was some inherent opposition between the two. For this country, trade and victory were interdependent. Destroy our trade and you shattered the very foundation of our power to make these great advances to our Allies and Dominions. There was a limit to the amount of gold that could be exported, and to the amount we could borrow externally. There was a limit to the amount of foreign securities which we could sell, and which neutral nations could absorb. We were using all these means of payment to the utmost of our power, and that could only be done through the maintenance of our trade. (Cheers.) Dealing with the question of trade after the war, the Chancellor of the Exchequer said that he was sure he should have complete agreement in every quarter when he said that we must learn by the experiences of the past. "We have seen," he continued, "a nation which in profound peace planned, prepared, and eventually provoked war. We have found ourselves dependent upon that nation for many essential matters of our own trade. I do not think—whether by the individual effort of our leaders or with the assistance of the Government—we ought ever to allow ourselves to be placed in that position again. (Loud cheers.)

DEVELOPMENT OF FOREIGN TRADE.

I believe on the great issue which once divided the nation probably the opinion of most of us remains unchanged. But it does not follow because upon that great issue we stand where we stood before, having our opinion, each according to his own lights, upon theoretical principles—it does not follow that there is not a very large field for an agreement between us. (Cheers.) It does not follow, though trade may be free, that the help of the Government could not be given to assist our traders. We are prepared in a way which I am not yet able to state to you—we are prepared to give the assistance of the Government to the development of foreign trade in order to ensure that those rivals who now are our bitter enemies shall not have the control of the foreign trade which they have enjoyed in the past. (Cheers.)

TO ENDURE TO THE END.

I do not fear that the spirit and resource of our manufacturers and merchants will fail us. In the past there has been some complaint that the Government has not given the assistance in the world which distressed it was rendered by other Governments in similar circumstances. (Hear, hear.) It may be that a policy which is right at one time may not be right at another. It may be that we have to learn from the experience of Government assistance becomes a necessity to secure a development of what you might call the master trades, and to secure the extension of our commercial influence in neutral countries. I hope that the old controversies may never be revived. (Cheers.) I hope that wisdom may come to us all in a true spirit of give and take, and that we may get such a complete understanding of what our national development may be, and how much or how few requirements may be met, that we may succeed in maintaining after the war our trade in rivalry with our great enemy not less successfully than we believe we shall maintain our trade in rivalry with our friends. It has already a long war; the courage of this nation has never failed; the courage of this nation will not fail. We are ready to endure to the end, and one of the chief factors of our power of endurance is based upon the great commercial powers of our country. (Loud cheers.)

The deliberations of the Conference were afterwards renewed.

THE MINISTER OF INDUSTRY.

The Committee which had assembled to consider a corresponding resolution on the question of a Ministry of Commerce brought forward a motion declaring that the Government should take immediate steps to create a Ministry of Commerce and Industry, with a Minister of Cabinet rank, aided by a permanent Advisory Council consisting of representatives of the Foreign Office, the Colonial Office, the India Office, the Governments of the Dominions, and the leading commercial interests of the Empire.

This resolution was carried unanimously.

AFTER THE WAR.

There was considerable discussion as to reciprocal trading relations and tariffs, and some difference of opinion was expressed. In the end the Conference, by a very large majority, passed a resolution that, with the object of maintaining and increasing our trade after the conclusion of the war it was necessary that the different parts of the Empire be drawn into closer commercial union, that our trade relations with our Allies be fostered, and that to accomplish this purpose it was desirable that provision should be made—(*a*) for preferential reciprocal trading relations between all parts of the British Empire, (*b*) for reciprocal trading relations between the British Empire and the Allied countries, (*c*) for the favourable treatment of neutral countries, and (*d*) for restricting by tariffs and otherwise trade relations with enemy countries, so as to render impossible dumping or a return to pre-war conditions, and for stimulating the development of home industries and the consequent increased employment of native labour.

The Conference adjourned till to-morrow.

COMING EVENTS.

R.D. Fusiliers' Comforts.—An entertainment will be given in the Town Hall, Kingstown, to-day for the purpose of providing comforts for the R.D. Fusiliers. Carlo Berckmans and other artistes will assist.

St. Stephen's Literary and Debating Society.—A public lecture on "Mozart and his Works" (with vocal and musical illustrations) will be given by Mr. W. H. Gater, B.A., Mus.D., in the Parochial Hall, North Strand road, on Monday, 20th inst., at 8 p.m. The net proceeds will be given towards the maintenance and upkeep of the hall.

War Scenes in Belgium.—A limelight lecture on "Belgium," as it was before the war and during the invasion, is to be given this evening in the Parochial Hall, Belgrave square, Rathmines, by Mr. Allberry, A.R.I.A. The lecturer visited the most noted places in Belgium shortly before the war, and examined the most beautiful specimens of Belgian architecture. He has obtained photographs of many of the places and scenes of the war. The lecture is to begin at 8 o'clock.

Show of Bulls at Sligo.—On Wednesday, March 8th, a show and sale of pure-bred and registered dairy bulls (under the Department's schemes) will be held at Sligo.

The Paisley Hippodrome Music Hall was destroyed by fire early yesterday morning. It was a large building of wood and iron, with accommodation for 1,500 persons.

Griddle Baked Scones,

muffins, pancakes, and soda bread, if raised with "Paisley Flour" in place of soda are wonderfully improved.

"Paisley Flour"

(From Maize.)

The SURE raising powder

is bulky and mixes easily with the flour—1 part to 8

It makes griddle baking a certainty—no failures.

PARLIAMENT.

(CONTINUED FROM PAGE 5.)

could assure the House that the Government desired to see this question dealt with, not only fairly and justly, but in a spirit of liberality towards the men whose claims they were discussing.

TRAINING OF DISABLED SOLDIERS AND SAILORS.

The Marquis of SALISBURY asked whether, pending any permanent scheme, steps had been taken to provide for the training of disabled soldiers and sailors, and what steps were being taken to retain and make use of the services of any person or voluntary organisation which was anxious to help.

The Marquis of CREWE replied that the Statutory Committee held its first meeting in the middle of January. Between June of last year and the middle of January out of 23,000 men whose names were received by the Board of Trade, nearly 17,000 applied to the Labour Exchanges for help in finding employment. Of these, 5,900 subsequently cancelled their applications, 5,400 were found places, and 1,439 were still on the register awaiting employment. The Statutory Committee had every desire to maintain permanent relations with the great voluntary organisations, being fully convinced of the wisdom of that course.

The House adjourned at seven o'clock.

HOUSE OF COMMONS—Tuesday.

The SPEAKER took the chair at 2.45.

AGE LIMIT FOR RECRUITING.

Mr. TENNANT, replying to Captain Clive, who asked whether the War Office would extend the age limit of recruiting to 45, said that power to raise the age limit was reserved, and could be exercised by the Government on the advice of its military advisers. At present it was not considered necessary.

POSITION OF VOLUNTEERS.

Mr. LLOYD GEORGE, replying for the Prime Minister to Colonel A. Sykes, said that the Government have decided to deal with the National Volunteers in Great Britain by putting into force the Act of 1863, under which they will be properly constituted and recognised as a military force, solely for home defence, will receive military rank and *status*, and be placed in nearly the same position in which they were before the war. (Hear, hear.) It would be a very large field for an agreement between us. (Cheers.) It does not follow, though trade may be free, that the help of the Government could not be given to assist our traders. We are prepared in a way which I am not yet able to state to you—we are prepared to give the assistance of the Government to the development of foreign trade in order to ensure that those rivals who now are our bitter enemies shall not have the control of the foreign trade which they have enjoyed in the past. (Cheers.)

TO ENDURE TO THE END.

I do not fear that the spirit and resource of our manufacturers and merchants will fail us. In the past there has been some complaint that the Government has not given the assistance in the world which distressed it was rendered by other Governments in similar circumstances. (Hear, hear.) It may be that a policy which is right at one time may not be right at another. It may be that we have to learn from the experience of Government assistance becomes a necessity to secure a development of what you might call the master trades, and to secure the extension of our commercial influence in neutral countries. I hope that the old controversies may never be revived. (Cheers.) I hope that wisdom may come to us all in a true spirit of give and take, and that we may get such a complete understanding of what our national development may be, and how much or how few requirements may be met, that we may succeed in maintaining after the war our trade in rivalry with our great enemy not less successfully than we believe we shall maintain our trade in rivalry with our friends. It has already a long war; the courage of this nation has never failed; the courage of this nation will not fail. We are ready to endure to the end, and one of the chief factors of our power of endurance is based upon the great commercial powers of our country. (Loud cheers.)

The deliberations of the Conference were afterwards renewed.

THE MINISTER OF INDUSTRY.

The Committee which had assembled to consider a corresponding resolution on the question of a Ministry of Commerce brought forward a motion declaring that the Government should take immediate steps to create a Ministry of Commerce and Industry, with a Minister of Cabinet rank, aided by a permanent Advisory Council consisting of representatives of the Foreign Office, the Colonial Office, the India Office, the Governments of the Dominions, and the leading commercial interests of the Empire.

This resolution was carried unanimously.

AFTER THE WAR.

There was considerable discussion as to reciprocal trading relations and tariffs, and some difference of opinion was expressed. In the end the Conference, by a very large majority, passed a resolution that, with the object of maintaining and increasing our trade after the conclusion of the war it was necessary that the different parts of the Empire be drawn into closer commercial union, that our trade relations with our Allies be fostered, and that to accomplish this purpose it was desirable that provision should be made—(*a*) for preferential reciprocal trading relations between all parts of the British Empire, (*b*) for reciprocal trading relations between the British Empire and the Allied countries, (*c*) for the favourable treatment of neutral countries, and (*d*) for restricting by tariffs and otherwise trade relations with enemy countries, so as to render impossible dumping or a return to pre-war conditions, and for stimulating the development of home industries and the consequent increased employment of native labour.

The Conference adjourned till to-morrow.

CONSOLIDATED FUND BILL.

On the order for the third reading of the Consolidated Fund No. 1 bill,

Sir JOHN SIMON called attention to the action of the local tribunals in the administration of the Military Service Act. When the bill was before the House the Prime Minister stated that where there was a single unmarried son left behind, the sole support of his widowed mother, it would be a monstrous thing if the State were to call upon that son for military service. A man of that description should be as much entitled to exemption as any man in the Empire. That statement was greeted with cheers, and undoubtedly expressed the general sense of the House. On the Report stage of the bill the pledge that the widow's only remaining son would be exempt was renewed by Mr. Long, and on the strength of that pledge amendments dealing with the question were withdrawn. He was sure every one desired that any of the pledges given in that House should be faithfully carried out, but this pledge was not being given effect to by the tribunals. One tribunal in London refused exemption to a man who was the sole support of his widowed mother, aged 65 years, towards whose support he contributed 25s. a week. Another refused exemption to a man who was the principal support of his paralysed mother. With regard to the men who had been rejected as medically unfit, the whole position was in a state of muddle. There was no reason why there should be any muddle.

MR. WALTER LONG.

Mr. WALTER LONG said he very much regretted the tone of his right hon. friend's speech. The work of the tribunals was one of tremendous difficulty. His right hon. friend quoted a limited number of cases, in which he alleged that effect had not been given to the pledge which he (Mr. Long) gave to the House on behalf of the Government. So far as he had heard, there were only one or two cases. What was the remedy? There was no controversy as to what was in the mind of the House when they were discussing this question on the Report stage. Sir John Simon asked him whether it was intended that the only remaining son of a widow should be exempt. If so, he said he would be satisfied. He replied to the question in the affirmative, and the letter of instruction issued to the tribunals made it clear that such persons should be exempt. The difficult part of the task of the tribunal was to ascertain what was meant by the words "serious hardships." If these tribunals were the sole authority, he admitted that the case put by Sir John Simon was a very grave one, but Parliament had provided a remedy. There was the appeal tribunal, and he did not hesitate to say that the proper course to adopt in each of the cases mentioned was to bring them before the appeal tribunal. Of course, it was not enough to make an allegation that there would be serious hardship. He had abundant evidence to show that the tribunals had laboured hard to do their work honestly and fairly, but if there had been, in some cases, failure to interpret the Act rightly, he was confident they those aggrieved would get justice when they went to the appeal court, and in order to assure that that should be the case he would be only too glad, on behalf of the Government, to render any assistance that was in his power. (Hear, hear.)

MR. SNOWDEN.

Mr. SNOWDEN complained of the constitution of the tribunals, and said that there were very few of the tribunals which had been set up which had any Labour representative whatever. He had information that in some cases the military representative dominated the tribunal, and he would like to know if secret instructions had been given to these military representatives. There were hundreds, even thousands, of cases of widows' sons not getting exemption, and there were many cases of tribunals refusing to be bound by pledges given in that House. The case presented he believed that in no single case had an absolute exemption been given on the ground of conscientious objection, and that clause of the Act was in effect a dead letter. He suggested that the Government should issue a circular calling the tribunal's attention to the regulations and instructions.

Sir T. WHITTAKER said that the cases of injustice to men who had been medically-rejected had been numerous, widespread, and very serious. In many cases men's certificates of rejection had been torn up by the recruiting officer, and in other cases the men had been told that the certificates of rejection had been cancelled, and they had been tricked and trapped into attesting. That was unpardonable, and he urged the Government to take action in the matter.

Mr. THOMAS LOUGH said that the tribunals were acting under an evident misapprehension as to their functions. They were acting as recruiting authorities rather than as tribunals charged with the administration of an Act of Parliament. They were more like the old Press gangs than anything else. Instead of administering the Act, they proceeded to make laws of their own.

MR. T. M. HEALY AND SIR JOHN SIMON.

Mr. T. HEALY said he had been amazed by the speech of the late Home Secretary (Sir John Simon), and his quotations as to the blunders of the War Office in this matter. If there was one man who was not entitled to make such criticisms it was the right hon. gentleman, who had been a member of the Government since the beginning of the war, especially in a time of great emergency, when a terrible conflict was in progress at Verdun. He (Mr. Healy) called attention to the fact that in Ireland men had been constantly sent to jail for alleged interference with recruiting. He asked which did the greater harm—the writings of a Commerra editor in a paper with about 300 of a circulation, or the criticism of an ex-Cabinet Minister, who for eighteen months shared responsibility for the conduct of the war? Public-houses had been suppressed in Ireland, and Irish members might have acted in the same way as the right hon. gentleman, and argued that there has been no authority for causing the loss of thousands of pounds. It was a great blunder under the Defence of the Realm Act, and if Irish members had wanted to stir Ireland into a flame and prevent recruiting, all that they had to do was to show that no man's property was then safe in Ireland. But they held their Home Rule with the result that the Defence Act came down later and got a statute giving the powers they had already exercised. He thought the right hon. gentleman (Sir John Simon) would have thought it very unfriendly to him if he (Mr. T. M. Healy) had done that in the same spirit in which he had criticised the Government that night.

Sir A. B. MARKHAM defended the action of the City of London Tribunal in refusing exemption to the clerks of the Bank of England. That had been one of the only decisions every bank clerk in England would have been able to claim exemption on the grounds that the clerks in the Bank of England had been exempted. He thought that in this case the tribunal exercised common-sense at the risk of some amount of unpopularity.

Mr. J. H. THOMAS deprecated the attacks which had been made on Sir John Simon, who was simply endeavouring to remedy mistakes which had been admitted by the War Office. It was true that the country was in a serious and critical position, but the people to deal with it were the Government, not the tribunals. Up to the present no attempt had been made by the military authorities to give effect to the promise made by the Government during the passage into law of the Conscription Bill.

Mr. PRINGLE twitted Mr. Healy with vituperative irrelevancy, and said that so long as the Government kept their hands off the whiskey there was nothing Mr. Healy would not sacrifice for them. (Laughter.) Since the Military Service Act had passed there had been a consistent and deliberate attempt to secure for the Army men who had been rejected on medical grounds, and so widespread and general had been that attempt that it could only have been the result of deliberate instructions from the War Office. He, therefore, urged that those instructions should be made public. (Hear, hear.)

MR. TENNANT'S REPLY.

Mr. TENNANT, replying on behalf of the War Office, said that in many recruiting offices no first, been kept of men who had been rejected on medical grounds, and therefore, there was no alternative except to send the notice issued under the Act to every man of military age, irrespective of the fact as to whether or not he had endeavoured to enlist and had been rejected on medical grounds. With regard to the poster to which Sir John Simon had taken exception, he believed the the order for it was given before the speeches were made in the House of Commons by his right hon. friend and himself. He had to take the responsibility for it, because there was no one else who could be held responsible. (Laughter.)—With regard to appeals, clear instructions had been issued to all recruiting officers that no man with regard to whom notice of appeal had been given was to be called up until the appeal had been disallowed. It was quite true that the "Yellow Form" made no reference to the appeal, but he hoped his explanation would satisfy his right hon. friend. There was no justification for Mr. Snowden's contention that the military element dominated the tribunals. In reply to Sir A. B. Markham, he said that the War Office had been considering the question of the regrouping of reserved occupations. He agreed with the hon. member that there were a number of young unmarried men in these reserved occupations whose place might well be taken by married men in non-essential occupations. In this connection he made an appeal to employers, and asked them and the public generally to co-operate with the military authorities in their endeavour to fill these starred occupations with married rather than single men.

Sir A. B. MARKHAM—Will it not require Parliamentary powers to enable you to carry that out?

Mr. TENNANT said he was advised not. With regard to the examination of men who had been rejected as medically unfit, what he wanted the House and the country to realise was that the War Office wanted men for the Army. If a certain number of men were not fitted for the strenuous life of a soldier in the firing line, there was no reason why they should not be called upon to undertake less arduous duties. That was all the War Office was doing. They had absolutely no intention of doing anything of which they were ashamed. Mistakes, no doubt, had been made, but they were not so numerous as some people seemed to think.

Sir A. MOND said that he was glad to think that the Government were going to do something in regard to the contractual liabilities of married men joining the Colours. They ought long ago to have done something to relieve these men of the liability to maintain leases, which they could no longer afford to do because of their patriotism.

Sir T. ESMONDE complained of the pay of midshipmen in the Navy as being quite inadequate. It was 1s. 9d. a day, and that was nothing like what was paid to the corresponding rank in the Army.

Colonel YATE called attention to the mean treatment of men invalided out of the service, and suggested that the pension authorities were hide-bound with red tape.

SIR PERCY SCOTT'S POSITION.

Major NEWMAN asked what was now the position of Sir Percy Scott, who, he said, improvised a fairly efficient gunnery defence of London. On February 16 he was relieved of his command, but that had never been stated publicly, and it was only fair that Sir Percy Scott's position should be clearly stated. To give him only an advisory post was to waste a good man.

Dr. MACNAMARA said he could add nothing to what had been said by the Under Secretary for War with regard to the matter, except that Sir Percy Scott was a member of the Joint Committee on the question of the pensions and disablement allowances would be raised on going into Committee of Supply on both the Army and Navy Estimates, but he could assure the House that the Committee charged with the administration of the scheme gave most sympathetic consideration to every case which came before them. They required to be satisfied that the sickness or disablement was really attributed to the present war.

MARRIED MEN'S OBLIGATIONS.

Mr. CURRIE said he desired to say a few words on the subject raised by Sir A. Mond—viz., the contractual obligations of married men about to join the Army. Those obligations were mainly connected with rent and insurance. They were obligations which should be shouldered by the nation—by the taxpayer. He protested most strongly against the proposal that the loss should fall upon the landlord.

Mr. LYNCH criticised the military policy of the country, complaining of the defensive plan which was being adopted, and saying that we should fight, not for safety, but for victory. We should concentrate on a great attack.

The Bill was read a third time.

The Naval Prize Procedure Bill passed through Committee, and was read a third time.

The House rose at five minutes past ten o'clock.

BERMALINE BREAD.

Sold only in Dublin by P. KENNEDY and Agents. Throughout Ireland by the principal bakers in every district.—(Advt.)

WOUNDED IRISH SOLDIERS.

WORK OF THE TIPPERARY DEPOT.

The large depôt for wounded soldiers which was recently established at Tipperary is already affording instruction to a large number of men from various Irish regiments. Wounded soldiers who have been discharged from hospital are sent there for post-hospital treatment under a staff of surgeons and massage nurses. Some of the men will be unable to return to their former occupations, and the idea underlying the establishment of the depôt is the arrangement of suitable forms of recreation for these men during convalescence, and practical instruction in subjects which will enable them to obtain employment upon their discharge from the Army. There are already 1,500 wounded Irish soldiers in the depôt, 2,000 more will be sent there in time, and every Irish regiment is represented. All men who are fit undergo a course of healthy physical exercise and military training, as a result of which it is expected a good proportion of them will shortly be ready to return to full or partial duty. The Joint Committee is composed as follows:—

Monsignor Ryan (President), Rev. Canon de Boinville, Rector of Tipperary; Mr. Daniel Kelly, J.P., Chairman of the Urban Council; Mr. P. J. Hally, Secretary to the Tipperary Joint Technical Instruction Committee; Mr. P. F. Hall, manager of the Tipperary Branch of the National Bank; with Mr. G. C. Townsend, Cordangan Manor, Tipperary, as Hon. Secretary.

The Commandant, Colonel Gordon, C.I.E., *ex-officio*, and the medical officer in charge, Lieutenant-Colonel Sims Woodhead, R.A.M.C., have joined the Committee as *ex-officio* members, together with Captain V. H. Scott and Captain St. G. Whyte, part of whose time has been placed at the service of the Committee to superintend the classes of manual instruction.

Manual instruction classes in boot-repairing, French polishing, motor driving and repairing, stationary oil and gas engines as used for farm or other work, and shorthand and typewriting have already been established. It is also proposed to add classes for instruction in the management and fixing of telephones, painting, ironwork, etc. For amusement, concerts are frequently held in the barracks, at which ladies and gentlemen from the town and surrounding district assist the military, while amateur and civilian, military as well as professional, companies give performances free. A permanent cinema theatre is being provided by the Committee, and a band is being rapidly organised by the adjutant, Captain Lambert Patterson. Football, hockey, billiards, and other games are provided. The Tipperary Technical Instruction Committee have given free the loan of their apparatus or equipment during hours when they are not required by their own pupils. Mr. Cree, the manual instructor, devotes two hours of his time every morning to teaching the soldiers, and generally keeps an eye to the evening classes which are run by the military officials.

A visit to depôt the other day furnished an interesting illustration of the splendid work that is carried on there. In the boot-repairing class a large number of men were hard at work, and it was satisfactory to see the progress they had made during the few weeks they had been under instruction. In the French polishing class, soldiers under an instructor were achieving a really wonderful transformation on shabby-looking old chairs, stocking articles of furniture, while in an adjoining room another class was being initiated into the mysteries and hieroglyphics of the "winged A." In the carpentry class, held at the Central Technical School, men under the supervision of Mr. Cree were making shoemakers' benches and massage tables. Despite the physical disabilities under which some of the lads fellows laboured, they showed great dexterity, and were sawing, planing, and mortice-making with a cheerfulness and alertness that did one good to see. In the motor driving and engineering classes there are well over a hundred learners, and the interest taken in dismantling cars and building the various sections up again, and demonstrations are given on a number of old cars, which have been given for the purpose, not only by friends in the district, but in many parts of Ireland. The nature of the instruction is left to the men themselves to select. In all the classes the men displayed a very keen interest in their work, and seemed quite to enjoy it.

In the process of convalescence special gymnastic exercises, massage treatment, radiant heat baths, and Swedish drill greatly assist in accelerating recovery. Portion of the Almeric Paget Massage Corps are on duty, under the direction of the medical officer in charge. Many cases, apparently hopeless at first, have shown marvellous results after a few months' continuous treatment.

A remarkable instance of how a soldier has recovered the use of his right hand has just occurred at—the Tipperary Depôt. Wounded in the heel by a bullet at the Dardanelles, Lance-Corporal Crossett, a native of Coleraine, County Tyrone, was sent back to Netley Hospital. Shortly after his arrival at Netley he completely lost his speech. After several months he was sent to Tipperary, still dumb. One of the masseuses there brought a course of lip-reading. One morning, on getting out of bed, he found that his unbounded joy and amazement, found that his speech had returned. His first use of it was interesting and characteristic. Skipping in ecstasies about the floor, he started singing "It's a long way to Tipperary." Then all the men in the room—amongst them Sergeant Magdire, who was in Crossett's company when he was wounded at the Dardanelles—were astonished to see that the owner of the voice which filled the room had so suddenly restored them out of their slumbers was none other than their comrade, whom since he came amongst them they had known as a dummy. A burst of cheers and laughter greeted the performer, who continued his eccentric evolutions for some little time, to the continued applause of his delighted audience.

All the work in the providing of suitable employment and recreation for these wounded men who deserve so well of their country is the result of purely voluntary effort. The Army authorities lend it their approval and take an interest in its success, but it is important that the public should know that it is entirely financed by voluntary subscriptions, and managed wholly by the Committee already named.

MR. WHITTY, M.P.

A correspondent writes:—

"With reference to your note as to Mr. P. J. Whitty, the new member for North Louth, may I add that his eldest brother, Mr. R. H. Whitty, a well-known Rugby player, also applied for a commission, but was rejected on account of eyesight? I can vouch that Mr. Whitty is himself most anxious to follow his brother's example, and it is not his fault that he has not been able to do so."

"KNOCK-NA-GOW" AT ABBEY THEATRE.

This play is to be produced at the Abbey Theatre by Mr. W. J. Walshe's Dramatic Company on Thursday, Friday, and Saturday, the 2nd, 3rd, and 4th inst.

PROVINCIAL NEWS.

LEINSTER.

Athlone Salmon Angling.—Owing to the great floods on the Shannon at Athlone the water has not much attraction for salmon anglers. A nice spring fish, 16lbs. weight, was killed yesterday on the ford above the town. Salmon are said to be plentiful, but are going up the river.

Public Departments and Economy.—The Athlone magistrates heard yesterday some cases relating to old age pensions. Mr. Coen, J.P., said the Insurance Act afforded a real opportunity for economy, and Mr. Hughes, J.P., said that so also did the Local Government Board. It was the only public department this year in Ireland with increased estimates.

Sheep Scab.—Bernard Mulvanny, Piercestown, County Westmeath, was prosecuted at Ballymore Petty Sessions for attempting to export 80 sheep to England, one of which was suffering from sheep scab. The discovery was made at the North Wall. Mr. Jones, Chief Veterinary Inspector at the North Wall, said all the sheep had to be immediately slaughtered. The defendant said he bought the sheep in Westport and shipped them. He was fined 2s. 6d. and £1 costs.

ULSTER.

Police Barracks Closed.—The police barracks at the Happy Valley and the Silent Valley, Mourne, Kilkeel, have been discontinued.

Fire Near Newry.—A large hay shed, containing over 40 tons of hay, the property of Mr. Thomas M'Geeney, Balleek, near Newry, was burned down a few nights ago. The damage done amounts to £250.

High Price for Land.—A farm of land, in the townland of Tullywinney, near Newry, the property of Mrs. Lewers, containing 32 acres 3 roods and 15 perches, statute measure, subject to an annuity of £13 6s. 3d., was sold by auction on Wednesday last for £910.

Donegal Drowning Accident.—Yesterday morning the Strabane Coroner received intimation that the body of a man named Andrew McDevitt, of Glenties, County Donegal, had been recovered from the river. He had fallen into the water the previous night at a rocky embankment.

MUNSTER.

New R.C. Bishop of Waterford.—A specially convened meeting was held in the Town Hall, Dungarvan, on Monday evening, to take steps to present the new Roman Catholic Bishop of Waterford with an address and testimonial on the occasion of his consecration. Mr. P. Sexton, J.P., Chairman of the Urban Council, presided. A committee was appointed to carry out the undertaking.

CONNAUGHT.

R.A.M.C.—Dr. Cusack K. O'Malley has received a commission in the R.A.M.C. He is the third son of Dr. D. J. O'Malley, J.P., Glenamaddy, who has received a commission in the Army.

Police Hits in Mayo.—All the police huts in Mayo, and some of the small stations, are to be dissolved at an early date, and the men transferred to the towns. The huts in the county are not many, but the stations that will come under the closing order are numerous.

Red Cross Funds.—At a raffle and jumble sale held in Claremorris on Friday in aid of the Red Cross funds, a substantial amount was realised. Amongst the articles raffled was a valuable hand-painted cushion, the gift and work of Mrs. H. A. Hinkson (Katherine Tynan).

Road Board Work.—The Road Board Engineering Inspector has been favourably impressed with the improvement work carried out on the trunk roads from Boyle to Carrick and from Frenchpark to Ballaghaderreen, and an additional grant has been approved for the improvement work will be continued.

Increased Tillage.—The Castlerea Board of Guardians has passed a resolution appealing to the tenant farmers of the district and the farmers of the County Roscommon to take steps to increase the tillage area.

The "Tilling of Labourers' Plots.—The Castlerea District Council has decided to serve notices on the tenants of labourers' cottages that if they did not till their plots instead of "setting" them, their tenancies will be terminated.

High Prices for Pigs.—At the Roscommon fair yesterday the average price for first class pigs was 90s. per cwt.; shipping pigs, 85s. to 86s. per cwt.; large sows sold readily at from £8 to £16. In at least one instance £30 was paid for three pigs.

Roscommon Union Expenditure.—In his half-yearly report to the Board of Guardians, Mr. Arthur C. Ellis, L.G.B. Auditor, referred to the increase from £235 to £253 in outdoor relief expenditure. The average weekly cost of the inmates had, since last September, increased from 6s. to 9s. 8d. per head. The increase was principally due to the high cost of provisions, and also the existing dietary scale, which provides a liberal diet of meat, eggs, milk, and bread. The Board have adopted a new dietary scale.

WAR NOTICES AND APPEALS.

WAR RELIEF WORKROOMS.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE IRISH TIMES.

SIR,—On several occasions you have kindly allowed me to appeal in your columns on behalf of the Alexandra Guild War Relief Workrooms at 42 Westland row, Dublin, and always with the happiest results. The Committee would now like to inform all those who so generously helped them that they have succeeded in placing practically all their workers in the munitions factory or other posts. The Rooms, having served their temporary purpose, are now closed as workrooms, but are being kept on as Rooms for the Soldiers' and Sailors' Relatives Club.

There is a stock of six dozen pairs of hand-knitted socks, which are being sold at 2/- per pair at 40 St. Stephen's Green. The proceeds will be devoted to helping the other war schemes of the Alexandra Guild, either the Home for Belgians or the Club. This latter is open three evenings in the week; the women are taught first aid, cookery, sewing, etc. Their children are made happy with games and amusements; but, though all members pay a trifling subscription, it is obvious that such a club cannot be self-supporting.—Yours, etc.,

H. M. HERTON.

40 St. Stephen's Green, Dublin,
February 29th, 1916.

BRITISH RED CROSS SOCIETY (CO. DUBLIN BRANCH) AND ST. JOHN AMBULANCE ASSOCIATION.

We have been asked by the Red Cross Society in Edinburgh to supply them with shamrock as they propose to hold a Shamrock Day for the benefit of the Red Cross Society in Edinburgh on St. Patrick's Day.

We are going to send them any shamrock which may be sent to us for this purpose, and we appeal to all who care to help to send us the shamrock on Friday, March 10th.

EVELYN BARKER,
Hon. Secretary, Clothing Department.
51 Dawson street, Dublin,
February 29th, 1916.

DUBLIN AND DISTRICT NEWS.

D.M.P. Constable's Throat Cut.—Constable Austin O'Malley, of the D.M.P., was found yesterday morning at the Rossborough Station, Phœnix Park, with a wound in his throat, and was removed to Dr. Steevens' Hospital. A week ago a man and two young women were charged in the Southern Police Court, Dublin, with having robbed O'Malley of £58 in notes, when all were returning from Lucan to Dublin in a taxi-cab. They were remanded for a week.

Hay Box Cooking.—Professor Johnson, D.Sc., Keeper of the Botanical Section in the National Museum, Kildare street, gave a demonstration in Room I. of his Section yesterday afternoon on "Economy of Heat," during the course of which he showed the many advantages to be derived from hay box cookery.

Irish Taxation.—Last evening a meeting, largely composed of working men, was held in the Round Room of the Mansion House, Dublin, to protest against the increased taxation on Ireland. Mr. Walter L. Cole presided. Mr. P. W. Kenny, Waterford, proposed a resolution stating that the over-taxation of Ireland had been one of the chief had impoverished the country; that it was a burden which Ireland could not bear; that it threatened ruin; and paralysed industry and commerce. The meeting, therefore, demanded the exemption of Ireland from this taxation. Mr. Laurence Connell, M.P., seconded the resolution. He said that the excessive taxation which Ireland had to pay hit everyone outside the official circle, which had a parasitic prosperity in a stranded country. Dr. M. Davitt and Mr. Bulmer Hobson addressed the meeting, and the resolution was carried. Mr. Coghlan Briscoe moved a resolution that a representative committee be formed to conduct an all-Ireland agitation to secure the objects set out in the previous resolution. Mr. John Sweetman seconded, and Alderman Alfred Byrne, M.P., supported the resolution, which was passed.

LADIES' APPOINTMENTS.

Since Oct., 1914, the lady pupils of ROSSE COLLEGE, Stephen's Green, Dublin, have gained 15 Guinness' Clerkships, 10 Bank of Ireland Clerkships, 11 Railway Clerkships, and numerous other appointments.—(Advt.)

Fashionable Intelligence.

The Earl and Countess of Kenmare arrived yesterday at Charleville, County Cork.

The Earl and Countess of Clancarty are at present staying at 19 Calford Mansions, London. They expect to return to Garbally Court in April.

The Countess of Granard has left Kingstown for England.

Lord Bellew, who has been spending a few days' leave in County Kilkenny, has left for the North of England.

Lord Clanwilliam has arrived at Kingstown from England.

Lord Rathdonnell has left Kingstown for England.

Lady Verner has arrived at Kingstown from England.

Sir Algernon and Lady Coote, who left Ballyfin last week, are now staying at Hove, Sussex.

Sir Matthew Nathan has arrived at Kingstown from England.

Sir Thomas Stafford returned to Dublin yesterday.

New Blouses at Switzer's.

Large Consignment of Charming Afternoon and Dinner Gowns, pretty "Old World" Designs and Crinoline effects, in Ninon, Chiffon, Taffetas, Crepe-de-Chene, and All Silk Satin, 25s. 6d. to 3 guineas.—W. Holmes, Dublin, Ltd., 59, 70, 71 George's st.

Ladies' Artificial Silk Sports Coats, new style Raglan sleeve and Sash belt, all New Colours, 12s. 9d., at Holmes', George's st.

The Misses Hyndman Reception will perform at headquarters to-day. Their smart appearance is due to the fact that the uniforms have been cleaned by the Dartry Dye Works, Dartry road, Dublin.

Amongst the visitors staying at the Grand Hotel, Malahide, during the week ending February 28th, 1916, were the following:—Miss Dora Isabel Massy, Miss Bernadette Hughes, Miss Anne Marie Hughes, Mr. Frank Workman, Mrs. Frank Workman, Captain Cecil Lindsay, Mrs. Cecil Lindsay, Mrs. Sarah M'Causland, Mr. John T. Ray, Mrs. John T. Ray, Mrs. Reginald Harris, Miss Aileen Jeffood, Dr. Richard Henry Kennan, Mr. Arthur Challoner Goold Adams, Mrs. Arthur Challoner Goold Adams, Miss Goold Adams, Mr. Edward Shiels, Rev. Hedley Brownrigg, Mrs. Hedley Brownrigg, Mrs. Eliza Brent Craig, Miss Georgina Margaret Craig, Miss Chrissie Sage, Miss Elizabeth Sage, Mrs. Katharine Mary Tew, Captain F. Buick M'Carter, Mrs. William Buick M'Carter, Mrs. Mary Chestnutt, Mr. John Edward Hogan, Mr. J. W. E. Dunsterville.

Arrivals at Kingstown per Royal Mail Steamers, February 29th—Sir Matthew Nathan, Sir Thomas Stafford, Burt, Lieutenant Lumsden, Major Dunbar, Captain Morel, Lord Clanwilliam, Captain Bourke, Lieutenant Davenport, Lieutenant Horatio Wheeler, Second Lieutenant W. P. Cole, Lieutenant-Commander and Mrs. Munn, Miss Turner, Miss Christie, John Gibbons, Commander Philpott, Mrs. Cecil Lindsay, Mrs. Mary Chestnutt, Crossdale, James Delany, A. E. Du Long, Mr. and Mrs. Woods, D. Murphy, Mr. C. W. de Forester Gray, Miss Florence Radcliff, Mrs. Noel Hudson, Mrs. Fuller Phibbs, Mrs. Douglas Brown, Sidney Veesy, J. J. Hayes, Miss Moira Hayes, Mrs. J. J. Hayes, Mrs. S. A. Cowper, Mr. and Mrs. Percy T. Wyatt, Miss King.

New Spring Models. We can guarantee all our Materials. We have just purchased a large stock of Fur Skins. Coyle, 24 Grafton st.

New Gowns and Coats. Tailor-made Gowns from 3 guineas. Riding Habits, Furs.—Schreier, 136 Stephen's Green.

Slyne's Special Spring Show this day of Suits, Afternoon and Semi-Evening Gowns.—71 Grafton street.

Reversible Silk Golf Coats, in all shades, at 3 guineas.—Slyne and Co., 71 Grafton st.

Special value in Silver Musquash Coats, Latest Styles, limited number only, cannot be repeated at the price. Great Bargain, 5½ guineas.—J. M. Barn

After Illness.

...ids up Health and Strength.

Angier's Emulsion is both healing and strengthening. Soothing alike to throat, lungs, stomach and intestines, an aid to appetite and digestion and a most invigorating food and builder, it is invaluable for restoring proper tone to the digestive functions and for building up health and strength after illness or when run down from any cause. After influenza, pneumonia, pleurisy, bronchitis, whooping cough, measles, fevers, etc., nothing will so quickly and surely heal the diseased tissues and restore strength and vitality to the enfeebled system. Pleasant to the taste and absolutely harmless, it may be taken by young and old alike, with certainty of benefit.

...rsed by the ...l Profession.

Angier's Emulsion

1/-, 2/6, and 4/-.

Sample Coupon.

...pence and send with 4d. for postage to ... Ltd., 89 Clerkenwell Road, London, E.C.

FINANCIAL NEWS

DUBLIN STOCK EXCHANGE.

MARKETS QUIET. HENRY STREET WAREHOUSE SENSATION. DUBLIN DISTILLERS EASY.

DUBLIN, TUESDAY EVENING.

...ere was very much less business briskness ...en Change to-day, but there was a fair ...ount of irregularity in price movements. A ...ease in ... was caused by the very unfavourable ...ort of the Henry Street Warehouse Company. No final dividend is to be paid, so the ...idend for the year is 6d. a share, or 2½ p.c. ...id last September as an interim distribution. No less than £6,816 is written off stock in trade; £1,500 is put as provision for bad and doubtful debts, £105 off vans, etc., £2,093 additions to premises and fixtures. These adjustments turn the credit balance brought in, £2,129, into a debit of £3,706 to profit and loss, or, in other words, the company starts the current year £5,835 worse off than a year ago. Dublin Distillers issues were easier again to-day, but there was nothing in the shape of depression about the market, which was mainly influenced by realisations.

The Funds were steady. Consols repeated 57, while War Loan 4½ p.c. Stock was a further ⅛ better at 97¼. Corporation Stocks were idle, but a small lot of Bray Township 3½ p.c. Stock was sold at 63½, a decline of about 2½ on last business done Rates, but recently sellers declared at 65 without business being done.

There was little attention given to Bank shares or securities. Munster and Leinsters show a recovery at 5½, and Provincial Old realised 25½. Royals were again bid for, but no seller declared under 15 unofficially.

Attention was given to Breweries and Distilleries. Guinness Ord., was better, and changed hands at 103½, but the best bid for 5 p.c. 6d. The Pref. eased 3d. further to 98, 9d., and the Debs. fell ½ to 69½. Steam, Canal, and Telegraphs were all idle and neglected. Dealings in the Home Railway market were only in small or exceptional lots. Dublin and South Eastern rose ½ to 10 but Great Northern fell ½ to 96, and Great Southern and Western ½ to 85½. Railway Preference Stocks were neglected. Harvonia Guaranteed and Foreign and Colonial Railways were entirely neglected. As regards Tramways, Dublin United Ord. fell ½ to 9, while the Pref. repeated 10½, and the 3½ p.c. Debs. 71. Business was quiet for Dunlop issues. Parent Tyre Ord. fell, 1½d. to 38s., but the Def. rose ½d. to 20s. 5d., and the Pref. were firm at 15s.. Dunlop Rubber shares were again on sale.

Other business done included Birmingham Small Arms Ord., which realised 40s. 6d., and Mackintosh Mertajam Rubber 4s. 2d.

BANK OF IRELAND RATE, 5 PER CENT.

	Previous Price.	Business Done	Nominal Quotation for Cash.	Nominal Quotation for Bid.	Ask'd.
Government Funds, &c.					
...% Consol, 1923	57⅛	57⅛	...	...	
War Loan 4½ X Stock	97⅛	97½	...	...	
Corporation Stocks and Debentures.					
...y Township 3½ Deb	...	63¼	...	...	
Banks.					
...ster and Leinster	15½	5½	...	...	
...vincial Bank	23½	...	...	...	
Breweries and Distilleries.					
...in Distillers Ord	7	7	2/9	...	7/
...in Distillers 4½ p.c. Pref	7	7	2/9	...	7/
...in Distillers 4½ p.c. Deb	70	70	69½	...	
...ness Ord.s	103½	103½	23½	...	
Railway Stocks.					
...blin & South-Eastern	9⅝	...	110	...	
...Northern	96⅝	...	96⅝	...	
...h and West. Ord	85⅝	...	85½	...	
...ler Valley 5 p.c.	10¾	...	10¾	...	
Tramways.					
...ited Ord	9½	9	...	...	
...ited 5 p.c. Pref	10⅜	10⅜	...	...	
...ited 3½ p.c. B	71	71	...	...	
...ut Tyre Ord	20 1/8	20	...	...	
...ut Tyre Ord	20 4/4	20 3	...	28 2 16	
...ut Tyre Cum. Pref	15/	15/	...	...	
...ut Tyre Def	45⅛	45¼	...	...	
...lop Ord	5/	5/	...	...	
...lop Pref	6⅛	6⅛	...	...	
...ney Wilson Ord	4¾	error on 28th			
...ney Ord	5/8	5/8	...	...	
...ewing Cotton Ord	38 3	38/	...	...	
...ewing 5 p.c. Cum. Pref	112 9	112 9	...	...	
...ewing 5 p.c. Ord	10/	...	...	...	
...an's Journal 6 p.c. Pf	32 6	31 6	...	...	
...ns 6½ p.c. Pref	80 6	80	...	...	
...ards' Warehousing	34	34	...	...	

Ex-dividend. †exceptional amount at special Stock Exchange closed on Saturdays.

OTHER BUSINESS DONE.

...45 o'clock.

...ingham Small Arms Co. Ord. 40/6
...Mertajam Rubber 4/2

BIRMINGHAM CYCLE SHARE MARKET GOOD.

...ness fairly good; movements irregular; Rolls ...umped to 44/-; Rudge-Whitworth, 43/-; Rudges, ...Swinbanks, and Darracqs all easier. Humber ...

	£	s.	d.
...Pref.	½	6	
...	21	6	Singers 3
...	23	6	Sunbeam 64
...	25	0	Swift 19
...	31	0	Triumphs 4
...	31	0	Parent Ord. 20
...	20	0	Do. Def. 20
...	16	4½	Dunlop Rubber 47
...	21	0	Do. Pref. 20
...	22	0	Small Arms 3
...	22	0	Gladiators 2
...	21	...	Components 7

BUSINESS DONE:—

Last M.U.	STOCKS and SHARES		Rise or Fall.
—	Consols Money	58	...
—	Irish Land Stock 2¾	65¾	...
—	War Loan, 1914	96	...
—	Do. 1915	96⅛	...
—	Local Loan	79⅛	...
—	Bank of England	198½	...
—	India 3½	85⅝	...
—	Do. 3	75⅛	...
—	London Co. Consol. 3½	75¾	...

Foreign Bonds.

102	Argentine 5½ 1926	98	...
82	Do. 4½ Rescission	76½	+ ½
88	Do. 5½ 1907	88	...
104	Brazil 5 p.c. 1913	96¾	+ ¼
80	Do. 4½ 1911	87½	...
90	Do. 5½ Funding, 1914	90	...
71	Chilian 5½ Conversion	45	+ ¼
79½	Chilian 5½ 1896	79½	...
94	Do. 5½ 1906	94	...
92	Do. 4½ 1898	80½	+ ½
78	Do. 5½ 1912	78	...
96	Egyptian Unified	96	...
96⅝	Greek 5½	53	...
97	Guatemala 4½	60	+ ½
83	Italian Rentes	83½	+ ⅛
93½	Japan 4½ 1st Series	94½	...
90½	Do. 4½ 2nd Series	94½	...
80½	Do. 4½ 1905	77½	...
98¼	Do. New 4½ 1907	93½	...
86	Mexican 6½ 1903	50	...
63½	Portuguese 3½	53½	...
87	Russian 4 Consol	67¼	...
96⅝	Do. 5½ 1906	84½	+ ½
86	Spanish 4½	81	+ ½
46	Turkish Unified	46	...
68⅛	Uruguay 5½	67½	...
96	Venezuela Corporation	45	+ ½
21½	Do. Pref.	21½	...
88	Do. Deb.	80	+ ½

Home Rails.

98	Brighton	97½	+ ½
77½	Do. Def.	77½	...
73⅝	Caledonian	67½	...
134	Do. Def. Ord.	89¼	...
71	Do. 4 p.c. Pref.	69	...
33	Central London Ord.	33	...
75	Do. Pref.	54½	...
78	Do. 2nd Pref.	23¾	...
37½	Great London	37½	...
23	Great Central Def.	23¼	...
21⅝	Do. Pref.	13⅝	...
81	Great Eastern	53⅜	...
67	Great Northern Pref.	67½	+ ½
47	Do. Def.	47	...
44	Do.	32½	...
112⅜	Great Western	94	...
117⅛	Hull and Barnsley	37½	...
79⅜	Lancashire & Yorkshire	69½	...
107	London & N.W. Pref.	107	...
117	Do. South-Western	92	...
31	Do. Def.	23½	...
22	Do. 5 p.c. Pref.	16¼	...
97	Metropolitan	97	...
22	Do. District	15	...
56⅛	Midland Pref. Ord.	45½	+ ½
67⅜	Do. Def.	47½	...
87½	North British Pref.	87½	...
23½	Do. Def.	14	...
110⅜	North Eastern Consols	101½	...
81	South-Eastern	58½	...
106	Do. Pref.	83	...
88	South-Western A	77½	+ ½
80½	Taff Vale	80½	...

THE MONEY MARKET.

Bank Rate (changed August 8, 1914)... 5 p.c.

(FROM OUR FINANCIAL CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, TUESDAY.

Home Railway dividends were distributed to-day to the extent of over a million, but these payments were off-set to an important extent during the morning by preparations for to-morrow's large disbursements with the advent of March. In the afternoon, however, conditions slackened again, and call money, after being up to 4¼ p.c., was finally 3½ p.c., while the market, although this was the last day of the month, made no application for assistance to the Bank of England. Weekly loans were quoted at 4¼ to 4½ p.c., and fixtures for longer periods at the latter rate. There were rather more bills offering in the discount market, which, however, remained on the easy side, buyers apparently looking for no tightening up of conditions in the immediate future. Two months' Bank drafts were posted at 5 to 5¼ p.c., three months' at 5¼ to 5½ p.c., and six months' at 5¼ p.c. The posted rate for commercial paper remained at 5¼ to 6 p.c., but the accent was rather upon the lower quotation.

Bank Rate (Discount) changed August 8, 1914, 5 p.c.

30 days fine ...	5 5¼ p.c.		
3 months ,, ...	5¼ 5½ p.c.	Trade	5¼ 6 p.c.
4 months ,, ...	5¼ p.c.	,, ...	5¼ 6 p.c.
6 months ,, ...	5¼ p.c.	,, ...	5¼ 6 p.c.
Loans to bill brokers day-to-day			3½ 4¼ p.c.
do.	do. for a week		4¼ p.c.
Last rate fortnightly loans to stockbrokers			5 p.c.
Deposit allowance			2½ p.c.
do.	Discount Houses at call		3½ p.c.
do.	do. at notice ...		3½ p.c.
Bankers' allowance			2½ p.c.

The New York exchange was steady around 4.77. The market expected that the weekly revenue statement would show that the bills had been paid off on balance.

The Silver market was quiet and unchanged, the quotation for spot bars being again fixed at 26½d. per oz.

The Bank of England announced the purchase of £63,000 in bar gold.

On Change rates on France, Italy, Holland, and America moved in favour of this country. Swiss and Portuguese currencies improved in value.

The following foreign exchanges were current to-day:—New York cables, 4.76⅞ to 4.77⅛; Paris cables, 27.97½ to 28.02½; Amsterdam cables, 11.19 to 11.24; Italy cables, 31.97½ to 32.12½; Scandinavia cables, 16.90 to 17.00; Petrograd cables, 150 to 152; Rio de Janeiro 90 days' bills, 11½d.; Buenos Ayres ditto, 49⅝d.

LONDON STOCK MARKETS INACTIVE.

GILT-EDGED SECURITIES STEADY.

NEW YORK FEARS OF GERMANY.

(FROM OUR FINANCIAL CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, TUESDAY.

There was a lack of robustness and activity about the Stock Exchange during to-day's session, but general conditions were steady, and the termination of the blizzard, bringing with it the restoration of more normal means of communication, so far as the Metropolis is concerned, was a helpful consideration. The news from France also was reassuring, but continued uneasiness at New York, arising out of the renewed threat of Germany to undertake ruthless submarine warfare, was responsible for a fresh decline in the American market. This decline reacted, as usual, upon Canadian Securities to some extent, and Canadian Pacifics thus lacked stability, notwithstanding the publication of a satisfactory January revenue statement. The monetary outlook operated as a mild stimulant upon the domestic gilt-edged group, and the steadiness of this section and of French, Russian, and Japanese Bonds was a feature.

Consols, among Government Securities, closed ¼ down at 58. There was no movement in the 5½ p.c. War Loan at 88, but the 4½ p.c. War Loan at 96⅛ showed a net fall of ⅛. The French Loan improved to 84⅞, and Russians tended forward.

Indian Government issues continued to mark time. Bank of England Stock reacted to 198½. There was a gain of ¼ to 60¼ in 2½ p.c. Childers, but the 2½ p.c.'s weakened to that extent.

FOREIGN BONDS SLUGGISH.

The Foreign market was sluggish, with firmness in places. Russian Fives improved ¼ to 84½, but the Fours were marked back to 67½ on very small dealings. Italian Rentes were also lower at 64¼. Spanish Bonds picked up 1 to 81. Tintos at 61¼ were good. Hungarian Rentes, among enemy issues, fell back ½ to 50. Japanese Bonds held firm, save for a fall of ¼ in the Fives of 1907. There were some irregular changes of ¼ to ½ among Chinese descriptions. Argentine Bonds were steady, but Brazilians showed hesitancy, and the Funding Bonds weakened 1 to 74. Peruvians lacked steadiness. The Ord. fell ½ to 58, and the Debs. were 1 down. Egyptian Securities showed firmness most of the session, but the Pref. Loan was finally marked back to 65.

HOME RAILS LOWER.

In the Home Railway market narrow mixed changes were the rule, and net falls were in a majority, despite the helpful influence of continued dividend payments.

AMERICANS LOWER.

In the American market adjustment to parities carried quotations back again, falls ranging from small fractions to over a point. In the Treasury list, Baltimores fell 1¼ to 89¾, New York Centrals and Louisvilles were each 1 down, but Reading showed exceptional strength, rising 2¼ to 85⅞ on renewed rumours of "melon cutting." Denvers, among the lower-priced Stocks, were flat, the Common falling 1 and the Pref. ½. Steel Common weakened 1 to 84½. Southern issues were dull, despite an excellent January statement.

CANADIAN AND FOREIGN RAILS.

The Canadian Pacific statement showed an increase of $950,000 in net earnings compared with the corresponding month a year ago. The Stock was unchanged at 176½. Grand Trunk Stocks marked one or two falls which did not exceed ½.

Mexican Rails marked time. In the Argentine Railway group there were some mixed changes of ¼ to ½. United of the Havana put on ¼ at 81½.

American Rails.

96⅝	Atchison Topeka	107⅜	— ⅜
101	Do. Pref.	105⅝	— ⅛
78⅝	Baltimore and Ohio	89¼	— 1¼
45	Chesapeake and Ohio	63¼	...
97	Chicago, Mil. & St. Paul	107½	— ⅛
4⅛	Denver	10	...
17	Do. Pref.	17	...
27¾	Erie	37½	— 1¼
35	Do. 1st Pref.	51	...
91	Illinois Central	107½	— ¼
138	Louisville and Nashville	125½	— 1½
104	Missouri, Kan., & Texas	24	...
19¾	Nat. Rlys. Mexico 1st Pref.	23½	...
10	Do. 2nd Pref.	7⅞	...
94	N.Y. Central & H. River	107½	— 1⅛
19¼	N.Y. Ontario	25½	— ⅛
105¼	Norfolk and Western ...	113	— ¼
85¾	Pennsylvania	59½	— ⅛
81¼	Philadelphia & Reading	83½	+ 2⅛
98⅝	Southern Common	30⅜	...
66	Southern Pacific Shares.	101⅞	...
153	Union Pacific	137⅞	...
4	Do. Pref.	8	...
89¼	United States Steel	121½	— ⅜
112	Do. Pref.	121½	— ⅜

*Treasury prices.

Colonial and Foreign Rails.

178	Canadian Pacific	176½	...
—	Canadian Nor. 3½ Deb.	83	...
—	Do. 4½ Perp. Deb. Sk.	89½	...
173⅛	Grand Trunk	61¼	...
80	Do. 4½ Gear.	63½	— ¾
93¼	Do. 1st Pref.	63	...
73¾	Do. 2nd Pref.	50	— ¾
30	Do. 3rd Pref.	27¼	...
84½	Do. 4 Perp. Deb.	70¼	— ¾
—	Do. Pac. Tech. 4½ Sk.	61	...
106⅛	Antofagasta Bol. Pfd Or	82½	...
103	Do. 5 Pref.	87	...
153	Do. Def. Ord.	122½	...
80½	Argentine Gt West Ord	61⅜	+ ⅛
22	Do. 5½ Deb.	19¼	...
—	Armavir Touapse Rds.	75¼	— ¼
31	Bahia Blanca Nor Stk	65¼	...
—	Do. 6½ 2nd Debs	72½	— ¼
21	Brazil Railway	19⅝	...
—	Do. 6½ Cum. Pref. ...	12	...
21	Do. 4½ Mortgage	21	...
105¼	Buenos Ayres Gt. Sthrn.	84	...
53¼	Do. and Pacific Ord. ...	47	+ ¼
108¼	Do. 4 Western Stock	87½	+ ¼
95¾	Central Argentine Ord.	82½	...
94¼	Do. Def.	77½	...
81	Central Uruguay Ord..	57	...
40½	Costa Rica	29¾	...
63	Entre Rios Ord	26½	...
74	Do. 5 Pref. Cum. ...	60½	...
—	Gt. Western Brazil Ord.	28⅝	...
48	Intercontinental Mex. Pf	21	...
33	Mexican Rails	17	...
104	Do. 4 Stock	76	...
65	Do. 6 2 Pref.	35	...
220	Mexican Sthn. 4 Deb.	65	...
178	San Paulo Ord.	178	...
6¾	Taltal Shares	5	...
79	United Havana Stock ...	81½	+ ¼

Banks.

4¼	Agricultural of Egypt...	80	...
—	Anglo-Egyptian	9⅛	...
—	Anglo-Italian	4	...
—	Bank of Australasia ...	11¼	...
—	Bank of S.A. Wales ...	37½	...
—	Barclay & Co. "A" Sha	71	...
—	Capital and Counties ...	21⅜	...
19	China & Shanghai	28½	+ ⅛
—	Lloyd's	21⅜	...
—	London & River Plate...	24	+ ¼
—	London & Westminster	14	...
—	London Joint Stock...	29½	+ ¼
—	National	17⅛	...
13⅜	National Bank of Egypt	10⅜	...
—	National Prov (£12 pd)	10	...
—	Parr's Bank	29	...
—	Stand. S. Africa (£5 pd)	11	...
—	Union of Australia....	68½	— ½
—	Union of London	21½	— ⅛

Telegraphs and Telephones.

23	Anglo-American Def. ...	21¾	— ⅛
1⅞	Marconi Wireless	37/9	...
1⅞	Do. Pref.	37/9	...
1⅞	Do. Canada	4/3	...
10⅛	Do. American	15/9	...
1⅛	Do. Scheme	3/3	...
9	West India & Panama...	20/6	...

Breweries.

10	Allsopp Pref. Ord.	2	...
19	Do. 6 Pref.	5½	...
—	Barclay Ord.	61	...
—	Bartholomay Ord.	41/3	— 1/3
73⅛	Do. 6 Pref.	67½	...
30	Bass, Ratcliff Pref. ...	87½	...
—	Chicago Ord.	87/6	...
—	Do. Pref.	8/6	...
—	Guinness Ord.	242½	...
—	Do. Pref.	121½	...
—	Ohlsson's Cape	73/9	+ 2/9
7⅞	St. Louis Ord.	23/9	...
7⅞	St. Louis Pref.	23/9	...
31	South African Ord.	28/6	...

Land Shares.

1/9	Aboukir £1 Shares.....	13/-	...
15/6	Argentine N'th'n	9/3	...
15/6	Do. Ranch	9/3	...
16/3	British North Borneo..	12/6	...
46/6	Buresteds	37/6	+ 6/
67/3	Hudson's Bay (£1)....	47/3	+ 1/6
81/-	Nigeria	29/9	...
1/-	Nyasa Syndicate (£1.)	1/-	...
—	Do. Shanai	12/9	...
6/3	Port Madryn	6/3	...

Home, Colonial and Foreign Electric Railways and Power Companies.

4½	Anglo-Argentine 1st Pf.	81/9	...
—	Brazilian Traction	50/6	— ⅛
—	Do. Cum. Pref. Ord. ...	64/6	...
—	Do. 4½ Deb.	64¼	...
—	Mexican L. & P. Ord...	29/6	...
82	Do. 5 Bonds	81½	— ¾
—	Montreal St. Ry. 4½ %	84½	...
—	Do. Pref.	84½	...
—	Monterey 5 % Deb.	39½	...
75	Mexican Trams.	44	...
85¾	Do. 5 Bonds	84	...
—	Portland Conv. 5 Deb.	84	...
—	Rio de Janeiro Tram...	69	...
101	Shawinigan Water & P.	89	...
—	Do.	85½	— 1¼
—	Toronto Power 4½ Deb.	76½	...
—	Underground Elec. (£10)	10/-	...
87⅜	Do. Income Bonds	85	— ¼

Miscellaneous.

—	Anglo-Russian Tel. Sy.	1/-	...
3¼	Armstrong, Whit. Ord.	30/3	...
3¼	Assid. P'd Cmt Ord.	62/6	— 1/6
20/6	Do. 5 Pref.	20/6	...
6/3	Do. 5 2nd Deb.	20/3	...
6/3	Borril Ord.	20/3	...
14/6	Do. Def.	7/6	— ⅜
21/9	British Oil and Cake...	21/3	+ ⅛
17/9	Do. Pref.	17/9	...
4¼	Brunner Mond Ord....	76/3	...
—	Cammell Laird Ord....	5/-	...
—	Canada Flces	5/-	...
—	Coats Ord.	5½	...
11/6	Do. Pref.	11/6	+ ⅛
7/6	Crosse & Blackwell ...	13/3	...
11/9	Eastmans	7/9	+ ⅛
22/6	Graphone ..... "F. Writer	17/9	...
11/9	Harford Stores	44/6	+ 2/6
—	Home & Col. Cs. Pref.	5/-	...
—	Do. 15% Cum Pf £1 8s	47/9	...
—	Do. 15% Cm Or. £1 8s	46/6	...
18/9	John Brown Ord.....	21/9	...
1/3	Kynoch Concessions ...	1/3	...
—	Kynoch Ord.	34/6**	...
—	Do. (Arklow)	6/6	...
—	Lin. & Maine "A" Deb.	80½	...
—	Do. "B" Deb.	53	...
—	Linen Thread Pf.	21/6	...
7/9	Linton Ord.	11/9	...
12/6	Do. Pref.	14/3	...
6/9	Lyons and Co.	14/3	+ /6
19/9	Maypole Dairy Def. ...	27/6	...
—	National Explosives ...	27/6	...
8/3	Pahang Cons. 5/- Sha...	19/9	...
—	Do.	8/-	— /3
12⅞	Perak Def. Partners.	27/6	...
250	P. & O. Steamship Def.	277½	+ 1½
—	Do. Pref. 144	147	+ 2/3
11/9	Schweppe Def.	42/9	...
1/3	Spratt's Patent	30/3	...
—	Tanjong Tar. Land Iron	28/9	+ /3
53/3	Van den Berg Ord....	49/6	...
33/9	Vickers Ltd.	35/9	+ /3

** Price at Birmingham 33/3

TEA SHARES.

Assam (£20)—52½.
E. I. and Ceylon (£1)—46/6, +3d.
Imperial Ord.—25/6.
Jebong—35/6, +3d.
Singie Ord.—16½.

† Ex-dividend.

TRAFFIC RECEIPTS.

Increase for month of January.

Canadian Pacific	$950,000
South Indian	£4,70,676

Last week. Aggregate.

Belfast & Co. Down	2,812	+ 35...	...	23,724	— 371
...ites. & Poulaphouca	6	...	8...	72	— 10
Great Southern	1,870	+ 122...	8...	16,024	+ 781
Cork and Macroom...	410	+ 31...	8...	3,012	+ 99
Cork and Muskerry..	220	...	...	754	...
Dub. & Blessington	104	— 10...	8...	856	— 76
Dublin & Lucan Elec.	109	...	2...	915	— 3
Dublin & S.-Bound...	1,437	+ 67...	8...	40,814	+ 2,563
Dub. United Trams.	2,547	+ 447...	...	46,356	+ 3,082
Grand Canal	809	+ 502...	8...	5,336	+ 3,945
Great Northern ...	2,440	+ 2,196...	8...	178,986	+ 8,440
Great Southern ...	30,943	— 1,550...	8...	244,005	— 10,784
Midland Gt. W. ...	11,151	— 464...	8...	92,115	— 1,984
Sligo, Leit. & N. Cn.	420	— 16...	8...	3,882	— 76

+ Increase. — Decrease.

RUBBER.—THE YOUNG PRODUCERS.—A Second Edition.—An invaluable reference book for all investors, giving full particulars of 97 of the most promising companies, including acreage, dates planted, comparison of outputs, dividends, costs, estimates, and crop figures to the end of January last. 96 pages. Send seven penny stamps to the publishers, Messrs. Redway, Mann, and Co., Ltd., 30 St. James's street, Piccadilly, London, S.W.—(Advt.)

THE MINING MARKET.

(FROM OUR FINANCIAL CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, TUESDAY.

Business in the Mining market was light, and Kaffirs showed a reactionary tendency in the absence of further support on South African account. Diamonds were quiet, and Rhodesians were also inclined to move against holders. There was little doing among Indian and Westralian descriptions. Base metal shares were spottily good in sympathy with the further advance in copper and tin. The former rose 5s. and the latter 35s. per ton.

In the Kaffir market, Rand Mines reacted 1s. to 75s. East Rands fell 6d. to 17s. 3d., but Goldfields Def. at 27s. 6d. was 6d. to the good. Among Gold Shares fairly averaging 5d. predominated. Modderfonteins were unaltered. Meyer and Charltons weakened ⅛ to 5⅞. Charterods, in the Rhodesian section, receded 3d. to 10s. 6d. Tanks, however, at 37s. 6d. were 1s. 3d. to the good. As regards Diamond Shares, Jagersfonteins rose 2s. 6d. to 63s. 9d. There was no other net change. Westralians were uninteresting. Ivanhoes and Lake View Oroyas each receded a few pence, the lower quotation.

Charles H. Moore retire from the board in rotation, and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election. The auditors of the company, Messrs. Craig, Gardner, and Co., also retire, and are eligible for re-election.

Meeting at 92, Grafton street on Wednesday, 8th instant, at 12.30 p.m.

SLIGO, LEITRIM, AND NORTHERN COUNTIES RAILWAY.—The annual general meeting of the above company was held yesterday in the Victoria Hotel, Sligo, Sir Josslyn Gore Booth, Bart (Chairman), presiding. The annual report showed that the gross receipts were £29,688, while the expenditure totalled £19,882 7/5: the total miscellaneous receipts amounted to £187 17/5, making a total net income of £9,895 9/11. After paying the amount due for running power, interest on Loan and Debenture Stocks, and transfer of £5,000 to permanent way and locomotive renewals' account, there remained £2,172 11/5, out of which the directors recommend that a dividend at the rate of 2½ per cent. for the year be paid on C Debenture Stock, and that the balance, £595 10/-, be carried forward. In moving the adoption of the report, the Chairman said there was a reduction of £1,243 in the gross receipts as compared with the previous year, chiefly at the different sources of traffic showed decreases, the largest losses occurring under the heads of passengers and merchandise, the amounts being £602 and £624 respectively. Whilst they had suffered from the general restriction of traffic due to the war, they had, unlike some other companies, received no corresponding advantage from large movements of troops and stores, and under the circumstances he thought it was a matter for congratulation that the receipts did not show a larger falling off. Lieutenant-Colonel Campbell seconded the adoption of the report, which was passed. On the motion of Mr. Cooper, seconded by Mr. H. J. Wynne, Lieutenant-Colonel Campbell, who retired by rotation, was re-elected a director of the company.

"FREEMAN'S JOURNAL," LTD.—The following is the report of the directors for the year 1915:—"The surplus of income over working expenditure was £8,081 5/11. The balance to credit from 1914 was £1,221 14/1, making £9,303 2/-. After payment of Debenture interest, £1,440, the sum remaining available is £4,875 2/-. The directors recommend that £500 be added to the bad debts fund, already standing at £5,617, bringing the total to £6,117, a figure considered by the auditors fully adequate to meet all requirements under this head; that £500 be written off plant and machinery for depreciation; that £100 be allocated to reserve to provide for depreciation of motor delivery vans; and that a further special fund of £2,400 be allocated to meet extensions and equalise possible loss caused by the war during the current year. For some years there appeared on the assets side of the balance sheet of the company an item of £9,678 2/6, representing law charges incurred in the past. Of this sum £2,000 was written off last year, and the directors now recommend that the item be finally discussed of by writing off the remainder, £678 2/6. The directors recommend that the balance of £694 19/6 be carried forward to the next account. Having regard to the abnormal circumstances of the times, the directors consider that the results of the year's working are eminently satisfactory. If it not been for the war, which has seriously affected all newspaper properties, the directors, in view of the successful conduct of the company's papers, and the profits earned for the past three years, had every reason to expect that they could recommend to the shareholders a scheme of re-arrangement which would enable the company to resume payment of dividends. The uncertainties of the situation, however, and the difficulties in which all newspapers have been placed, have decided them to temporarily postpone their plans in this regard. The allocations recommended in this report are designed to enable the company to deal with the exceptional circumstances now prevailing, and to safeguard its future. The directors much regret to have to record the death of their colleague, Mr. John Purcell, J.P., who devoted to the service of the company unremitting attention and great business ability. The director retiring by rotation is Mr. W. H. Brayden, who offers himself for re-election. Messrs. Crowley and Co., chartered accountants, the auditors of the company, offer themselves for re-election.

BARAORA SYLHET TEA.—5 per cent.

EASTMANS.—4 per cent.

CASTLEFIELD ESTATE AND RUBBER ESTATE, LIMITED.—Interim of 15 per cent.

BANCA COMMERCIALE ITALIANA.—30 lire per share for 1915, named.

SCOTTISH NORTHERN INVESTMENT.—8 per cent. per annum on Ord.

BRITISH L. M. ERICSSON MANUFACTURING.—8 per cent. on Ord.

PLANTERS' STORES AND AGENCY.—At rate of 20 per cent. for year.

SOUTH LONDON ELECTRIC SUPPLY.—5 per cent. on Ord. Stock.

ELECTRICAL DISTRIBUTION OF YORKSHIRE.—6 per cent. per annum on Ord.

WALKERS, PARKER, AND CO.—4 per cent. special bonus, making 10 per cent. for the year.

SILVER PLATE TRUST LOAN AND AGENCY. —On A Shares 11 per cent., and B Shares 4 per cent.

COUNTY OF LONDON ELECTRIC SUPPLY.—Final on Pref. at rate of 6 per cent. per annum, and on Ord. at rate of 9 per cent. per annum.

C

AUCTIONS.

JAMES J. SCANNELL'S AUCTIONS.

TO-DAY (WEDNESDAY), MARCH 1ST, AT 4 BACHELOR'S WALK,
SALE OF SUPERIOR HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,
INCLUDING—
DRAWINGROOM, DININGROOM, BEDROOM, and HALL FURNITURE; TWO CABINETS, GRAMOPHONE, UPRIGHT and SQUARE PIANOS, by CHAPELL, COLLARD and COLLARD, OBERMAN, and PLUM &c.; CHINA, CUT GLASS, OLD SHEFFIELD PLATED TEA URN, KITCHEN FURNITURE and UTENSILS.
TEL. 2725.

SALE THIS DAY, IN CONTINUATION,
AT 10 LOWER ORMOND QUAY,
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, SAFE, CORKING MACHINES, COPPER MULLER, GENT'S THREE-SPEED BIKE, &c.,
(As already fully advertised).
SALE TO COMMENCE AT 12 O'CLOCK.

ANDREW J. KEOGH, AUCTIONEER, 10 LR. ORMOND QUAY.

JEWELLERY, DIAMONDS, ETC.
THIS (WEDNESDAY), EVENING, at 7.30 sharp, in the DIVISIONAL OFFICE, MERCHANT'S QUAY,
By Instructions from the Divisional Commissioner.
KELLY'S
GREAT ANNUAL MONEY OFFICE,
48 FLEET STREET,
Opposite Tram Terminus.
Commencing WATCHES, DIAMONDS, JEWELLERY, SILVER PLATE, PLATED WARE, Etc.
Sale at 7.30 o'clock.

THOMAS GARLAND,
Auctioneer and Valuer, 8 MERCHANTS' QUAY.

350 STORE CATTLE,
AT 50 PRUSSIA STREET, DUBLIN,
TO-MORROW (THURSDAY),
GAVIN LOW, LTD.

BALLYLAFFIN, DUNLAVIN.
IMPORTANT SALE OF PRIME FARM, WITH RESIDENCE AND OUTOFFICES THEREON.
EDWARD J. LAWLOR has been favoured with instructions from Mr. M. O'Toole, to SELL by AUCTION, at the LAVIN AUCTION ROOMS, on FRIDAY, MARCH 3rd, 1916, at 12 o'clock precisely, all his Right, Title, and Interest in and to that highly desirable holding of that PART of the LANDS of BALLYLAFFIN, containing 147 Acres, 2 Roods 3 Perches, or thereabouts, Statute, in the Barony of Talbotstown Upper and County of Wicklow. The Lands are situate on the Line of the Irish Land Commission, and are subject to an Annuity to the Irish Land Commission of £72 18s. 0d. for the year 1909.
DESCRIPTIVE PARTICULARS.
There is a well-built, commodious, two-storey slated dwelling-house, containing drawing-room, dining-room, kitchen, 3 large bedrooms, and servants' room. The out-offices are all slated and built of stone, and comprise a very superior dairy, stabling for 2 horses, with loose box, byre, piggeries, cart-house, and loft over; barn, 3 calf-boxes, stalls to hold 20 head of cattle, and a mill-shed 2 minutes' walk from the house, and about 1,000 yards from the premises. The land is in good condition for tillage, and well-known for its fattening qualities. It is well-watered and well-sheltered, and is in a high state of cultivation. Statute Labour in the Lands of Ballylaffin and Ballinlaw, 10 miles from Athy and 27 from Dublin.
For further particulars and conditions of sale, apply to the Auctioneer, Lavin, Bagenalstown, Co. Carlow; or to the Solicitor, Mr. E. C. GAISFORD ST. LAWRENCE, High Sheriff Co. Dublin.
Messrs. BROWN & McCANN, Nass, Solicitors for Vendor, having carriage of sale.

EDWARD J. LAWLOR,
AUCTIONEER AND VALUER,
DUNLAVIN.

CONTINUED FROM PAGE 2.

TIMBER.

TIMBER FOR SALE
(CO. WATERFORD).
ABOUT 1,000 TO 1,500 TREES FOR SALE:
Elm, Oak, Scotch and Silver Fir, Deal, Larch, Poplar, etc.
Can be seen any day by applying to—
"Z 1116, TIMBER." This Office. 12 21

GARDEN, FARM, BEES, ETC.

ALL owners of Gardens, to secure best results should send for 1916 Catalogue of Vegetable and Flower Seeds, awarded 97 First Prizes in 1915. Sent free.—W. Drummond and Sons, Seedsmen to the Queen.

PROLIFIC Apples and Pears, 4 year 3/6 each; dozen; gooseberries, red Currants, 2 year, 1/6 each; dozen; quality unassailable.—Pounds, 2, Donnybrook.

ALL strong, hardy from open; we pay postage 1/6 each; 12 varieties, 1/6 each; 12 varieties, 1/6 each; 12 varieties,